KIDS COUNT in Missouri 2012 Data Book

the State of Our State's Children



KIDS COUNT in Missouri



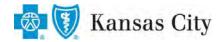
Welcome to the *KIDS COUNT in Missouri 2012 Data Book.* The *Data Book* is a collaborative project of Partnership for Children, Children's Trust Fund, the Office of Social and Economic Data Analysis at the University of Missouri, and more than 20 public and private organizations across the state.

The mission of *KIDS COUNT in Missouri Data Book* is to improve the well-being of Missouri's children and families. The *KIDS COUNT in Missouri Data Book* and website, http://oseda.missouri.edu/kidscount/, are easily accessible tools to assist local and state public policymakers and child advocates in identifying both needs and solutions. *KIDS COUNT in Missouri* data are used to brief legislators, inform policy, and are integral to informing child advocates.

The annual *KIDS COUNT in Missouri Data Book* documents the status of children in Missouri's 114 counties and the City of St. Louis. First produced in 1993, the *KIDS COUNT in Missouri Data Book* remains an invaluable repository of comprehensive, longitudinal information on the status of children.









Partners

Thanks to the Annie E. Casey Foundation for their continued support of the *KIDS COUNT in Missouri* initiative. Primary funding for the *KIDS COUNT in Missouri 2012 Data Book* comes from the Children's Trust Fund.





Missouri's Foundation For Child Abuse Prevention



The Annie E. Casey Foundation

Sponsors

Partnership for Children is a nonprofit, nonpartisan, multi-issue child advocacy organization committed to improving the lives of children and youth. PFC works with partners throughout Missouri to make long-term systemic change by advocating for public policies and practices that help all young people realize their full potential.

The Children's Trust Fund (CTF) is a nonprofit organization dedicated to the prevention of child abuse and neglect through grant distribution, education, and awareness. CTF was created by the Missouri General Assembly in 1983 and is governed by a 21-member Board of Directors appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Missouri Senate. For more information, visit www.ctf4kids.org.

Established in 1980, the University of Missouri Office of Social and Economic Data Analysis conducts public policy support research for communities, agencies and other partners in Missouri. OSEDA strives to transform data into useful information. We believe the construction of meaningful information is an inherently collaborative enterprise.

The Annie E. Casey Foundation is the nation's largest philanthropic source for disadvantaged children. The Casey Foundation supports a network of state-level KIDS COUNT projects that shapes a new direction for America's children.

The *KIDS COUNT in Missouri 2012 Data Book* was produced by Partnership for Children and the University of Missouri Office of Social and Economic Data Analysis. Permission to copy, disseminate, or otherwise use information from this report is granted as long as appropriate acknowledgement is given. This report, the full data set, and corresponding interactive data tools are available at www.oseda.missouri.edu/kidscount.



April 2013

Greetings!

Partnership for Children is pleased to present the *KIDS COUNT in Missouri 2012 Data Book*. This report provides an annual look at the well-being of Missouri's children and offers reliable data for planning and action to improve the quality of their lives.

One of the most powerful outcomes of the annual *KIDS COUNT in Missouri* report is the awareness of striking, often troubling, trends that are significantly impacting our children. This year, the increase in children living in poverty continues to be one of those disturbing trends.

Poverty is one of the main obstacles to prosperity for Missouri's youngest citizens. Research tells us that children growing up in poverty often struggle with low educational achievement, health problems, emotional challenges and a range of other issues that decrease their chances of success. Because the consequences of being poor in childhood often carry into adulthood, significant economic costs are associated with this trend. This is a trend our children, and our state, cannot afford.

The annual *KIDS COUNT in Missouri Data Book* is one of the most trusted resources on the status of Missouri's children. This year's report provides important information about our children's economic security as well as their health, education and safety. It is our hope that this data will be used by community leaders, policy makers, advocates and others working to set priorities and develop action plans to reverse negative trends.

There is no doubt the Great Recession could leave an indelible mark on our children. But accurate data and information is key to understanding the realities our kids are facing and to determining the best opportunities to protect them, securing not only their futures but the future of Missouri.

We hope that you find the *KIDS COUNT* data valuable in your work on behalf of Missouri's young people, and we invite you to share the information with other advocates throughout the state. By working together, sharing best practices and making sure all kids, no matter where they live, have the opportunity to reach their full potential, we can ensure a bright future for our youngest citizens and our state.

Sincerely,

harried lownsend

Charron Townsend President



Acknowledgements

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about PARTNERSHIP FOR CHILDREN



Partnership for Children (PFC) was founded in 1991 as a joint initiative of the Greater Kansas City Community Foundation and Heart of America United Way. For the past 21 years, PFC has collaborated with local and state-

wide partners to advocate for public policies and practices in the areas of health, early care and education, K-12 education, and child safety.

PFC's advocacy efforts include researching and analyzing critical issues, collecting data and producing reports, identifying gaps and ensuring they are addressed, and mobilizing public support for specific initiatives and interventions.

PFC also collaborates with local and statewide groups to conduct legislative advocacy on behalf of children. Specifically, PFC:

- Works with partners to establish legislative priorities and develop action plans;
- Develops materials to educate legislators and other advocates about priority issues;
- Tracks hearings, votes, and amendments on House and Senate bills that benefit children;
- Testifies before committees, where appropriate, and enlists testimony of others to support priority areas;
- Produces weekly legislative alerts (Child Advocate Insider) to keep legislators and the community abreast of policies and legislation affecting children; and
- Conducts workshops on "Understanding and Impacting the Legislative Process" to develop a more informed and engaged coalition of child advocates.

Because PFC is recognized as one of the state's leading voices for children in Jefferson City, the organization was chosen by The Annie E. Casey Foundation in 2010 to be Missouri's new *KIDS COUNT* grantee. In this role, PFC uses the *KIDS COUNT* measurements of social, economic, educational, and physical well-being to inform policymakers and the public about the needs of Missouri's children and to spur action.

PFC is a nonpartisan, nonprofit, multi-issue child advocacy organization and is a proud member of Voices for America's Children.

The #1 Question

In 1997, PFC introduced the #1 Question in an attempt to get every individual, organization, and lawmaker to use the question — "**Is it good for the children?**" — as a litmus test for all decisions.



Whether it's a parent making plans for a Saturday night, a business considering whether to provide child care for employees, or a legislator deciding what funding to cut, almost every decision we make in our lives affects children in some way.

The #1 Question reminds us to *always* consider how the decisions we make will affect our children and youth. Our goal is to see the needs of young people at the top of Missouri's list of priorities.

Granted, the notion of *every* citizen using the #1 Question in all decisionmaking is ambitious. But just imagine what life would be like for our children and youth if their needs were considered before all others. By building a state where our children come first in all personal, business, and public policy decisions, we have a great opportunity to ensure all our young people grow up healthy, safe, and well-prepared to succeed in life.

All this can be accomplished by asking one simple question — "Is it good for the children?"

The #1 Question Campaign is a registered trademark of Partnership for Children. It cannot be used without consent of PFC.

The Child Action Network

Sign up for the Partnership for Children listserv to keep informed about what's happening at the State Capitol, upcoming events and easy ways to get involved in child advocacy in Missouri. Visit our website at pfc.org to sign up for periodic e-updates and e-newsletters.

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Executive Summary

The *KIDS COUNT in Missouri 2012 Data Book* provides information on measures of child well-being for the state, its 114 counties, and St. Louis City. By highlighting data trends across time and geographic areas, this book gives local and state policymakers, as well as other child advocates, the crucial information they need to make informed decisions regarding how best to support the well-being of children across the state.

To track changes over time, *KIDS COUNT in Missouri* provides the most currently available data (2011) as well as data from 2007 (the base year). (Please note that the exact years for which data are provided differ slightly between indicators and outcomes based on the nature of the data.) Between the base and current years, three *KIDS COUNT in Missouri* outcome measures worsened, five improved, and two remained unchanged. Measures that improved were infant mortality, child deaths, teen violent deaths, births to mothers without a high school diploma, and births to teens. The three measures that worsened were the number of students enrolled in free/reduced lunch, child abuse and neglect, and out-of-home placements, which increased 14%, 4%, and 16%, respectively, between the base and current years. Two outcomes, the percent of low birthweight infants and high school dropouts, remained the same.

It is essential to keep in mind the larger national context and how it has potentially affected the outcomes tracked in *KIDS COUNT in Missouri*. Between 2007 and 2011, Missouri, like the rest of the United States, experienced an economic downturn on a scale unprecedented since the Great Depression of the 1930s. Although the national and state economies are slowly recovering, the "Great Recession" resulted in greater numbers of children and families facing deep economic insecurity, as evidenced by increases in measures of poverty. Although the long-term effects of the "Great Recession" are not completely clear, we do know that more families and children are in poverty than before it occurred—and that poverty has a negative impact on children's potential for success in school and later in life.

Because the *KIDS COUNT* project, both in Missouri and nationwide, strives to provide both the most current and most local data available to describe the status of children, some indicators are based on administrative data collected through state agencies in delivery of existing services and programs. In the

past few years, state budgets, and subsequently the programs they fund, have diminished. It is incumbent upon users of the *KIDS COUNT in Missouri Data Book* to distinguish between changes in rates or numbers of this year's *KIDS COUNT* data that indicate an authentic improvement in the quality of children's lives versus changes that reflects scaled-back services and resources.

MEASURES OF ECONOMIC WELL-BEING

Students enrolled in free or reduced-price lunch program, a proxy measure of child poverty, increased throughout the last decade. In 2000, more than one-third of Missouri's students lived in families whose incomes were low enough to qualify for this program, and by 2011 the proportion of children rose to nearly half (47.7%). Children living in or close to poverty are at higher risk than other children for health, educational, and social problems.

In 2011, 15.9% of Missouri births were to a *mother without a high school diploma*. During the decade between 2001 and 2011, this rate trended downwards from nearly 20% in the early years of the decade to the current rate. Children who are born to undereducated parents face the highest odds of living in chronic poverty.

While the number of *children receiving cash assistance* decreased from 6.4% in 2000 to 4.7% in 2007, a substantial portion of this decrease was an intended effect of a policy shift in the cash assistance program for families with children that limits lifetime benefits to 60 months. Despite the severe recession, the rate stood at 4.9% for 2011. This modest increase from pre-recession levels suggests that families in poverty replaced cash assistance benefits with low-paying employment and a constellation of non-cash support programs. *Food stamp utilization* rose sharply over the past decade, from serving 22% of Missouri's children in 2000, to 31% of children in 2007, and 38% in 2011.

Consistent with administrative record indicators such as the Food Stamp program and Free/Reduced School Lunch program, the U.S. Census Bureau's American Community Survey estimates that the percent of Missouri *children living in poverty* increased from 15% in 2000 to 21.3% in 2010, more than 1 in 5 children statewide. From 2007 to 2011 *adult unemployment* increased 69%,

from 5.1% to 8.6%. More than one in four (25.5%) Missouri *children under 6* were living in poverty in 2010.

MEASURES OF HEALTH

The percent of *low birthweight infants* has remained stable at 8.1 for almost the past decade. For the 5-year period (2007-2011) reported in *KIDS COUNT*, on average about 6,300 infants were born per year weighing less than five pounds.

In contrast, the *infant mortality* rate declined steadily over the last 10 years. This is due to a combination of improved medical technology and public health outreach efforts. Despite these improvements, during the years 2007 through 2011, over 2,700 Missouri babies died before their first birthday.

The number of *children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids* increased between 2007 and 2011 from 33.0% to 37.5%, a 14% jump, which reflects the more turbulent economic conditions facing Missouri families today.

MEASURES OF CHILD PROTECTION AND SAFETY

The *child death* rate has improved steadily over the past decade. Despite these positive gains, on average, approximately 216 children between the ages of 1 and 14 died in Missouri between 2007 and 2011. *Violent deaths of teens* decreased between the periods 2002-2006 and 2007-2011 from a 5-year total of 1,355 to 1,257, respectively. Accidents, including automobile accidents, were responsible for 51% of deaths of teenagers between 15 and 19 years old.

The *child abuse and neglect* indicator measures the number of child abuse victims documented in reports that cited a "preponderance of evidence," that child abuse or neglect occurred. This indicator also measures the number of child abuse victims as defined by the outcome of Department of Social Services family assessments. The indicator is expressed as a rate per 1,000 children. In 2011, 47,540 cases of child abuse and neglect were reported in

Missouri, or 33.7 cases per 1,000. The number and rate for 2011 were slightly higher than the data for 2007 (46,453 cases, 32.5 per 1,000).

Out-of-home placement entries are used in *KIDS COUNT* to measure the status of children who are confirmed victims of neglect, and who are living in environments posing immediate risk or environments not responding immediately to intervention to prevent further physical or emotional threat or injury to children. This indicator is expressed as a rate per 1,000 children. The rate of *out-of-home placement* entries increased from 3.7 in 2007 to 4.3 in 2011.

MEASURES OF EDUCATION

The *high school dropout* rate has remained fairly constant and low. For 2007, the rate was 3.5%; the identical rate was found for 2011. Although this percentage may seem low, nearly 10,000 students dropped out of public high schools in the 2010-2011 school year, increasing their risks of economic insecurity and other negative outcomes.

Missouri's *teen birth* rate declined 22% between 2007 and 2011, to 34.4 births per 1,000 teens—the lowest rate since 2000. In 2000, about 9,800 Missouri teens, ages 15-19, gave birth. In 2011, approximately 7,000 teens gave birth. Although the number of teens giving birth annually has fallen, thousands of teen mothers and their children remain at risk for poverty, unemployment/ underemployment, and health problems.

MISSOURI STATE PROFILE

Capital - Jefferson City

	Outcome Measures	Nu Base Year	mber Current Year	Ra Base Year	te Current Year	Trend		
	Economic Well-being							
Missouri Trends	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	364,980	414,360	41.7%	47.7%	×		
¥ = Worse	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma	14,942	12,067	18.2%	15.9%	~		
✓= Better	2007/2011	14,342	12,007	10.270	10.070	V		
	Health							
○ = No Change	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	31,638	31,747	8.1%	8.1%	О		
	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	3,013	2,738	7.7	6.9	~		
NOTE: Free and reduced lunch and high school	Child Protection and Safety							
dropout data may not match data displayed on the website of the Missouri Department of Elementary	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	1,246	1,080	21.9	18.4	~		
and Secondary Educa- tion (DESE). While DESE posts data as it appears in the database on a given	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	46,453	47,540	32.5	33.7	×		
date, data published in KIDS COUNT in Missouri Data Book may reflect	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	5,362	6,137	3.7	4.3	×		
subsequent revisions by school districts.	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	1,355	1,257	65.4	59.1	\checkmark		
	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	10,003	9,610	3.5%	3.5%	О		
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	9,232	6,937	44.0	34.4	V		

DEMOGRAPHIC

Child population	2007 2011	1,431,346 1,412,121				
Children as percent of total population	2007 2011	24.3 23.5				
Minority children	2007 2011	22.9% 23.9%				
Children with limited English proficiency	2007 2011	18,971 21,539				
ECONOMIC						
Children in poverty	2000 2010	15.3% 21.3%				
Children under 6 in poverty	2000 2010	17.7% 25.5%				
Children in single parent families	2000 2010	24.3% 33.3%				
Average annual wage/salary	2007 2010	\$36,606 \$41,749				
Adult unemployment	2007 2011	5.1% 8.6%				
FAMILY SUPPORTS						
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	2007 2011	154.7 167.5				
Licensed child care capacity (per1,000)	2007 2012	99.2 108.2				
Accredited child care facilities	2007 2012	527 566				
Children receiving cash assistance	2007 2011	4.7% 4.9%				
Children receiving food stamps	2007 2011	30.9% 37.9%				
HEALTH/MENTAL HEALTH						
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	2007 2011	33.0% 37.5%				

Treatminet for Mus	2011	07.070
Children receiving public SED mental health services	2007 2011	17,127 26,755
Juvenile law violation referrals, ages 10-17 (per 1,000)	2007 2011	54.6 44.3

MISSOURI PROFILE: minority

According to Census 2010 data, there are more than 1.4 million children living in Missouri. One in five of these children are of an ethnic/racial minority, including African American, Asian, Native American, and children of one or more race/ethnicities. Although still a relatively small part of the overall child population, Hispanic children now make up 3%, a proportion almost double what it was in 1990.

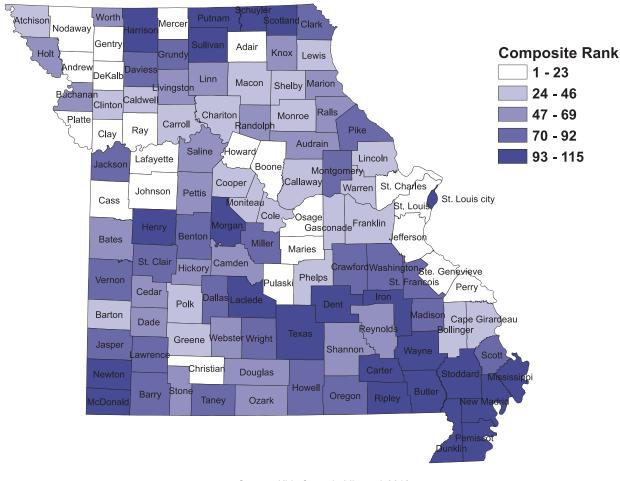
		Nonminority			Minority			
	Years	Base	Current	Trend	Base	Current	Trend	
Births to mothers without high school diploma	2007/2011	17.2%	13.9%	\checkmark	22.4%	22.7%	Х	
Low birthweight infants	2002-2006 and 2007/2011	7.1%	7.0%	\checkmark	12.6%	12.2%	\checkmark	
Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births)	2002-2006 and 2007/2011	6.5	5.7	\checkmark	13.2	11.7	\checkmark	
Child deaths, ages 1-14 (per 100,000)	2002-2006 and 2007/2011	22.1	18.0	\checkmark	26.9	20.7	\checkmark	
Child abuse and neglect (per 1,000)	2007/2011	31.7	34.5	Х	34.3	31.1	\checkmark	
Out-of-home placements (per 1,000)	2007/2011	3.5	4.0	Х	4.7	4.6	\checkmark	
Violent teen deaths, ages 15-19 (per 100,000)	2002-2006 and 2007/2011	63.3	58.5	\checkmark	73.5	83.2	Х	
Annual high school dropouts	2007/2011	3.2%	2.2%	\checkmark	5.9%	7.5%	Х	
Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000)	2007/2011	39.0	30.5	\checkmark	78.7	46.2	\checkmark	

The table above shows outcomes by minority status for the base and current years. *Minority* refers to individuals who are African American, Asian, American Indian or Alaska Native, Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander, a combination of races, and/or who identify as Hispanic; *nonminority* refers to non-Hispanic White individuals. In general, both groups have experienced more positive trends than negative ones. For minority Missourians, six outcomes improved and three worsened; for nonminority Missourians, seven outcomes improved and two worsened. However, the pattern of outcomes trends was different by minority status. For minorities, violent teen deaths, high school dropouts, and births to mothers without a high school diploma all increased, whereas the opposite trend was found for nonminority individuals. Nonminority children experienced increases in child abuse and neglect and out-of-home placements, both of which decreased for minority children.

Despite the mostly positive trends for both groups, minority teens are far more likely to give birth and to have low birthweight infants compared to their nonminority peers. Nonminority mothers are more likely to have at least a high school diploma, compared to minority mothers.

COUNTY RANKS: composite

Kids Count in Missouri, 2012 Composite County Rankings



Source: Kids Count in Missouri, 2012 Map Created By: University of Missouri Extension, Office of Social and Economic Data Analysis (OSEDA)

Johnson 61 Buchanan Christian 62 Knox Clay 63 Cedar Maries 64 Holt Boone 65 Reynolds Howard 66 Worth 67 Ralls Rav Cass 68 Saline Randolph 69 St. Louis Ste. Genevieve 70 St. Francois DeKalb 71 Oregon Gentry 72 Miller Daviess Nodaway 73 . 74 Howell Jefferson Perry 75 Lawrence Andrew 76 Benton 77 Crawford Lafayette Mercer 78 Jasper Pulaski 79 Clark Adair 80 Scott Carroll 81 Taney Monroe 82 St. Cĺair Caldwell 83 Washington Lincoln 84 Vernon Bollinger 85 Madison Clinton 86 Jackson Moniteau 87 Barry Polk 88 Montgomery Macon 89 Wright Barton 90 Grundy Warren 91 Dallas Phelps 92 Pike Atchison 93 Scotland Gasconade 94 Iron Cole 95 Newton Cape Girardeau 96 Putnam 97 McDonald Callaway 98 Lewis Wavne Shelby 99 Laclede Greene 100 Morgan Cooper 101 Dent Franklin 102 Schuyler Chariton 103 New Madrid Texas Marion 104 Bates 105 Henry Livingston 106 Harrison Linn 107 Carter 108 Ripley Shannon Sullivan Audrain 109 Mississippi Ozark 110 Camden 111 Butler Dade 112 Dunklin Stoddard Stone 113 Hickory 114 Pemiscot 115 St. Louis City

Platte

St. Charles

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2 3 Osage

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58 Pettis

Webster

Douglas

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COUNTY RANKS: economic well-being

Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch rate rank (2011)

_	0. 01. 1		
1		41	Chariton
2	Platte	42	Macon Warren Marion
	Clay	43	Warren
4	Osage	44	Marion
5		45	Perry Phelps
6		46	Phelps
7		47	Bates
8	Ray	48	Bates Webster Monroe
9	Boone	49	Monroe
	Nodaway		Daviess
	Christian		Worth
12	Johnson	52	Maries
13	Clinton	53	Jasper
14	St. LOUIS	54	Jackson
15	Ralls	55	Jasper Jackson Carroll
16	Lafayette	56	Vernon
17	Holt	57	Audrain
18	DeKalb	58	Caldwell
19	Pulaski Franklin	59	Clark
		60	Clark Stoddard
	Cole	61	Bollinger
	Moniteau	62	Grundy
23	Lincoln	63	Montgomery
24	Cape Girardeau	64	Barton
25	Callaway	65	Miller
26	Atchison	66	Montgomery Barton Miller Buchanan
27	Gasconade	67	Cedar
28	Linn	68	Polk
29	Ste. Genevieve	69	St. Francois
30	Adair	70	Crawford Camden
31	Greene	71	Camden
32	Shelby	72	Henry
33	Howard	73	Randolph
34	Putnam	74	Scotland
	Livingston	75	Dent
36	Lewis	76	Laclede
37	Mercer	77	Dent Laclede Harrison
38	Gentry	78	St. Clair
	Pike	79	Schuyler
40	Cooper	80	Scott
	T		

81 Lawrence 82 Barry 83 Stone 84 Saline 85 Newton 86 Madison 87 Dade 88 Pettis 89 Texas 90 Howell 91 Taney 92 Butler 93 Benton 94 Knox 95 Washington 96 Morgan97 Dallas 98 Hickory 99 New Madrid 100 Sullivan 101 Iron 102 Oregon 103 McDonald 104 Wayne 105 Carter 106 Ozark 107 Reynolds 108 Wright 109 Dunklin 110 Mississippi 111 Ripley 112 Douglas 113 Pemiscot 114 Shannon 115 St. Louis City

Births to mothers without a high school diploma rate rank (2011)

1	Worth	41	Douglas	81	Stone
2	St. Charles	42	Clark	82	Dade
3	Platte	43			Vernon
-	Howard		DeKalb	84	
	Johnson		Bollinger		Pike
	Nodaway		Iron	86	
7	Atchison	47		87	Pettis
8		48		88	New Madrid
9		49		89	Harrison
	Ralls		Marion	89	Moniteau
	Clay	51		91	
	Boone	52		92	
	Holt	53		93	
14		54		94	
15		55		95	St. Clair
	Clinton		Henry	96	
	Jefferson	57	Putnam	97	
18			Macon	98	Ripley
19	Cass	59	Warren	99	Lawrence
20	Cole	60		100	Barry
21	Cape Girardeau	61	Carroll	101	Mississippi
22		62	Jackson	102	Dent
23	Oregon	63	Wayne	103	Pemiscot
24	Gasconade	64		104	Dunklin
25	Phelps	65	Chariton	105	Grundy
26		65	Wright	106	
27	Ray	67	St. Francois	107	McDonald
28	Greene	68	Lewis	108	Webster
29	Maries	69	Stoddard	109	Mercer
30	Caldwell	70	Taney	110	Dallas
31	Lafayette	71	Newton	111	Sullivan
32	Ozark	72		112	
33	Perry	73	Benton	113	Morgan
	Callaway		Howell		Knox
	Linn		Laclede	115	Scotland
36	Montgomery	76	Scott		
37	Monroe	77	,		
38	Cooper	78	/		
39	Barton	79			
40	Randolph	80	Crawford		

COUNTY RANKS: health

Low birthweight infants rate rank (2007-2011)

	347 (1	4.0		01	
1	Worth	40	Platte	81	Crawford
2	Gentry	40	Ralls	81	
3		40	Randolph	83	
3		44	Daviess	84	1 .
5			Dallas	84	
	Maries		Iron	84	St. Francois
	Reynolds		Benton	84	Shannon
	Webster	47	Henry	88	Howard
	Vernon	47	Jefferson	88	
	Putnam	47	Macon	90	Bates
	Knox		Newton	90	
11	Linn	47		90	Jackson
	Moniteau	47	Schuyler	93	Mercer
11	Morgan	54	Audrain	94	Carroll
11		54	Barry	95	Oregon
16	Clark	54	Cass	96	Shelby
16	Johnson		Franklin	96	Wayne
16	Warren	54	Lafayette	98	Pike
19	Atchison		Montgomery	98	St. Louis
20	Andrew	60	Dade	98	Stoddard
20	Camden	60	Greene	98	Washington
20	Harrison	60	St. Charles	102	Cooper
20	Polk	60	Wright	103	
24	Christian	64	Perry	103	Scott
25	Bollinger	64	Phelps	105	Caldwell
25	Clinton	66	Boone	106	Holt
	Grundy	66	DeKalb	107	Monroe
	Lacledé	66	Pulaski	107	Ripley
25	Livingston	69	Cole	109	
25	Miller		Buchanan	110	
	Barton		Howell	111	
31	Clay	70	Marion	112	
31	Jasper	70	Ray	113	
	Lincoln	70	Stone	114	New Madrid
	Pettis		Lawrence	115	Pemiscot
	Gasconade	75	McDonald	110	1 011110001
	Lewis	75	Taney		
	Madison	75	Texas		
36		79	Adair		
40	Hickory	79	St. Clair		
10	inchory	, ,	ot. Onil		

Infant mortality rank (2007-2011)

1	Gentry	37	St. Charles	81	Benton
1	Knox		Howell	82	Buchanan
1	Maries		Ray	83	Cole
1	Monroe		Bates	83	Dunklin
	Perry		Johnson	83	Iron
	Macon		Lewis		Cooper
6			Livingston	87	Andrew
8		48	Greene	87	Callaway
-	Howard		Webster	87	Laclede
	Washington		Lawrence	90	Butler
11	Cass		McDonald	91	Henry
	Pettis		Mississippi		Harrison
13	Bollinger	52	Sullivan		Vernon
13	Jasper	54	Douglas	94	Chariton
	Polk	54	Moniteau	94	Saline
	St. Clair		Ozark	96	Reynolds
	Ste. Genevieve		Stoddard	97	Clinton
18	Christian	58	Cape Girardeau	98	Oregon
19	Warren	58	Franklin	99	Gasconade
20	Audrain	58	Lafayette	99	Morgan
20	Mercer	58	Lincoln	101	Cedar
20	Platte	58	Pulaski	101	Dent
23	Daviess	58	Taney	103	Pemiscot
24	Shelby	58	Wright	104	Marion
	Phelps	65	Barry	105	Schuyler
26	Nodaway	65	St. Louis	105	Wayne
27	Camden	67	Clark	105	St. Louis City
27	Dade	67	Newton	108	Pike
29	Barton	69	Grundy	109	New Madrid
29	Boone	70	Jackson	110	Texas
29	Crawford	70	Osage	111	Holt
32	Carroll	72	Hickory	112	Ralls
32	DeKalb	72	Miller	113	Carter
34	Adair	72	Scott	114	Putnam
34	Dallas	75	Madison	115	Worth
34	Scotland	75	Ripley		
37	Caldwell	75	St. Francois		
37	Clay		Linn		
37	Jefferson	78	Montgomery		
37	Randolph	78	Shannon		

COUNTY RANKS: child protection and safety

Child deaths, ages 1-14, rate rank (2007-2011)

1	Bollinger	41	Ste. Genevieve	81	Dunklin
1	Holt		Cole	82	
1	Howard		Nodaway	83	
1	Linn		Wayne	84	
1	Putnam	44	Andrew	85	
1	Ralls		Johnson		Howell
1	Stoddard	40	Clinton		Polk
1	Worth		Jackson	88	
-	Washington		Webster	88	
10	Platte		Callaway	90	
11			Crawford	91	
12	Cooper Benton		Adair	92	Sullivan
			Iron	92 93	
14	Osage Lafavotto		Lewis	93 94	
14			Randolph	94 95	
	Saline	55	St. Francois	95 96	
	Henry	55	Atchison	90 97	
	Pulaski		Buchanan	97 98	
			Marion	90 99	
20	Perry		DeKalb	99 99	
	Morgan Jefferson		Harrison	101	
21	St. Charles	60	Laclede	101	Douglas
	Monroe		Livingston	102	Douglas Dallas
	Pike	64	McDonald	103	Caldwell
	Christian		Maries		Texas
	Clay		Phelps	105	
	Cass	67	Vernon	100	
	Chariton	68	Cape Girardeau	107	
	Dade	60	Camden	108	
	Lawrence		Knox	110	
31			St. Louis City	111	
	Newton	70	Franklin	112	
	Taney		Butler		Gentry
34	Mississippi		Pettis	114	
35	Shelby		Lincoln	115	Clark
36			Madison	115	Ciurix
37	Ray		St. Clair		
38			Macon		
38	Greene	79	Mercer		
40	Montgomery		Jasper		
10	inonegoiner y	00	Jusper		

Child abuse and neglect rate rank (2011)

1	Platte	41	Moniteau	81	Pownolds
2	Scotland	41		82	Reynolds Gasconade
3			Ray	82 83	
0	St. Charles	43	Jackson		
4	St. Louis	44		84	
	Mercer		Webster	85 86	
7	Knox	40 47	Gentry		
8	Clay	47 48		87 88	
8 9	Osage DeKalb	48 49	Jasper	88 89	
-		49 50			Morgan Polk
10	Maries		Audrain	90	
11	Daviess	51		91	
	Carroll	52			Greene
	Cass		Worth	93	
14	Andrew	54		94	
15	. /	55	Pettis	95	Ripley
16	Johnson	56	Livingston	96	
17	Chariton	57	Cape Girardeau	97	
	Cole	58	Phelps		Harrison
	Boone	59		99	
	Christian	60	Shannon	100	Bollinger
21	Nodaway	61	Douglas	101	Vernon
22	Bates	62	Carter	102	Hickory
	Caldwell	63	Lawrence	103	Randolph
	Lincoln	64	Mississippi		Dallas
	Clark	65	Iron		Callaway
	Macon	66		106	
27		67	Monroe		Putnam
	Jefferson	68	Washington	108	Wright
29		69	New Madrid	109	
	Lafayette		Pike		Butler
	Newton	71			Linn
	Ozark	72			Cedar
33	Franklin	73	Buchanan	113	
	Clinton	74	Howell	114	1
	Cooper	75	Dent	115	Pemiscot
	McDonald		Dade		
	Ralls	77			
	Perry		Warren		
39	Crawford	79	Adair		
40	Lewis	80	Camden		

COUNTY RANKS: child protection and safety

Out -of-home placement rate rank (2011)

1	Andrew	41	Camden	81	Harrison
1	Carroll		Dent	82	
1	Carter		Morgan	83	
1	Mercer	44	Lafayette	84	
1	Shannon		Callaway	85	
-	Maries		Texas	86	
7			Polk	87	
	Platte		Lincoln	88	
	Clay		Perry	89	Stone
	Audrain	50	Bates	90	
	Hickory		Monroe		Miller
	Webster		Livingston		Laclede
	Dallas	52	Lawrence	93	
	Moniteau		Franklin	93 94	
14			Howard	94 95	
			Cole	95 96	Schuyler Pike
	Johnson			90 97	Adair
	Howell	57	Chariton	97 98	
	St. Charles	58	Phelps Cass		
20	Osage		Ozark	100	Randolph
20				100	Wright [®] Worth
	Gentry Benton	61	Douglas Cono Cirordoou	101	
		62	Cape Girardeau Butler		Putnam
	Daviess				Pemiscot
	Clinton		Barry		
25			Lewis	105	
26			Jefferson	106	
27	Ray		Bollinger	107	
	Marion		Pettis	108	
	DeKalb	69	Mississippi		Dunklin
	Christian	70	Warren		Nodaway
	Vernon		Scott		Newton
	Dade		Saline	112	
	Knox		Iron	113	
	Caldwell		Sullivan		Atchison
35	Cooper		Scotland	115	Stoddard
	Gasconade	76	Jackson		
37			Barton		
	Boone	78	Reynolds		
39		/9	Washington		
40	St. Francois	80	Ripley		

Violent deaths, ages 15-19, rate rank (2007-2011)

1	Atchison	41	Wayne	81	Iron
1	Gentry	42		82	Vernon
1	Knox		Pike	83	Franklin
1	Mississippi		Cass	84	Bates
1	Schuyler		Scott	85	Henry
1	Scotland		Phelps	86	Butler
1	Worth		Platte	87	Carroll
8	Adair	48	Cooper	88	Warren
9	Nodaway	49	Jasper	89	Ralls
10	Cedar	50	Audrain	90	Ray
11	Lewis	51	DeKalb	91	Washington
12	Grundy	52	Texas	92	Benton
13		53	Randolph	93	Moniteau
14	Johnson		Caldwell	94	Lawrence
15	Taney	55	Gasconade	95	Dent
16	St. Charles		New Madrid	96	Oregon
17	Cape Girardeau	57	Perry	97	Shannon
17	Wright		Christian	98	Daviess
19	Lincoln	59	Saline	99	Howell
20	Maries	60	Livingston	100	Morgan
21		61		101	Polk
22	Boone	62		102	Ozark
23	Miller	63	Andrew	103	Douglas
24	Clay		Putnam	104	Madison
24		65	Dallas	105	Macon
26	Greene	66	Clinton	106	St. Louis City
27		67		107	Crawford
	Pettis	68		108	Montgomery
	Chariton	69	Barry	109	Monroe
	Pulaski		Camden	110	St. Clair
31			Dade	111	Sullivan
32		71		112	Shelby
33		73		113	Harrison
33		74		114	Mercer
35			St. Francois	115	Holt
	Linn		Dunklin		
37			Jackson		
37	Webster		Ripley		
39	Barton	79			
40	McDonald	80	Newton		

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COUNTY RANKS: education

Annual high school dropout rank (2011)

1	Mercer	38	Moniteau	81	Lawrence
1	Shannon	38	Platte	81	Perry
1	Worth	38	St. Francois	83	Scotland
4	Morgan	44	Barton	84	
	Carroll	44	Chariton	84	
	Douglas		Polk	84	
5	Oregon		Ste. Genevieve	84	Clinton
8		44	Shelby	88	Dent
9		49	Buchanan	88	Howell
9	Wright	49		88	
11	Scott	49	St. Charles	91	
11	Warren	52	Caldwell	91	Dallas
13	Christian		Cedar	91	Henry
13	Daviess	52	Dade	91	Livingston
13	DeKalb	52	Knox	95	Cole
13	Gentry	52	Linn	96	
	Hickory	52	Nodaway	96	
13	Lafayette	58	Barry	98	Harrison
13	Osage	58	Benton	98	Jasper
20	Bollinger	58	Cooper	98	
	Holt		Pulaski	98	St. Clair
20	Macon	62	Bates	98	Washington
20	Madison	62	Cass	103	Phelps
24	Grundy	62	Gasconade	104	Camden
24	Ozark	62	Laclede	105	Pike
24	Ray	62	Webster	106	Audrain
27	Pettis	67	Dunklin	106	Iron
28	McDonald	67	Jefferson	108	Sullivan
28	Putnam	67	Monroe	109	Pemiscot
	Saline	70	Andrew	110	Crawford
	Atchison	70	Greene	111	Ralls
	Carter	70	Lincoln	112	Vernon
	Texas	70	Maries	113	Jackson
	Wayne	70	Mississippi	114	Butler
	Johnson		Stoddard	115	St. Louis City
	Lewis	76	0 1		
	New Madrid	76	Newton		
	Adair	76	St. Louis		
38		76	Stone		
38	Marion	76	Taney		

Birth to teens, ages 15-19, rate rank (2011)

1	Osage	41	Worth	81	Schuyler
2	Nodaway		Clark	82	Dallas
3	Adair		Lewis	83	Wayne
4			Shannon	84	Madison
5	Boone		Marion	85	Morgan
	Platte		Knox	86	Wright
7			Putnam	87	Washington
8			Lafayette	88	Jasper
9		49	Webster	89	Barry
	Barton		Macon	90	Randolph
	Howard		Stone	91	New Madrid
	Pulaski		Cedar	92	
	St. Louis		Warren	93	Iron
	Atchison		Cooper	94	Buchanan
15			Audrain	95	Montgomery
16	Callaway		Camden	96	St. Louis City
17	Perry	57	St. Clair	97	
18	Chariton	58	Pike	98	Daviess
19	Caldwell	59	Miller	99	Henry
20	Maries	60	Carroll	100	St. Francois
21	Christian	61	Linn	101	Benton
22	Clay	62	Franklin	102	Oregon
23	Phélps	63	Dade	103	Dent
24	Ray	63	Holt	104	Carter
25	Cass	65	Ralls	105	Howell
26	DeKalb	66	Douglas	106	Scott
27	Gasconade	67	Crawford	107	Sullivan
28	Lincoln	68	Hickory	108	Texas
29	Cole		McDonald	109	Butler
	Polk	70	Jackson	110	Laclede
31	Jefferson	71	Saline	111	Ripley
32			Andrew	112	Harrison
33	. 0.	73	Vernon	113	Dunklin
34		74	Livingston	114	Pemiscot
35			Pettis	115	Mississippi
	Reynolds		Monroe		
	Scotland		Lawrence		
38			Taney		
39		79			
40	Clinton	80	Newton		





PERSPECTIVE: *economic well-being*

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PERSPECTIVE: economic well-being

A family's economic well-being has a great impact on a child's ability to develop into a healthy, productive adult. KIDS COUNT in Missouri tracks many indicators related to economic conditions for Missouri's children and families, including parental education and employment, enrollment in federal assistance programs, and child poverty, in order to provide a full picture of how our children are faring. Because no single outcome or indicator represents how well children and families are faring economically, all of the indicators included in this section should be examined closely.

The child poverty rate is one of the most scrutinized indicators of child and family well-being. National child poverty levels fell by 30% between 1994 and 2000, the largest decrease since the 1960s.¹ During most of the first decade of the 21st century, however, state and national poverty rate improvements stalled. The significant economic downturn that began in 2007 adversely affected economic conditions at both state and national levels. The national child poverty rate increased from 19% to 22% between 2005 and 2010, which translated to 2 million additional children living in poverty.² In Missouri, the child poverty rate

increased from 19% to 21% percent between 2005 and 2010.

KIDS COUNT tracks two outcomes directly related to children's economic security:

- •Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch
- •Births to mothers without high school diplomas

In addition, seven other economic well-being indicators are reported:*

- •Children in poverty
- •Children under 6 in poverty
- •Children in single-parent families
- •Average annual wage/salary
- Adult unemployment
- •Children receiving cash assistance
- •Children receiving food stamps (SNAP)

For the most part, the economic outlook for the children and families in Missouri has been declining. Since 2007, the percentage of students enrolled in the free/reducedprice lunch program increased by 14%; in 2011; nearly half of Missouri's children qualified for the program. The percentage of children receiving SNAP (Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program, formerly known as food stamps) increased 23% over the same time period. Since 2000, the percentage of children in poverty increased 39%, the percentage of children under 6 in poverty has burgeoned by 44%, and the percentage of children in single-parent families has gone up over 37%. Not all trends related to economic security are in decline, however; since 2007 progress has been made on the percentage of births to mothers without a high school diploma (a decrease of 18%).

*In past data books, another indicator, *parents paying child support in the state system*, has been included in this section. Due to changes in how out-of-state orders are processed, and other data system changes that have affected countylevel data for this indicator, it will be closely scrutinized and may appear again in next year's data book.

Students Enrolled in Free/Reduced Lunch

Definition

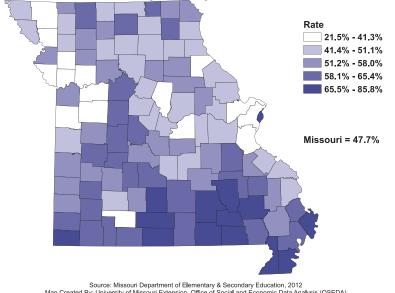
KIDS COUNT tracks the percent of children enrolled in the free or reduced-price lunch program in Missouri public schools.

Significance

Participation in the free/reducedprice lunch program is a widely used proxy for measuring the extent of child poverty. Economic hardship can have profound negative effects on children's health and development. Children from families with low incomes have a greater risk for delays in cognitive development and learning problems.

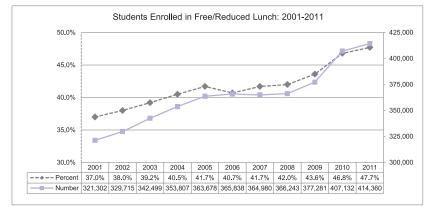
State Findings

For the 2010-11 school year, nearly half of Missouri public school students (47.7%) were enrolled in the free/reduced-price lunch program. This percentage has been trending steadily upward over time. In 2000-01, 36.6% of children were enrolled in the program; in 2006-07, 41.7% were enrolled.



Percent Students Enrolled in Free/Reduced Lunch by County, 2011

Map Created By: University of Missouri Extension, Office of Social and Economic Data Analysis (OSEDA) Map Created By: University of Missouri Extension, Office of Social and Economic Data Analysis (OSEDA) Map Created On: 15 Jan 2013



County Findings

The counties with the highest participation rates in 2010-11, which suggest high levels of child poverty, were primarily found in the southern parts of the state. The counties with the highest rates were St. Louis City, (85.8%), Shannon (79.2%), Pemiscot (71.7%), Douglas (71.0%), Ripley (70.8%), Mississippi (70.3%), and Dunklin (70.2%). The counties with the lowest rate, all at or below 37%, were St. Charles, Platte, Clay, Andrew, Osage, Cass, and Jefferson.

Births to Mothers without High School Diplomas

Definition

KIDS COUNT tracks the number and percentage of all births to mothers who indicated that they have less than 12 years of education on their child's birth certificate.

Significance

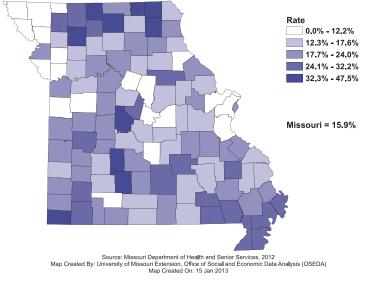
Children born to mothers with fewer than 12 years of education face increased odds of living in chronic and/or severe poverty. Parents with low education levels typically have lower incomes than those with more education. Higher levels of parental education are strongly associated with positive outcomes for children, including better school readiness and academic achievement, lower rates of smoking and drinking, and higher rates of volunteering.³

State Findings

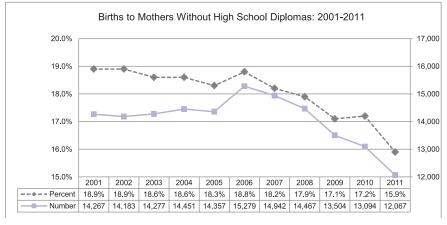
In 2011, 15.9% of births were to women without a high school diploma, which was a decrease from 18.2% of births in 2007. Of the 12,067 live births to women without a high school diploma in 2011, 32.4% were to racial and/or ethnic minority mothers and 67.6% were to nonminority mothers.

County Findings

In 11 counties—Worth, St. Charles, Platte, Howard, Johnson, Nodaway, Pulaski, Atchison, St. Louis, Ralls, and Clay —less than 10% of children were born to mothers without a high school diploma in 2010. In 10 counties, one-third or more of births were to mothers with less than 12 vears of education: Scotland, Knox, Morgan, Daviess, Sullivan, Dallas, Mercer, Webster, McDonald, and Schuyler. In absolute numbers, Jackson County, St. Louis City, and St. Louis County collectively accounted for 34% of Missouri's total births to mothers without a high school diploma.



Percent of Births to Mothers without High School Diplomas by County, 2011



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Children in Poverty

Definition

KIDS COUNT tracks the percentage of children (under age 18) that live in families with income below the federal poverty threshold. The federal poverty threshold depends on the number of adults and children in a family. In 2010, the current year used for this indicator in this data book, the federal poverty threshold for a family of two adults and two children was \$22,113. For 2012, the federal poverty threshold for the same family was \$23,050.

Significance

Nationally, over one in five children (22%) lived in families with incomes below the poverty threshold in 2011.⁴ However, most families need an income of at least double the poverty threshold (i.e., 200%) to meet their basic needs; families below this level are considered low-income. In the U.S., the percentage of children living in low-income families was 45% in 2011.⁵

State Findings

In 2010, 21.3% of Missouri children lived in families with incomes below the federal poverty threshold. This figure has been steadily increasing over time. In 2000, 15.3% of children were in poverty; in 2007 this increased to 18.3%. In Missouri's largest cities, the percentage of children living in poverty is particularly high: 44.1% in Springfield, 41.8% in St. Louis City, and 29.3 % in Kansas City.⁶

County Findings

In 2010, seven counties had at least 40% of children living in poverty: Hickory, Pemiscot, Iron, St. Louis City, Carter, Shannon, and Polk. The counties with the lowest percentage of children living in poverty all below 14%—were St. Charles, Lafayette, Platte, Osage, Clay, Ray, Gasconade, and DeKalb.

Children under 6 in Poverty

Definition

KIDS COUNT tracks the percentage of children under age 6 living in poverty, based on the federal poverty thresholds. The federal poverty threshold depends on the number of adults and children in a family.

Significance

Very young children are more likely to live in poverty than older

children. Thus, the percentage of children under 6 in poverty is higher than that of all children in poverty. Many factors contribute to an increased likelihood of children experiencing poverty at a young age, including the relative youth of parents (which limits earning potential), as well as the need for child care (parents either pay for it or stay at home to take care of young children). Poverty can interfere with children's development at all ages, but its developmental effects are more pervasive and persistent for children who experience economic hardship when very young.

State Findings

In 2010, the proportion of children under 6 living in poverty was 25.5%. This figure has been trending upward, from 17.7% in 2000 to 22% in 2007.

County Findings

In 2010, five counties had more than 50% of children under 6 living in poverty: Pemiscot, Iron, Dunklin, Ozark, and Hickory. Another six counties had more than 45% of children under 6 living in poverty: Shannon, Saline, New Madrid, Dallas, Wright, and Texas. Seven counties had less than 14% of children under six in poverty: Lafayette, St. Charles, Mercer, Perry, Clay, Osage, and Platte.

Children in Single-Parent Families

Definition

KIDS COUNT tracks the percent of related children under 18 who live in families headed by a person without a spouse present in the home.

Significance

In 2010, over 24 million children lived in single-parent families across the nation.⁷ The relationship between poverty and family structure is shown by the fact that more children living in singleparent families were in poverty (37%) compared to children living in married-couple families (9%).⁸

Two-parent families tend to have higher household incomes and more assets than single-parent families; as a result, single parents may find it more challenging to maintain high quality home and out-of-home experiences for their children.⁹ In addition, economic hardship may increase single parents' psychological distress and decrease sensitive caregiving.¹⁰ These factors can lead to negative effects on children's cognitive and social development and impact their long-term academic achievement.¹¹

State Findings

In 2010, one third of Missouri children—33.3%—lived in singleparent families. This percentage has increased over time. In 2000, 24.3% of children lived in singleparent families; in 2007, the figure was 31.2%.

County Findings

In three counties, more than 50% of children lived in single-parent families in 2010: St. Louis City (62.5%), Pemiscot (57.1%), and Mississippi (53.6%). Another six counties had more than 40% of children living with single-parents: Dunklin, New Madrid, Jackson, Buchanan, Crawford, and Randolph. The counties with the lowest percentage of children living in single-parent families (less than 20%) were Scotland, Christian, Daviess, Schuyler, Chariton, Cedar, Osage, and Knox.

Average Annual Wage/Salary

Definition

KIDS COUNT tracks the average annual wage/salary in Missouri per job.

Significance

This indicator is another way of measuring economic conditions for children and families over time.

State Findings

In 2010, the average annual wage/ salary for Missourians was \$41,749. This indicator has increased steadily over time. In 2007, the average annual wage/salary was \$39,500.

County Findings

Seven counties had an average annual wage/salary higher than \$40,000 in 2010: St. Louis City, St. Louis, Jackson, Clay, Pulaski, Mercer, and Platte. The counties with the lowest average annual wage/ salary in 2010, all below \$25,000, were Shannon, Worth, Ozark, Clark, Howard, and Hickory.

Adult Unemployment

Definition

KIDS COUNT tracks the annual unemployment rate (percentage of civilian labor force that is unemployed and looking for work).

Significance

Unemployment rates provide another picture of the general economic conditions of a state, region, or county. As more adults have problems finding employment, the number of children and families in poverty increases. Higher unemployment rates are also associated with families using more government services, such as Temporary Assistance to Needy Families (TANF) and Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP, formerly known as the Food Stamps Program) to help make ends meet.

State Findings

The recent recession has had a significant impact on unemployment rates throughout Missouri. In 2007, the state unemployment rate was 5.1%. For 2011, Missouri's unemployment rate was 8.6%, a 69% increase from what it was in 2007.

County Findings

In 2011, nine counties had unemployment rates below 6.5%: Boone, Worth, Perry, Knox, Osage, Andrew, Scotland, Cole, and Mercer. Twenty-seven counties (nearly a quarter of Missouri's counties) had unemployment rates of at least 10%. The counties with the highest unemployment rates in 2010 (all greater than 11%) were Shannon, Reynolds, Hickory, Taney, Washington, Stone, St. Louis City, Morgan, Miller, and Laclede.

Children Receiving Cash Assistance

Definition

KIDS COUNT tracks the percentage of children receiving cash assistance under Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF).

Significance

This indicator is another way of examining the economic well-being of children and families. However, changes in this indicator over time must be considered in the context of policy changes at the state and federal levels, which can artificially impact the direction of the trend.

State Findings

In 2011, 4.9% of children were in families receiving cash assistance, a very slight increase over the 2010 figure of 4.8%. The rate has remained surprisingly stable since 2007, when it was 4.7%, despite the economic downturn. Because other indices of poverty have increased during the downturn, these stable figures suggest that there might be other barriers to accessing this service besides eligibility.

County Findings

The counties with the highest percentage of children receiving cash assistance in 2011 (all over 10%) were St. Louis City, Pemiscot, Dunklin, and Mississippi. The counties with the lowest percentage of children receiving cash assistance (all below 2%) were Worth, St. Charles, Osage, Gentry, Schuyler, Atchison, Nodaway, Knox, and Putnam.

Children Receiving Food Stamps

Definition

KIDS COUNT tracks the percentage of children receiving benefits under the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP), formerly known as food stamps.

Significance

SNAP provides low-income families with electronic cards (EBT cards) that they can use like cash at most grocery stores. Participation in SNAP is an indicator of economic security as well as child nutrition.

State Findings

In 2011, nearly two in five children (37.9%) received SNAP. This figure has increased 23% from the 2007 rate of 30.9%. This increase demonstrates the impact of the recent recession on Missouri's children and families.

County Findings

In 26 counties, at least 50% of the children received SNAP in 2011. In 2007, only 10 counties surpassed the 50% benchmark, another indica-

tion of the recent economic downturn. The counties with the highest percentage of children receiving SNAP in 2011 (all at or higher than 60%) were St. Louis City, Pemiscot, Dunklin, Mississippi, Ripley, and Washington. The counties with the lowest percentage of children in SNAP (all below 25%) in 2011 were St. Charles, Platte, Osage, Nodaway, Andrew, Scotland, and Worth.

. . ..

¹The Annie E. Casey Foundation. (2010). 2010 Kids Count Data Book. Retrieved January 11, 2013, from http://datacenter. kidscount.org/DataBook/2010/ OnlineBooks/2010DataBook.pdf

² The Annie E. Casey Foundation. (2012). 2012 Kids Count Data Book. Retrieved January 9, 2013, from http://datacenter.kidscount.org/ DataBook/2012/OnlineBooks/Kidscount2012DataBookFullReport.pdf

³National Center for Children in Poverty. (2009). *Ten important questions about child poverty and family economic hardship*. Retrieved February 2, 2013, from *http://www.nccp. org/publications/pub_829.html*

⁴ National Center for Children in Poverty. (2012). *Basic facts about low-income children. 2011: Children under age 18.* Retrieved January 29, 2013, from *http://www.nccp.org/publications/pub_1074.html* ⁵ Ibid.

⁶ Missouri Census Data Center. (n.d.). *American community survey* profile report, 2011.

⁷ The Annie E. Casey Foundation. (2012). 2012 Kids Count Data Book. Retrieved January 29, 2013, from http://datacenter.kidscount.org/ DataBook/2012/OnlineBooks/Kidscount2012DataBookFullReport.pdf

⁸ Missouri Census Data Center. (n.d.). *American community survey* profile report, 2011.

⁹ Votruba-Drzal, E. (2003).Income changes and cognitive stimulation in young children's home learning environments. *Journal of Marriage and Family*, 65, 341–355.

¹⁰ Votruba-Drzal, E. (2006). Economic disparities in middle childhood development: Does income matter? *Developmental Psychology*, *42*, 1154-1167.

¹¹ *Ibid*.





PERSPECTIVE: *health*

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PERSPECTIVE: health

A healthy start in life provides children with the necessary foundation for healthy development and the capacity to learn. Indicators of a healthy start include quality prenatal care, consistent access to healthcare services throughout childhood and adolescence, proper immunization, and good nutrition.

The majority of Missouri children access health coverage through private insurance and/or MO Health-Net for Kids, which is Missouri's public health insurance program for low-income children who do not have access to other health coverage. A portion of Missouri's children remain without healthcare coverage, including many who are eligible for coverage.

KIDS COUNT tracks two outcomes directly related to children's health:

- Low birthweight infants
- •Infant mortality

In addition, two other health indicators are reported:*

- •Children enrolled in MO Health-Net for Kids
- •Children receiving public mental health services for serious emotional disorders (SED)

In comparison to the baseline years, the status of Missouri children's health and mental health with respect to these outcomes and indicators is mixed. Infant mortality, which has been declining for some time, decreased by 11.6% between the baseline time period 2002-2006 and the period 2007-2011, while the rate of low birthweight infants remained the same during these time periods. Changes in the other two indicators are more difficult to interpret. Because they reflect services provided by state government, the decreases over time may be due to actual progress on these indicators or may be due to budget shortfalls, changes in funding priorities, or administrative changes in how data are tracked. With this in mind, the percentage of children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids increased 13.6% between 2007 and 2011. In the same time period, the number of children who received public mental health services for SED increased 56.2%.

*In past data books, another indicator, *children with elevated blood lead levels*, has been included in this section. Given that this indicator has remained stable and, fortunately, very close to zero over the past several years, it has relatively little utility as a contextual indicator of child well-being. Accordingly, it has been dropped from the data book.

Low Birthweight Infants

Definition

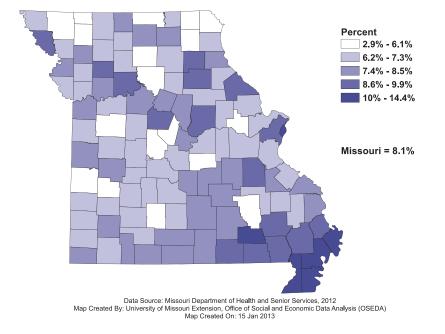
KIDS COUNT tracks the percent of infants who weigh less than 2,500 grams (about 5.5 pounds) at birth. This figure includes term and preterm infants. Data are combined across five-year periods to provide more stable rates. Infants born weighing less than 1,500 grams (three pounds, five ounces) are considered *very low birthweight*.

Significance

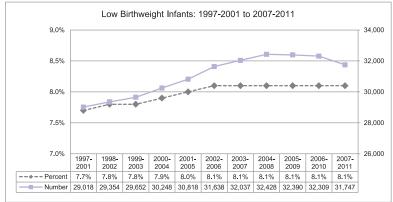
Infants born with low birthweights are at high risk for adverse outcomes and developmental problems throughout their lives. Compared to normal birthweight infants, they are more likely to have low oxygen levels at birth, problems maintaining body temperature, difficulties feeding and gaining weight, infections, breathing and respiratory problems, gastrointestinal problems, and intellectual and neurological impairments, including cerebral palsy, blindness, deafness, and brain damage. It is also quite possible that infants born with a low birthweight may have a difficult time "catching up" in physical growth compared to normal birthweight peers. In general, the smaller the baby at birth, the higher his or her risk for complications.¹

There are two main reasons why a baby may be born with a low birthweight: premature birth and fetal growth restriction. Growth-restricted babies may be born full-term, but are underweight because they did not grow well during pregnancy due to problems in the uterus, the mother's health, or birth defects. Premature birth occurs when a baby is born before 37 completed weeks of pregnancy. About 67% of low birthweight babies are premature.²

Early induction of labor and cesearean-section (c-section) delivery account for about 25% of preterm births nationally.³ Often these cases are due to pregnancy complications or health problems affecting the mother or fetus.



Percent Low Birthweight Infants by County, 2007-2011



Babies born with a low birthweight may have increased risk for certain chronic conditions in adulthood, including high blood pressure, adultonset diabetes, and heart disease.⁴

State Findings

The percent of low birthweight infants has been quite stable over the past several years. It was 8.1% during the five-year period from 2002-2006 and has remained unchanged for all five-year periods through the most recent one, 2007-2011. Between 2007 and 2011, 31,746 low birthweight infants were born in Missouri.

In 2011, 76,069 live births occurred in Missouri; 6,015 infants (7.9%) were low birthweight. The low birthweight rate differs considerably by minority status. In 2011, for minority infants the rate was 12.1%, whereas the rate for nonminority infants was 6.7%.

County Findings

Between 2007 and 2011, the counties with the highest rates of low birthweight infants (all over 10%) were Pemiscot, New Madrid, Mississippi, St. Louis City, Dunklin, and Carter.

During the same time period, the counties with the lowest rates, all below 6%, were Worth, Gentry, Cedar, Scotland, Chariton, Maries, Reynolds, Webster, Vernon, and Putnam.

Infant Mortality

Definition

KIDS COUNT tracks the number of infants who die before their first birthday. The rate is expressed as deaths per 1,000 live births. The data are combined over five-year periods to provide more stable rates.

Significance

Infant mortality has long been an indicator of the health of a community, state, and nation because of its association with such factors as maternal health, quality and access to medical care, socioeconomic conditions, and public health practices. Nationally, the leading causes of infant death are congenital malformations (physical defects present at birth), disorders related to short gestation or low birthweight, and sudden infant death syndrome (SIDS).⁵

The U.S. infant mortality rate was 6.1 in 2011.⁶ However, this rate differs greatly by race and ethnicity. In 2011, the group with the highest rate was African American infants

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(11.4), followed by Hispanic infants (5.3), and White infants (5.1).⁷

The infant mortality rate goes beyond health considerations to encompass economic and safety issues as well. Infants are more likely to die before their first birthday if they live in unsafe homes and neighborhoods or have inadequate nutrition, health care, or supervision.

State Findings

The infant mortality rate in Missouri has slowly and steadily decreased over the past five years from a rate of 7.7 deaths per 1,000 children younger than one year of age during 2002-2006 to 6.9 deaths per 1,000 children during the period 2007-2011.

Based on the *Missouri Child Fatality Review Program Annual Report* for 2011, 539 infants under the age of one died in Missouri. Of these, 423 infant deaths were due to illness/ natural causes (not including SIDS). Prematurity accounted for 59% of all illness/natural-cause deaths, and congenital anomalies accounted for 20%. Of the deaths due to illness/ natural causes, 61% occurred within the first two days of life. Other primary causes of infant death, and the number associated with them, include: SIDS, 9; unintentional suffocation, 73; and child abuse, 7. Nineteen cases were classified as undetermined.

County Findings

Gentry, Knox, Maries, and Monroe counties had the lowest infant mortality rate between 2007 and 2011, with no infant deaths. The counties with the highest infant mortality rates during the same period were Worth, Putnam, Carter, Ralls, Holt, and Texas. These counties had rates of 12.5 or higher. However, because of the extremely low number of deaths in most counties, even over a five-year period, county infant mortality rates should be interpreted with caution-particularly in lowpopulation areas with relatively few infant births.

Children Enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids

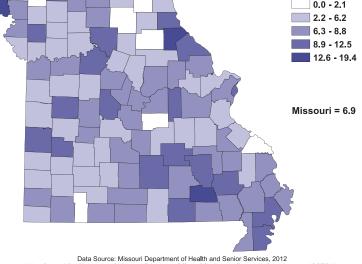
Definition

KIDS COUNT tracks the average monthly percentage of children under age 18 who have applied for and been certified as eligible for participation in MO HealthNet for Kids.

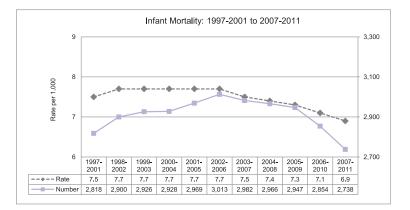




Infant Mortality per 1,000 Live Births by County, 2007-2011



Map Created By: University of Missouri Extension, Office of Social and Economic Data Analysis (OSEDA) Map Created Dr. 15 Jan 2013



Significance

MO HealthNet is Missouri's health coverage program for citizens with low incomes. The program provides coverage for eligible individuals who do not have access to private health care coverage and generally covers eligible elderly and disabled individuals, low-income families, pregnant women, and children. MO HealthNet for Kids provides health care coverage for children under 18 years of age, regardless of insurance uninsured children with gross family incomes up to 300 percent of the federal poverty threshold. Children must be uninsured for six months before becoming eligible and cannot have family assets with a net worth over \$250,000. To be eligible, children in families with incomes over 150% of the federal poverty threshold cannot already have access to "affordable health insurance" as determined based on family size and income. Families must also pay monthly premiums based on family

MO HealthNet for Kids Eligibility Information ⁸				
Covered Populations	Income Guidelines			
Children (non-SCHIP)				
Up to age 1	< 185% of federal poverty threshold			
Ages 1 to 5	< 133% of federal poverty threshold			
Ages 6 to 18	< 100% of federal poverty threshold			
Children (SCHIP)	< 300% of federal poverty threshold			

status, whose family income falls within certain guidelines.

Additionally, uninsured children whose families' income is over the limits shown in the table, and whose monthly gross family income is under 150% of the federal poverty threshold, are also eligible.

The State Children's Health Insurance Program (SCHIP) covers size and income. Premiums range from one to five percent of family income.

Disabled children, children in the care and custody of the Missouri Children's Division (including foster care and adoptive homes), and children in the custody of the Division of Youth Services or a juvenile court are also covered by MO HealthNet. Newborns are automatically eligible for assistance if their mother is receiving a federally matched category of assistance at the time of birth.

State Findings

In Missouri, 37.5% of children (approximately 530,000) were enrolled in MO HealthNet in 2011, an increase of 0.6 percentage points over the 2010 figure of 36.9%. This figure has been increasing since 2007, when it was 33.0%.

County Findings

In 2011, the counties with the highest percentage of children enrolled in MO HealthNet (all above 60%) were St. Louis City, Pemiscot, Ripley, Douglas, Mississippi, Dunklin, and Oregon. The counties with the lowest percentage in 2011, all below 24%, were St. Charles, Andrew, Platte, Osage, Nodaway, and Clay.

Children Receiving Public SED Mental Health Services

Definition

KIDS COUNT tracks the number of children receiving mental health services for serious emotional disorders (SED) through the Missouri Department of Mental Health. The Missouri Department of Mental Health defines SED as any emotional, behavioral, or mental disorder that requires multiple services; severely disrupts daily functioning in the home, school, or community; and has either been present for one year, or is expected to last a year or more.

Significance

Children and adolescents are susceptible to many of the same mental illnesses that afflict adults. Half of all lifetime cases of mental illness begin by age 14.9 Scientists are discovering that changes in the body and brain leading to mental illness may start much earlier, before any symptoms appear. Through greater understanding of when and how quickly specific areas of children's brains develop, researchers are learning more about the early stages of a wide range of mental illnesses that appear later in life. Helping children and their parents manage difficulties early in life may prevent the development of many disorders. Once mental illness develops, it becomes a regular part of a child's behavior and more difficult to treat. Even though we know how to treat—though not yet cure—many

disorders, many children with mental illnesses are not getting treatment. Without treatment, these children will be at risk for falling behind in other domains of development, thereby decreasing the likelihood that they will become happy, stable, productive adults.

Young people are especially at risk of depression, obsessive-compulsive behaviors, phobias, and substance abuse. Behavior disorders are another kind of mental disability that appear in childhood and adolescence. As many as one in five Missouri children may have a behavior disorder, ranging from barely noticeable to disruptive to their education, development, and family life.¹⁰

The causes of mental illness are varied, but most are caused by imbalances in the brain's chemistry, by injury to the head and brain, or by emotional trauma. Some mental illnesses are more prevalent in some families, suggesting a genetic link.

State Findings

Due to recent administrative changes in how these services are tracked within the divisions of mental health, it is difficult to compare numbers across years. In 2011, 26,755 children received mental health services for SED through the Missouri Department of Mental Health, an increase from the 2007 figure of 17,127. This increase is mostly due to the aforementioned changes in how services were tracked. In 2011, the majority of services (68%) of services were provided to children under 15.

County Findings

In 2011, the counties with the highest number of children receiving mental health services were also among the most populous in Missouri. These counties were Jackson, St. Louis, St. Louis City, St. Charles, Greene, Jasper, Jefferson, Buchanan, Clay, and Boone. Together, these counties accounted for 54% of cases involving children receiving services for SED. The counties with the fewest children receiving services for SED, all with fewer than 16 cases, were Reynolds, Hickory, Holt, Knox, Howard, Ozark, and Putnam. ¹ March of Dimes. (2008). *Medical resources: Low birthweight*. Retrieved January 23, 2013, from *http://www.marchofdimes.com/ professionals/medicalresources_lowbirthweight.html*

² Ibid.

³March of Dimes. (2010). Your premature baby. Retrieved January 28, 2013, from http://www.marchofdimes.com/baby/premature_indepth.html#

⁴Ibid.

⁵ Matthews, T. & MacDorman, M. (2011). Infant Mortality Statistics from 2007 Period Linked Birth/ Infant Death Data Sets. *National Vital Statistics Reports, 59, no.* 6. Hyattsville, MD: National Center for Health Statistics. Retrieved February 4, 2013, from *http://www. cdc.gov/nchs/data/nvsr/nvsr59/ nvsr59_06.pdf*

⁶Hoyert, D., Xu, J. (2012) Deaths: Preliminary Data for 2011. *National Vital Statistics Reports, 61, no 6.* Hyattsville, MD: National Center for Health Statistics. Retrieved January 31, 2013, from *http://www.cdc.gov/ nchs/fastats/deaths.htm*

7 Ibid.

⁸ Missouri Department of Social Services, Family Support Division. (2008). *MO HealthNet for kids*. Retrieved February 4, 2013, from *http://www.dss.mo.gov/fsd/mchild*. *htm*

⁹ National Institute of Mental Health. (2009). *Treatment of children with mental illness*. Retrieved February 4, 2013, from *http://www. nimh.nih.gov/health/publications/ treatment-of-children-with-mentalillness-fact-sheet/nimh-treatmentchildren-mental-illness-faq.pdf*

¹⁰ Missouri Department of Mental Health, Division of Comprehensive Psychiatric Services. (n.d.). *Childhood mental illnesses*. Retrieved February 4, 2013, from *http://dmh. mo.gov/docs/mentalillness/childmentalillness.pdf*





PERSPECTIVE: child protection and safety

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PERSPECTIVE: child protection and safety

Child safety is another aspect of child well-being. Injuries, both intentional and unintentional, are the leading cause of death for children between the ages of 5 and 14.1 Most injuries and injury-related deaths can be prevented through proven interventions that include education, environmental or product modification (car seats, bicycle helmets, smoke detectors), and better enforcement of legislation or regulations related to child safety.² Intentional injuries occur when there is intent to harm. They include injuries that occur as a result of violence, abuse, or neglect. Strategies for preventing these types of injuries are different from the strategies employed to prevent unintentional injuries, and they are not as well understood.3

Childhood maltreatment can adversely affect development, health, and well-being in the short and long term. Abused children are at higher risk of mental health disorders and more likely to engage in risk-taking behavior throughout childhood, adolescence, and adulthood.4

KIDS COUNT tracks four outcomes directly related to children's protection and safety:

- •Child death, ages 1-14
- •Child abuse and neglect
- •Out-of-home placement entries
- •Violent teen deaths, ages 15-19

Child Deaths, Ages 1-14

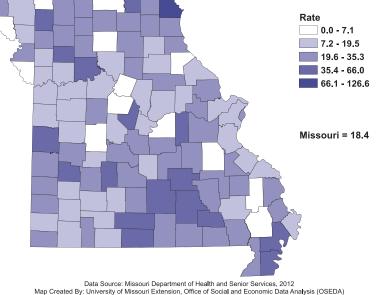
Definition

KIDS COUNT tracks the number of deaths of children ages 1 through 14 from all causes. The rate is expressed per 100,000 children of that age group. Data were combined over five-year periods in order to provide more stable rates.

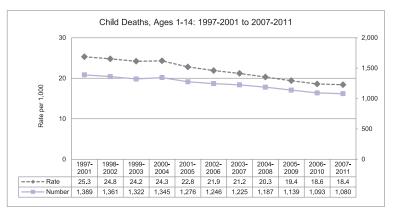
Significance

As with infant mortality, the child death rate is a significant indicator of child well-being. Although mortality rates drop sharply after the first year of life, children are still at risk from a number of health and environmental factors. This outcome reflects physical health conditions, the amount of adult supervision, and the prevalence of risks that children face every day in their homes and communities. For this age group (1-14), accidents

Child Deaths Ages 1-14 per 100,000 by County, 2007-2011



Map Created By: University of Missouri Extension, Office of Social and Economic Data Analysis (OSEDA) Map Created On: 15 Jan 2013



are the leading cause of death, with automobile accidents accounting for 31% of deaths in 2009.⁵

State Findings

For the current five-year period of 2007-2011, the child death rate was 18.4, a decline from the figure of 21.9 for 2002-2006. For the 2007-2011 period, 1,080 child deaths occurred in Missouri.

County Findings

Because of the extremely small number of deaths in most counties, even over a five-year period, this measure is not used to calculate the composite county rank. County rates should be interpreted with caution.

Between 2007-2011, nine Missouri counties experienced no child deaths: Bollinger, Holt, Howard, Linn, Putnam, Ralls, Stoddard, and Worth. The counties with the highest rates of child death during the same period, all above 50 deaths per 100,000 children, were Clark, Carter, Gentry, Carroll, Dent, and Cedar.

Child Abuse and Neglect

Definition

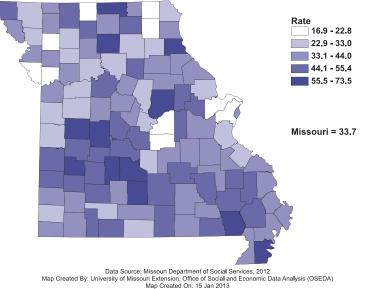
KIDS COUNT tracks the number of child abuse victims from reports classified as "preponderance of evidence" that indicates child abuse or neglect has occurred. In addition, this outcome includes the number of child abuse victims that receive family assessments. The rate is expressed per 1,000 children.

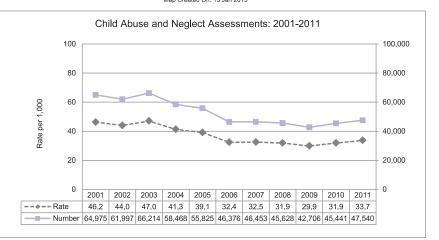
Significance

This indicator provides information about the scale of neglectful family environments in a given geographic region. In the United States, about 680,000 children were determined to be victims of child abuse and neglect during 2011.⁶ However, the true incidence of maltreatment is estimated to be up to three times higher. Children who are abused and/or neglected are more likely to experience negative outcomes throughout their lives in a number of areas:

 poor physical health (e.g., hypertension, chronic fatigue, obesity, sexually transmitted diseases)







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•poor emotional and mental health (e.g., depression, anxiety, eating disorders, suicidal ideation, post-traumatic stress disorder)

- •social difficulties (e.g., inability to trust others, inability to appropriately communicate needs and wants)
- •behavioral problems (e.g., aggression and/or abusive and violent behavior, juvenile delinquency, adult criminal behaviors)
- •cognitive problems that lead to poor academic achievement (e.g., deficits in attention, abstract reasoning, language development, problem-solving skills)
- •high-risk behaviors (e.g., higher number of lifetime sexual partners, teen pregnancy, alcohol and substance use)⁷

Children who are at highest risk for abuse and neglect often live in families with parents who were abused as children, suffer from mental disorders, have a history of criminal activity, and/or have a substance use problem. Adults who abuse children often have poor

coping or problem-solving skills, and are socially isolated. Many are experiencing external stress, such as marital discord, work instability, or poor living conditions. Parental education levels, particularly maternal education, are also linked to child abuse and neglect. In addition to poverty and other socioeconomic disadvantages, family disorganization, dissolution, or a lack of family cohesion can also contribute to child abuse and neglect. When parents do not understand child development or the needs of children, they are more likely to abuse or neglect. In addition, there is a high risk of abuse for children living in families who experience domestic violence or violence in their communities.8 Young children and children with disabilities are more likely to be abused or neglected, and their parents are often the perpetrators.

State Findings

In 2011, the child abuse and neglect rate was 33.7 (per 1,000 children). This is a slight increase from the 2007 rate of 32.5.

In 2011, the Children's Division (Missouri Department of Social Services) received 47,540 reports of child abuse and neglect, involving 90,709 children. Of these, 4,294 reports (6,092 children) were substantiated, meaning child abuse or neglect had occurred, while 27,701 reports (41,448 children) resulted in a family assessment. A family assessment takes the place of a traditional investigation and requires a prompt assessment of a child believed to be a victim and his or her family. Of the 27,701 reports resulting in a family assessment, 3,883 were identified as needing services from the Children's Division.

The Children's Division provides information on the types of abuse for substantiated reports, but since a report may represent more than one type of abuse, the following numbers do not add up to 4,294. Of the substantiated reports of child abuse and neglect in 2011, 1,411 were classified as physical abuse; 2,066 as neglect; 1,191 as sexual maltreatment; 154 as emotional maltreatment; 154 as medical neglect; and 57 as educational neglect.

In 2011, there were 29 child abuse or neglect fatalities in Missouri, a decrease from the 46 deaths in 2007.

County Findings

All county rates should be interpreted with caution because reporting practices differ between counties. In 2011, the counties with the lowest rates of child abuse and neglect—all less than 20.0 per 1,000 children were Platte, Scotland, St. Charles, St. Louis, and Mercer. Nine counties had rates above 60.0 per 1,000 children: Pemiscot, Henry, Laclede, Cedar, Linn, Butler, Marion, Wright, and Putnam.

Out-of-Home Placement Entries

Definition

KIDS COUNT tracks the number of entries into the Missouri Children's Division alternative care, including foster care, group homes, kinship/ relative care, and residential settings. The rate is expressed per 1,000 children. The Children's Division defines out-of-home placement as out-of-home care that is provided in situations where parents are incapable of providing children with adequate social, emotional, and physical care. Out-of-home is defined as care provided in licensed foster or approved relative family homes, licensed residential facilities, or licensed group homes. The service provides substitute settings for children. Children are placed

only after it is determined that they cannot remain at home.

Significance

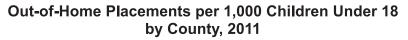
This indicator is as a reflection of the number of children whose lives are significantly disrupted due to a harmful situation in their homes, thus providing information on the severity of neglectful family environments for children. Many of the children who are removed from their homes are experiencing profound abuse, neglect, or disruption. These children are considered to be at risk for adverse outcomes.

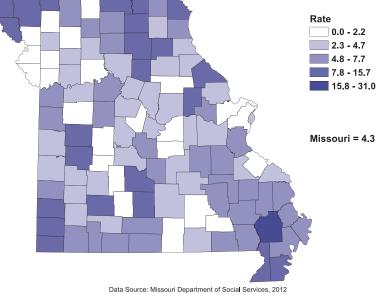
Children need to live in stable, safe and permanent homes and communities in order to develop their full potential. If a child is residing in an unsafe home or experiencing abuse or neglect, he or she may need to be removed from the home and placed in a new, stable environment. Once a child is placed in a new setting, the state must continue to monitor his or her safety, health, and overall well-being.

Unfortunately, when children are removed from their homes, they often lose contact with other family members and friends, go through multiple placements, and have overlooked physical health, mental health, and educational needs. Long-term out-of-home placements can have negative consequences for children, even into adulthood. Children in foster care may not have the necessary supports to help them develop into self-sufficient adults.

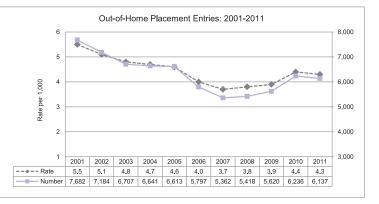
Children who are placed in kinship/ relative care (non-parental family members raising children to whom they are related) experience more stability than children in other forms of foster care.⁹

- •Children in kinship care suffer fewer changes in placement than do non-kinship care foster children.
- Sixty-three percent of children in kinship foster care are forced to change schools, a number that is far too high but compares favorably to the far higher rates for children residing in group homes (93%) and in non-kinship foster care (80%).





Data Source: Missouri Department of Social Services, 2012 Map Created By: University of Missouri Extension, Office of Social and Economic Data Analysis (OSEDA) Map Created On: 15 Jan 2013



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- •Children in kinship care are more likely to live with their siblings, which research has shown to be beneficial both emotionally and psychologically for foster children.
- •Children in kinship care have greater positive perceptions of their placements, and as a result, have fewer behavioral problems.

State Findings

In 2011, the out-of-home placement rate was 4.3 (per 1,000 children), an increase from the 3.7 rate for 2007. There were 6,137 out-of-home placement entries in 2011.

County Findings

In 2011, five counties had no out-ofhome placement entries: Andrew, Carroll, Carter, Mercer, and Shannon. The counties with the highest rates, all above 10.0 per 1,000 children, were Stoddard, Atchison, Clark, Henry, Newton, Nodaway, Dunklin, Holt, Shelby, and Montgomery.

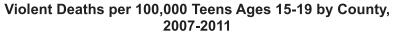
Violent Teen Deaths, Ages 15-19

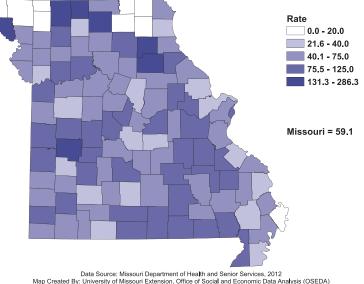
Definition

KIDS COUNT tracks the number of deaths of teens ages 15 to 19 from homicides, suicides, motor vehicle crashes, and other accidents. The rate is expressed per 100,000 teens of that age group. Data are combined over five-year periods to provide more stable rates.

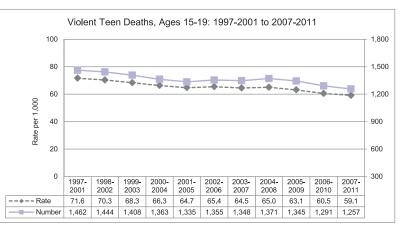
Significance

The overall rates of injury and death increase dramatically from childhood to late adolescence, due to developmental and social factors such as increasing independence and less time spent without adult supervision.¹⁰ Biology also plays a role. The maturation of brain networks responsible for self-regulation does not typically occur until late adolescence or early adulthood, making teens more likely to engage in risktaking behaviors.¹¹ Nationally, the three leading causes of teen deaths are motor vehicle accidents, homicides, and suicides, all of which are preventable.¹² For example, young drivers ages 16-24 are more likely to use cell phones for texting or calling when driving, which dramatically increases their risk of crashing.13





Map Created On: 16 Jan 2013



State Findings

For the years 2007-2011, 1,257 teens ages 15 to 19 died in Missouri. For those years, the rate of teen violent death was 59.1 per 100,000 teens ages 15 to 19. This is a decrease from 65.4 for the 2002-2006 period.

County Findings

Because of the extremely small number of deaths in most counties. even over a five-year period, this measure is not used to calculate the composite county rank. County rates should be interpreted with caution. However, seven Missouri counties experienced no violent teen deaths of those 15 to 19 years old during the 2007-2011 time period: Atchison, Gentry, Knox, Mississippi, Schuvler, Scotland, and Worth. The counties with the highest violent teen death rate, all over 130 per 100,000 teen ages 15 to 19, were Holt, Mercer, Harrison, Shelby, Sullivan, St. Clair, and Monroe.

¹ ChildStats.gov. (2012). America's children: Key national indicators of well-being, 2012. Retrieved January 14, 2013, from http://www.childstats. gov/americaschildren/phenviro7.asp

² Packard Foundation. (2000). Unintentional injuries in childhood: Analysis and Recommendations. *Future of Children*, *10*(1), 4-22.

³ Ibid.

⁴ National Institutes of Health, National Institute of Mental Health. (2009). History of childhood maltreatment linked to higher rates of unemployment, poverty. Retrieved February 1, 2013, from *http://www. nimh.nih.gov/science-news/2009/ history-of-childhood-maltreatmentlinked-to-higher-rates-of-unemployment-poverty.shtml*

⁵ The Annie E. Casey Foundation. (2012). 2012 Kids Count Data Book. Retrieved January 29, 2013, from http://datacenter.kidscount.org/databook/2012/OnlineBooks/KidsCounty-2012DatBookFullReport.pdf

⁶ U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Administration on Children, Youth and Families, Children's Bureau. (2012). *Child maltreatment 2011*. Retrieved January 25, 2013, from *http://www. acf.hhs.gov/sites/default/files/cb/ cm11.pdf*

⁷ Wang, C. T., & Holton, J. (2007). *Total estimated cost of child abuse and neglect in the United States*. Chicago: Prevent Child Abuse America. Retrieved February 1, 2013, from *http://www.preventchildabuse.org/ about_us/media_releases/pcaa_ pew_economic_impact_study_final. pdf.*

⁸ Promising Practices Network. (2010). *Promising practices for preventing child abuse and neglect* (Issue Brief). Santa Monica, CA: Author. Retrieved February ', 2013, from *http://www.promisingpractices.net/briefs/briefs_childabuse. asp?ref=ppntext*

⁹ Conway, T., & Hutson, R. Q. (2007). *Is kinship care good for kids?* Washington, DC: Center for Law and Social Policy. Retrieved February 1, 2013, from *http://www. clasp.org/admin/site/publications/ files/0347.pdf*. ¹⁰ Schwarz, S. W. (2009, October). Adolescent violence and unintentional injury in the United States. New York: National Center for Children in Poverty. Retrieved February 1, 2013, from http://nccp.org/publications/pdf/text_890.pdf

¹¹ Ibid.

¹² The Annie E. Casey Foundation. (2012). 2012 Kids Count Data Book. Retrieved January 29, 2013, from http://datacenter.kidscount.org/ databook/2012/OnlineBooks/KID-SCOUNT2012DatBookFullReport. pdf.

¹³ Insurance Institute for Highway Safety. (2011, March). *Cellphones, texting, and driving*. Retrieved, March 11, 2011, from *http://www. iihs.org/research/qanda/cellphones. aspx.*





PERSPECTIVE: *education*

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PERSPECTIVE: education

Early childhood, elementary, and secondary education provide the foundation for children's future success in our society. Preparing children for school, maximizing their development and achievement in all arenas, and ensuring that they stay in school are key goals to helping all Missouri children have the chance to be productive adults. For Missouri to be a significant economic competitor in the future, the state will need a highly educated and skilled workforce. Two-thirds of the new jobs created in the United States require some education or training beyond high school,¹ yet 13% of high school students nationally fail to earn a high school diploma.² For Hispanic and African American students the percentage is higher: 37% of Hispanics and 16% of African Americans fail to earn a high school diploma.³ Clearly, improvement needs to be made in our education pipeline in order to ensure that Missouri cultivates a workforce that has the skills to be productive in the future.

From economists to military generals, early childhood education has been touted as one of the most logical and cost-effective ways to address problems in the education pipeline. High quality early learning experiences provide the building blocks for children's school readiness. However, children do not develop school readiness skills in isolation. Other important factors—such as the physical and mental health of children and their parents, family economic risk, family structure, home environment, parenting choices, and community and neighborhood characteristics play key roles in the extent to which children are ready for school, as well as schools being ready for children.

Research has demonstrated the positive impact of good preschool programs on children's future academic success. Compared to peers who did not participate in early education programs, children who attend high quality preschools are:

- •more likely to have better grades
- •less likely to repeat grades
- •less likely to need special education classes
- •more likely to graduate high school and enroll in college.⁴

The effects of quality preschools extend beyond academics. Compared to peers who did not participate in early education programs, children who attend high quality preschools are also:

- •less likely to engage in criminal behavior throughout life
- •more likely to be employed
- •more likely to have higher earnings
- •less likely to depend on public assistance
- •less likely to become teenage parents.⁵

Approximately two-thirds of Missouri's children under 6 spend a portion of their day in the care of someone other than their parents. Unfortunately, many young Missouri children do not have access to, or cannot afford, the kind of high quality preschool programs that are needed to make a difference in their lives. Missouri should make access to publicly funded, high quality preschool programs an educational priority.

Adolescence is another crucial developmental period in a child's life. There are several key develop-

mental benchmarks that must be met to ensure a successful transition to productive adulthood, ranging from the most basic—surviving the teen years and avoiding criminal activity-to milestones required for higher level functioning in the adult world, such as succeeding in school and delaying starting a family and childrearing responsibilities. Recent advances in understanding how adolescent brains develop demonstrate that teens do not have all the neural structures in place for appropriate self-regulation. This, of course, explains why teens often act in ways that seem obviously impulsive, irrational, or dangerous. In addition, as discussed above in the context of early childhood, there are other factors besides personal ones that come into play when examining adolescents' well-being, including the influence of parents, peers, family economics, home environment, and community and neighborhood characteristics.

KIDS COUNT tracks two outcomes related to educational success:

- •Annual high school dropouts
- •Births to teens, ages 15-19

In addition, five other educationrelated indicators are reported:

- Juvenile law violation referrals, ages 10-17 (per 1,000)
- •Children with limited English proficiency
- •Children receiving subsidized child care
- •Licensed child care capacity
- •Accredited child care facilities

In comparison to the base years, the educational outlook for Missouri children is positive. One of the most important outcomes, annual high school dropouts, decreased from 2007 to 2011, from 3.6% to 3.5%. Another positive trend is the 22% decrease in birth to teens ages 5-19 between 2007 and 2011. Juvenile law referrals also decreased over 19% from 2007 to 2011. On the early childhood education front, the findings are mostly positive. The licensed child care capacity rate per 1,000 children increased 7.8% from 2007 to 2012, and the number of accredited child care facilities increased by 7.4% during the same time period. The rate of children receiving subsidized care, per 1,000

poor children, increased 8.3% from 2007 to 2011, an indication of the worsening economic circumstances felt during the downturn. Finally, as would be expected in our state as it becomes more demographically and culturally diverse, the number of children who have limited English proficiency increased by a robust 13.5% from 2007 to 2011.

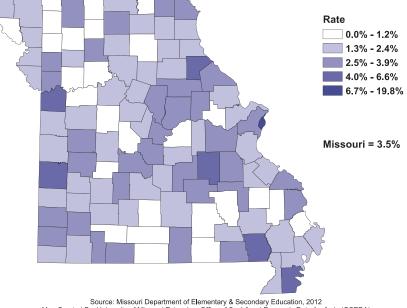
Annual High School Dropouts

Definition

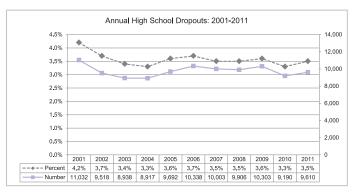
KIDS COUNT tracks the number of students enrolled in public high schools who left school during the school year without graduating. The rate is expressed as a percent of enrolled students. The formula used to calculate the rate accounts for transfers in and out of a school district. However, it does not include students who drop out of school but eventually earn their General Education Development (GED) certificates. The years indicated are school years; for example, 2011 refers to the 2010-2011 school year.

It is important to note that school district superintendents provide dropout information to Missouri's Department of Elementary and Secondary Education. Criteria for

Annual High School Dropout Rate by County, 2011



Source: Missouri Department of Elementary & Secondary Education, 2012 Map Created By: University of Missouri Extension, Office of Social and Economic Data Analysis (OSEDA) Map Created On: 15 Jan 2013



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how dropout data are calculated and entered may differ from district to district. Dropout data may also be changed for up to 10 years. This means that the dropout rates reported this year may not match data presented in earlier years.

Significance

When students drop out of high school, they face many challenges that hinder their abilities to become successful and productive adults. In 2011, the mean annual income for a high school dropout in the U.S. was \$21,107 whereas the mean income for a high school graduate was \$32,493.⁶ Youth who leave high school without receiving a diploma are more likely to be unemployed, receive public assistance, and be incarcerated as adults.7 In addition, high school dropouts are more likely to be single parents and to have children who also do not complete high school.8

Research shows that over their working lives, the average high school dropout will have a negative net fiscal contribution to society of nearly -\$5,200, while the average high school graduate generates a positive lifetime contribution of \$287,000. Relative to an average person who graduates high school, the average high school dropout will cost taxpayers over \$292,000 in lower tax revenues, higher cash and in-kind transfer costs, and more incarceration costs.⁹ Addressing the dropout problem can help support long-term economic growth within a state.

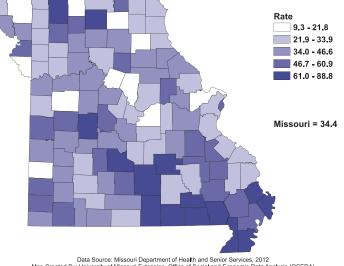
State Findings

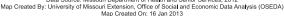
For the 2010-11 school year, Missouri's high school dropout rate was 3.5%, which is the same as last year's rate, and is slightly lower than the 2006-07 rate of 3.6%. This year's figure represented 9,610 students dropping out of school. The dropout rate bottomed out at 3.3% in 2004.

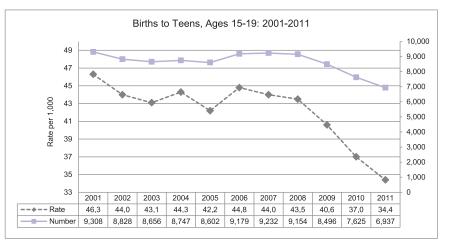
County Findings

Seven counties had dropout rates of less than 0.5% in 2010-11: Mercer, Shannon, Worth, Morgan, Carroll, Douglas, and Oregon. Conversely, almost one in five (19.8%) of enrolled high school students in St. Louis City dropped out in 2010-11, by far the highest in the state. Other counties that had dropout rates of 4% or greater were Butler, Jackson, Vernon, Ralls, Crawford, and Pemiscot.

Births to Teens Ages 15-19 per 1,000 Females by County, 2011







Births to Teens, Ages 15-19

Definition

KIDS COUNT tracks the number of live births to teen girls ages 15 to 19. The rate is expressed per 1,000 females of that age group.

Significance

Giving birth as a teen presents social, economic, and health risks for both the mother and baby. Teen mothers are more likely than other young women to drop out of school, remain unmarried and become single parents, and live in poverty and rely on public assistance.¹⁰ The children of teen mothers also face adverse consequences since teen mothers are less likely to have the necessary financial resources, social supports, and parenting skills to ensure health child development. Research has shown that, compared to children born to older mothers. children born to teen mothers are more likely to:

- •be classified as low birthweight
- •be premature
- •suffer abuse and neglect

- •have lower language and math skills
- •have less general knowledge
- •show deficits in social and emotional skills
- •experience more problems in physical well-being and motor development
- drop out of high school
- •become teen parents as well
- •spend time in prison^{11, 12, 13}

Although figures have been declining, the United States still has the highest rate of teen births among comparable countries. In fact, the U.S. rate (41.0 per 1,000) is significantly higher than the rates in the United Kingdom (26.7 per 1,000) and in Canada (14.1 per 1,000).¹⁴

State Findings

The rate of births to teen mothers decreased sharply in recent years, from 44.0 births per 1,000 teen girls in 2007 to 34.4 births per 1,000 teenagers in 2011.

County Findings

Nine counties had teen birth rates less than 20.0 (per 1,000 teen girls ages 15-19) in 2011: Osage, Nodaway, Adair, St. Charles, Boone, Platte, Shelby, Mercer, and Johnson. High teen birth rates (above 70.0 per 1,000 teen girls ages 15-19) were found in Mississippi, Pemiscot, Dunklin, Harrison, and Ripley.

Juvenile Law Violation Referrals, Ages 10-17 (per 1,000)

Definition

KIDS COUNT tracks the number of referrals to one of the 45 juvenile courts in Missouri for acts that would be violations of the Missouri Criminal Code if committed by an adult.

Significance

Antisocial behavior may be a normal part of growing up—or the beginning of a long-term pattern of adult criminal activity. Many young people commit some kind of petty offense at some point during their adolescence and yet do not become adult criminals. However, studies have shown that about half the adolescents who had juvenile justice records went on to become adults with felony records.^{15, 16, 17}

Because the brain networks responsible for self-regulation are continuing to develop in adolescence, teenagers are less likely to think about future consequences of their present actions, more likely to take great risks, to make impulsive decisions, and to be vulnerable to coercion by peers.¹⁸ In addition, other familial and societal factors also play direct and indirect roles, including poverty, family instability, family conflict and violence, poor parental supervision, and gang membership.¹⁹

State Findings

The rate of juvenile law violation referrals for youth ages 10 to 17 has declined from 54.6 per 1,000 in 2007 to 44.3 per 1,000 in 2011. There were 28,292 juvenile law referrals in 2011. This number represents separately disposed court referrals, not individual youths.

In 2011, minority youth comprised 36.5% of the referrals, whereas nonminority youth accounted for 63.5%. Minority youths continue to have a disproportionate involvement with the juvenile justice system.

County Findings

In 2011, the counties with the lowest juvenile law violation referrals, ages 10 to 17, per 1,000, were Chariton, Wayne, Scotland, Osage, Pemiscot, Mercer, Ozark, Knox, and Worth. These counties all had rates below 13.0 per 1,000 youth. The counties with the highest rates in 2011 (all above 70.0 per 1,000 youths) were Mississippi, Vernon, Barton, Randolph, Putnam, and Cedar.

Children with Limited English Proficiency

Definition

KIDS COUNT tracks the number of children enrolled in Missouri schools who have been defined as having limited English proficiency.

Significance

When children have difficulty speaking, reading, or otherwise communicating in English because of their home language, it can affect their abilities to succeed academically. However, because the source of these data are individual school districts, and because there are no absolute guidelines for identifying such students, the number of students with limited English proficiency (LEP) are difficult to compare across time and across counties.

State Findings

The number of children enrolled in Missouri schools deemed to have limited English proficiency increased from 18,971 in 2007 to 21,539 in 2011.

County Findings

In 2011, the counties with the greatest number of children with limited English proficiency were part of the Kansas City and St. Louis metropolitan areas: Jackson, St. Louis, St. Louis City, and Clay counties. However, twenty-nine rural counties reported zero children with limited English proficiency. From 2007 to 2011, the counties that gained the most number of children with limited English proficiency were Jackson, Jasper, St. Louis, Greene, St. Charles, Barry, Pulaski, and Buchanan.

Licensed Child Care Capacity

Definition

KIDS COUNT tracks the number of spaces in licensed family child care

homes, group child care homes, and child care centers. Beginning with this year's data book, this indicator has been changed to a rate instead of a count. The rate is expressed per 1,000 children under 18. Licensed facilities must undergo regular fire, sanitation, and health inspections, as well as regular inspections by the Missouri Department of Health and Senior Services' Section for Child Care Regulation. Licensing requirements and regulations address the maximum child-to-staff ratio per age group and setting, caregiver training and educational requirements, caregiver age, what background checks are needed for caregivers and household members, how children may be disciplined, and food and nutrition requirements.

Significance

For child care programs, meeting licensure requirements is a first step toward providing quality care. However, licensure only addresses the basic needs and requirements for facilities that provide child care and is not a guarantee of high quality services. Licensed child care capacity, relative to the number of children needing child care in a community, is an important factor in determining whether families can find and afford care for their children.

State Findings

In 2012, Missouri had 151,002 spaces available in licensed child care facilities, which results in a state rate of 106.9 spaces available per 1,000 children. This figure represents an increase from the 2007 figure of 99.2 spaces available per 1,000 children.

County Findings

In 2012, the counties with the highest rates of spaces available in licensed child care facilities, all above 150 per 1,000 children, were Pettis, St. Louis City, Pike, Cole, Boone, and Osage. The counties with the lowest rate of spaces available in 2012, all below 30 per 1,000 children, were Daviess, Caldwell, Ray, Reynolds, and Ralls.

Children Receiving Subsidized Child Care

Definition

KIDS COUNT tracks the number of children participating in one of the following subsidized child care programs: FUTURES, transitional, income maintenance/income eligible, at-risk, and child care and develop-

ment block grant. Beginning with this year's data book, this indicator has been changed to a rate instead of a count. The rate is expressed per 1,000 children under 18 in poverty.

Significance

State child care assistance is essential in providing reliable child care for children of low-income parents who would otherwise not be able to afford such care. Without assistance, many low-income families would be forced to go into debt, return to welfare, or chose lower quality child care arrangements. For center-based care, the average cost of full-time child care for an infant in Missouri is \$8,550; for a four-year-old in fulltime center-based care, the average cost was \$5,950. For home-based care, the average cost of full-time child care for an infant in Missouri is \$5,500; for a four-year-old, the average cost was \$4,800.20 These figures are nearly equal to tuition at state universities. The prohibitive cost of child care often forces families to make difficult decisions such as leaving a job to take care of children or enrolling their child in low-quality care that is not regulated by the state.

In 2011, eligibility for child care assistance was at 127% of the federal poverty threshold, one of the lowest levels in the nation. In fact, Missouri ranks 48th in terms of supporting poor families with child care.²¹

State Findings

In 2011, 49,564 children received subsidized child care, which results in a state rate of 167.5 per 1,000 children in poverty. This rate is an increase from 2007, when the rate was 154.7.

County Findings

In 2011, the counties with the highest rates of child care subsidy participation, all above 200 per 1,000 children in poverty, were St. Louis City, St. Louis, Lafayette, St. Charles, Mississippi, and Scott. The counties with the lowest rate of child care subsidy participation in 2011, all below 15 per 1,000 children in poverty, were Worth, Mercer, Shannon, Iron, Caldwell, St. Clair, and Douglas.

Accredited Child Care Facilities

Definition

KIDS COUNT tracks the number of child care facilities that are accredited by at least one of the following state-approved accrediting entities:

National Association for the Education of Young Children (NAEYC), Missouri Accreditation (MO-A), National Association for Family Child Care (NAFCC), National Afterschool Association (NAA), National Early Childhood Program Accreditation (NECPA), Council on Accreditation (COA), and the Commission on Accreditation of Rehabilitation Facilities (CARF).

Significance

Accreditation is a voluntary process that child care facilities, including afterschool care programs, go through to demonstrate that the program they offer meets the accrediting entity's standards for quality. Accreditation standards go beyond licensing requirements and address every aspect of a facility's operations. It should be noted that standards differ among the accrediting agencies.

State Findings

In 2012, 566 child care facilities were accredited by one of the state-approved accrediting bodies, an increase from 527 in 2007. This figure reached its peak in 2006 (613). Because accreditation costs money, this decrease may be attributed to programs choosing not to keep their accreditation due to difficult economic circumstances.

County Findings

From 2007 to 2012, the counties that gained the most number of accredited child care facilities were St. Louis, Jefferson, St. Charles, Clay, and Lafayette. Twenty-five counties decreased in the number of accredited facilities during this period. The counties that lost the most accredited child care facilities were Jackson, Iron, and Franklin.

¹ Carnevale, A. P., & Desrochers, D. M. (2003). *Standards for what? The economic roots of K–16 reform.* Princeton, NJ: Educational Testing Service. Retrieved February 5, 2013 from http://www.learndoearn.org/ For-Educators/Standards-for-What. pdf.

² U.S. Census Bureau (2012, March), *Educational Attainment by Selected Characteristics: 2010*. Retrieved February 5, 2013 from *http://www. census.gov/compendia/statab/2012/ tables/12s0231.pdf*

³ Ibid.

⁴ Galinsky, E. (2006). *The economic* benefits of high-quality early childhood programs: What makes the difference? Washington, DC: The Committee for Economic Development. Retrieved February 5, 2013 from http://familiesandwork.org/ site/research/reports/ced.pdf.

⁵ Ibid.

⁶ U.S. Census Bureau. *Table A-3. Mean earnings of workers 18 years and over, by educational attainment, race, Hispanic origin, and sex: 1975-2011.* Retrieved February 5, 2013, from *http://www.census.gov/ hhes/socdemo/education/data/cps/ historical/index.html*

⁷ Levin, H.M., & Belfield, C.R. (2007). Educational interventions to raise high school graduation rates. In C.R. Belfield and H.M. Levin (Eds.), *The price we pay: Economic and social consequences of inadequate education* (pp. 177–199). Washington, DC: Brookings Institution Press.

⁸ Ibid.

⁹ Center for Labor Market Studies. (2009). *The consequences of dropping out of high school*. Northeastern University: Boston. Retrieved February 5, 2013, from *http://www. americaspromise.org/~/media/Files/ Resources/Consequences_of_Dropping_Out_of_High_School.ashx*

¹⁰ Child Trends and The National Campaign to Prevent Teen and Unplanned Pregnancy. (2005). *Playing catch-up: How children born to teen mothers fare*. Retrieved February 5, 2013, from *http://www.thenationalcampaign.org/resources/pdf/pubs/ PlayingCatchUp.pdf*.

¹¹ Ibid.

¹² Nock, S. (2005). Marriage as a public issue. *Marriage and Child Wellbeing: The Future of Children*, 15, 13-32.

¹³ National Campaign to Prevent Teen and Unplanned Pregnancy. (n.d.). Why it matters: Teen preganancy and overall child well-being. Retrieved February 5, 2013, from http://www.thenationalcampaign. org/why-it-matters/pdf/child_wellbeing.pdf.

¹⁴ The Annie E. Casey Foundation. (2011). 2011 Kids Count Data Book. Retrieved February 5, 2013, from http://datacenter. kidscount.org/databook/2011/ OnlineBooks/2011KCDB_FINAL. pdf. ¹⁵ Washington State Institute for Public Policy. (1997, January). *The class of 1988, seven years later: How a juvenile offender's crime, criminal history, and age affect the chances of becoming an adult felon in Washington state.* Olympia, WA: Author. Retrieved February 5, 2013, from *http://www.wsipp.wa.gov/rptfiles/ classo88.pdf*

¹⁶ Rivers, J., & Trotti, T. (1995). South Carolina delinquent males: An 11-year follow-up into adult probation and prison [Abstract]. Abstract from National Criminal Justice Reference Service. Retrieved February 5, 2013 from https://www. ncjrs.gov/App/publications/Abstract. aspx?id=161872

¹⁷ Office of Economic Analysis, State of Oregon. (2003). *Previously incarcerated juveniles in Oregon's adult corrections system*. Salem, OR: Author. Retrieved February 5, 2013, from http://www.oregon.gov/DAS/ OEA/docs/oya/oya-to-corrections. pdf?ga=t.

¹⁸ MacArthur Foundation Research Network on Adolescent Development. (2008). *Bringing research to policy and practice in juvenile* *justice: Less guilty by reason of adolescence.* Issue Brief 3. Philadelphia: Author.

¹⁹ Tischler, H. L. (2004). *Introduction to sociology* (8th ed.). Belmont, CA: Thomson/Wadsworth.

²⁰ National Association of Child Care Resource and Referral Agencies. (2011). 2011 child care in the state of Missouri. Retrieved February 5, 2013, from http://www. naccrra.org/sites/default/files/default_site_pages/2011/childcareinamericafacts_2011_final.pdf

²¹ Schulman, K., & Blank, H. (2011). *State child care policies* 2011: *Reduced support for families in challenging times*. Washington, DC: National Women's Law Center. Retrieved February 5, 2013, from *http://www.nwlc.org/sites/default/ files/pdfs/state_child_care_assistance_policies_report2011_final.pdf*





COUNTY PROFILES

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Understanding Your County's Data

Understanding the 2012 State and County Profile Pages

KIDS COUNT provides a comprehensive view of the status of children in Missouri through outcome measures and contextual indicators. Measures and indicators are reported comparatively and as trends.

The 2012 *KIDS COUNT* state and county pages include six outcome measures reported by base year, 2007, and current year, 2011. For four measures (low birth weight infants, infant mortality, child deaths, and violent teen deaths), five-year periods of data are aggregated to provide more stable rates. Similarly, base year and current year data are provided for the 19 supplementary indicators.

On the county pages, both counts and rates are given for the outcome measures. The count represents the number of cases (e.g., children, incidents, events) that meet the outcome measure definition over a given number of years (one or five years, depending on the measure). A count is presented for both the base and current years. The rate represents the ratio of cases measured by the indicator to the total possible population of cases that could be affected over the one- or five-year period. The ratio is expressed as either a percent or a rate per a specific increment of the population such as "per 1,000" or "per 100,000." The state rate is also provided for each outcome measure.

A symbol is provided for each outcome measure to describe the direction of the trend between the base year and current year. A "check mark" symbol indicates outcomes for children are improving, while an "x" symbol indicates a decline in the well-being of a county's children. Detailed definitions of the *KIDS COUNT in Missouri* outcome measures are provided in the "Data Notes & Sources" section.

Counties are assigned a rank between 1 (best) and 115 to describe the relative well-being of their children compared to Missouri as well as other counties and the City of St. Louis. A composite county rank is calculated for each county based on six of ten outcome measures. Four measures (low birth weight infants, child deaths, child abuse and neglect, and violent deaths) are not used to calculate this rate due to instability or inconsistencies in the data.

Using County Data

The KIDS COUNT in Missouri 2012 Data Book and the entire data set are available online on the Office of Social and Economic Data Analysis website: www.oseda.missouri.edu/ kidscount.

The Annie E. Casey Foundation's *KIDS COUNT* Data Center also provides easy online access to *KIDS COUNT* in Missouri data, as well as child well-being data for all U.S. states and many cities, counties, and school districts. Data indicators can be found for such topics as education, employment and income, health, poverty, and youth risk factors.

On the *KIDS COUNT* Data Center, users can:

- Access detailed information for communities across the country for use in planning, preparing reports, assessing needs, and crafting policies.
- •Rank states, cities, and other geographic areas by key indicators of child well-being.
- •Generate customized maps and trend lines that show differences

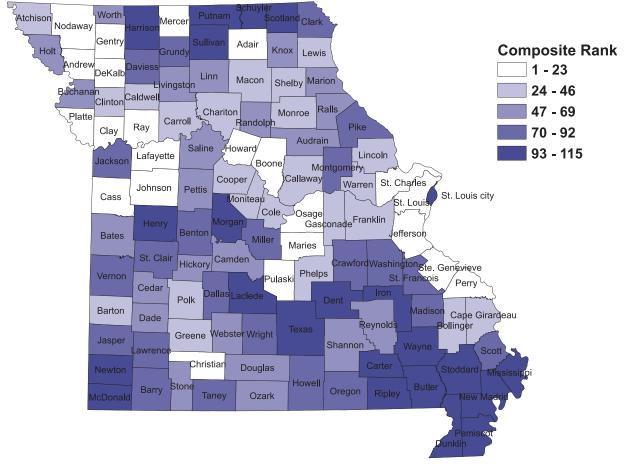
in outcomes for children within or across states.

- •Create graphs, maps, and charts for a website or blog that will automatically update as new data is added to the *KIDS COUNT* Data Center.
- •Share information and comment via social networking sites.
- •Access research and recommendations on best practices to improve outcomes for children.

To view **KIDS COUNT in Missouri** data on the KIDS COUNT Data Center, visit:

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http://datacenter. kidscount.org/



Kids Count in Missouri, 2012 Composite County Rankings

Source: *Kids Count in Missouri*, 2012 Map Created By: University of Missouri Extension, Office of Social and Economic Data Analysis (OSEDA)

Adair County

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County Seat - Kirksville

	Outcome Measures	<u>Nu</u> Base Year	<u>imber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>ate</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank	
	Economic Well-bein	g							
23	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	1,223	1,372	41.4%	47.1%	×	47.7%	30	
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	49	34	16.3%	12.8%	~	15.9%	22	
Composite	<u>Health</u>								
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	125	115	8.8%	7.9%	~	8.1%	79	
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	14	8	9.8	5.5	~	6.9	34	
	Child Protection and	d Safety							
County Trends X = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	6	4	32.1	20.0	~	18.4	52	
<pre>= Better</pre>	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	215	215	45.1	45.8	×	33.7	79	
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	33	39	6.9	8.3	×	4.3	97	
Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	2	2	13.2	13.3	×	59.1	8	
n Composite County Rank	Education								
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	16	15	1.6%	1.6%	О	3.5%	38	
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	25	25	14.8	15.0	×	34.4	3	

DEMOGRAPHIC

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4,768</u> 4,696
Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>19.3</u> 18.4
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>6.5%</u> 7.3%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>25</u> 28
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>16.8%</u> <u>19.4%</u>
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>23.4%</u> 29.0%
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>18.8%</u> 26.9%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$26,449</u> \$28,055
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4.8%</u> 7.5%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>40.3</u> 67.0
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>76.8</u> 111.8
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	$\frac{1}{2}$
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>2.2%</u> 3.1%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>34.3%</u> 39.9%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEALT	Ή
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>35.7%</u> 39.6%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>113</u> 216
Juvenile law violation referrals, ages 10-17 (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>75.9</u> 68.9

Andrew County

County Seat - Savannah

	Outcome		<u>imber</u>	<u>Ra</u>		— 1	0	
	Measures	Base Year	Current Year	Base Year	Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-bein	g						
19	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	804	953	28.4%	34.2%	×	47.7%	5
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	22	19	11.4%	10.6%		15.9%	14
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007-2011	51	58	5.4%	6.3%	×	8.1%	20
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	5	8	5.3	8.7	×	6.9	87
	Child Protection and	d Safety						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	3	3	18.4	17.9	~	18.4	45
✔ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	106	106	25.6	26.4	×	33.7	14
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	6	0	1.5	0.0	~	4.3	1
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	8	4	133.9	66.2	~	59.1	63
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	16	21	1.9%	2.3%	×	3.5%	70
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	21	24	35.5	44.8	×	34.4	72

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population Children as percent of total	<u>2007</u> 2011 <u>2007</u>	<u>4,134</u> 4,022 <u>24.5</u>
population Minority children	2011 <u>2007</u>	23.4 <u>4.7%</u>
Children with limited English proficiency	2011 <u>2007</u> 2011	6.0% <u>0</u> 10
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>10.5%</u> 15.7%
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>8.9%</u> 16.0%
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>17.1%</u> 29.0%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$26,938</u> \$28,741
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>3.9%</u> 6.3%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>57.5</u> 36.0
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>35.1</u> 78.6
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	$\frac{1}{0}$
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>1.2%</u> 2.2%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>15.0%</u> 22.5%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEALT	ΓH
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>17.9%</u> 17.4%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>24</u> 74
Juvenile law violation referrals, ages 10-17 (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>27.0</u> 24.0

Atchison County

County Seat - Rock Port

	Outcome Measures	<u>Nu</u> Base Year	<u>umber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>ate</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-bein	g						
36	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	409	384	43.7%	46.5%	×	47.7%	26
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	7	5	10.3%	9.1%	~	15.9%	7
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	16	19	5.4%	6.2%	×	8.1%	19
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	0	1	0.0	3.3	×	6.9	8
	Child Protection and	d Safety	1					
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	1	1	18.9	20.8	×	18.4	57
= Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	50	55	37.4	47.8	×	33.7	84
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	4	18	3.0	15.7	×	4.3	114
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	2	0	78.3	0.0	~	59.1	1
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	5	4	1.5%	1.4%	~	3.5%	31
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	3	4	16.0	23.7	×	34.4	14

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>1,337</u> 1,150
Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>21.9</u> 20.7
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>5.2%</u> 5.0%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>3</u> 0
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>13.7%</u> 17.8%
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>16.3%</u> 21.8%
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>16.8%</u> 23.7%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$25,273</u> \$27,960
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4.3%</u> 7.3%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>42.9</u> 33.9
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>81.5</u> 129.6
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>3</u> 2
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>2.5%</u> 1.7%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>22.8%</u> 25.0%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEAL	ſΉ
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>27.7%</u> 27.4%
	2011	
Children receiving public SED mental health services	2011 2007 2011	<u>15</u> 26

Juvenile law violation referrals,

ages 10-17 (per 1,000)

<u>2007</u> 2011 <u>45.4</u> 31.0

Audrain County

County Seat - Mexico

	Outcome Measures	<u>Nu</u> Base Year	<u>imber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>ute</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-beir	ng						
52	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	1,535	1,698	47.6%	54.0%	×	47.7%	57
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	110	91	28.9%	25.3%	~	15.9%	91
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	161	137	8.2%	7.2%	✓	8.1%	54
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	13	9	6.6	4.7	~	6.9	20
	Child Protection and	d Safety						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	3	7	12.0	27.0	×	18.4	82
✔ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	258	241	40.4	38.0	~	33.7	50
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	5	7	0.8	1.1	×	4.3	10
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	7	5	83.3	53.2	~	59.1	50
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	58	42	5.3%	3.8%	~	3.5%	106
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	44	31	49.8	37.1	~	34.4	55

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>6,381</u> 6,341
Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>24.6</u> 24.8
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>12.9%</u> 15.6%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>28</u> 63
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>23.3%</u> <u>19.1%</u>
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>30.3%</u> 23.2%
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>23.4%</u> 31.1%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$30,985</u> \$31,877
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4.9%</u> 8.0%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>47.7</u> 76.9
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>73.3</u> 62.0
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>1</u> 2
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4.0%</u> 3.9%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>29.4%</u> 36.1%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEAL	ΓН
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>32.8%</u> 35.9%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>98</u> 301

Juvenile law violation referrals,

ages 10-17 (per 1,000)

<u>2007</u> 2011

<u>64.4</u> 43.0

Barry County

County Seat - Cassville

	Outcome Measures	<u>Nu</u> Base Year	<u>imber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>ate</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank	
	Economic Well-bein	g							
87	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	3,471	3,782	53.3%	59.3%	×	47.7%	82	
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	192	122	34.5%	28.6%	~	15.9%	100	
Composite	<u>Health</u>								
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	222	169	8.5%	7.2%	~	8.1%	54	
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	18	17	6.9	7.2	×	6.9	65	
	Child Protection and	d Safety							
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	12	6	32.8	16.6	~	18.4	38	
✔ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	334	343	36.5	40.7	×	33.7	59	
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	55	43	6.0	5.1	~	4.3	64	
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	17	9	143.2	72.4	~	59.1	69	
in Composite County Rank	Education								
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	64	40	3.2%	2.0%	~	3.5%	58	
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	88	64	72.1	53.5	~	34.4	89	

DEMOGRAPHIC

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>9,155</u> 8,426
Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>25.3</u> 23.9
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>16.0%</u> 19.0%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>483</u> 778
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>23.5%</u> 22.1%
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>24.4%</u> <u>25.3%</u>
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>19.9%</u> 35.2%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$30,582</u> \$32,409
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4.8%</u> 8.1%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>32.2</u> 40.8
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>43.5</u> 46.2
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>4</u> 5
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>5.2%</u> 5.5%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>39.7%</u> 48.1%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEAL	ГН
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>40.4%</u> 46.7%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>62</u> 213
Juvenile law violation referrals, ages 10-17 (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>35.5</u> 33.3

Barton County

County Seat - Lamar

				_				
	Outcome Measures	<u>Nu</u> Base Year	<u>imber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>ite</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-bein	g						
33	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	983	1,128	47.0%	55.6%	×	47.7%	64
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	37	23	20.4%	16.1%	~	15.9%	39
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	65	50	7.8%	6.6%	~	8.1%	31
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	6	4	7.2	5.3	~	6.9	29
	Child Protection and	d Safety						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	8	4	58.5	29.5	~	18.4	88
✔ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	169	154	49.8	48.7	~	33.7	86
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	9	19	2.7	6.0	×	4.3	77
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	5	2	111.4	46.0	~	59.1	39
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	23	10	3.5%	1.7%	~	3.5%	44
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	23	8	55.6	20.8	~	34.4	10

DEMOGRAPHIC

<u>2007</u> 2011 <u>2007</u> 2011	<u>3,392</u> 3,160 <u>26.7</u> 25.6
2007	<u>5.7%</u> 8.1%
<u>2007</u> 2011	0.170 <u>7</u> 14
<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>13.9%</u> 20.5%
2000	<u>20.3%</u> <u>17.4%</u> 24.4%
<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>18.2%</u> 21.5%
<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$25,965</u> \$28,170
<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>8.6%</u> 9.9%
<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>105.4</u> 119.9
<u>2007</u>	<u>84.3</u> 40.2
2012	40.2
<u>2007</u>	<u>1</u>
<u>2007</u> 2012 <u>2007</u>	<u>1</u> 2 <u>5.4%</u>
2007 2012 2007 2011 2007	1 2 <u>5.4%</u> 5.1% <u>36.6%</u> 45.8%
2007 2012 2007 2011 2011 2007 2011	1 2 <u>5.4%</u> 5.1% <u>36.6%</u> 45.8%
2007 2012 2007 2011 2007 2011 HEAL	1 2 5.4% 5.1% <u>36.6%</u> 45.8% T'H <u>39.2%</u>
	2011 2007 2011 2007 2011 2007 2011 2000 2010 2000 2010 2000 2010 2000 2010 2000 2010 2001 2001 2001 2001 2007 2011

Bates County

County Seat - Butler

	Outcome Measures	<u>Nu</u> Base Year	<u>ımber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>ate</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
-	Economic Well-bein							
48	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	1,221	1,377	44.6%	51.1%	×	47.7%	47
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	47	36	21.3%	18.2%	~	15.9%	54
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	65	86	5.9%	8.4%	×	8.1%	90
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	4	6	3.7	5.9	×	6.9	44
	Child Protection and	d Safety						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	4	8	23.9	45.4	×	18.4	108
✔ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	202	123	46.5	29.3	~	33.7	22
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	15	17	3.5	4.0	×	4.3	50
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	5	5	79.0	87.2	×	59.1	84
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	28	18	3.4%	2.1%	~	3.5%	62
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	19	25	34.2	47.2	×	34.4	79

<u>2007</u>	<u>4,347</u>
2011	4,204
<u>2007</u>	<u>25.5</u>
2011	24.7
<u>2007</u>	<u>4.9%</u>
2011	6.1%
<u>2007</u>	<u>5</u>
2011	5
<u>2000</u>	<u>18.3%</u>
2010	26.5%
<u>2000</u>	<u>17.2%</u>
2010	24.2%
<u>2000</u>	<u>19.3%</u>
2010	23.8%
<u>2007</u>	<u>\$26,122</u>
2010	\$28,685
<u>2007</u>	<u>6.0%</u>
2011	10.4%
<u>2007</u>	<u>47.0</u>
2011	35.5
<u>2007</u>	<u>44.6</u>
2012	69.0
<u>2007</u> 2012	$\frac{1}{2}$
<u>2007</u>	<u>3.6%</u>
2011	3.9%
<u>2007</u>	<u>29.7%</u>
2011	35.7%
HEALT	ΓH
<u>2007</u>	<u>32.0%</u>
2011	37.7%
<u>2007</u>	<u>22</u>
2011	82
<u>2007</u>	<u>53.9</u>
2011	42.1
	2011 2007 2011 2007 2011 2007 2011 2000 2010 2000 2010 2000 2010 2007 2010 2007 2011 2007 2012 2007 2012 2007 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011

Benton County

County Seat - Warsaw

_								
	Outcome Measures	<u>Nu</u> Base Year	<u>imber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>ate</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-bein	g						
76	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	1,479	1,571	55.7%	61.7%	×	47.7%	93
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	40	36	24.1%	21.6%	~	15.9%	73
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	59	61	7.3%	7.1%	~	8.1%	47
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	6	7	7.4	8.1	×	6.9	81
	Child Protection and	d Safety						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	5	1	36.6	7.1	~	18.4	12
✔ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	96	194	26.7	58.5	×	33.7	106
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	5	6	1.4	1.8	×	4.3	22
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	6	5	107.0	95.9	~	59.1	92
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	40	16	4.5%	2.0%	~	3.5%	58
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	28	29	49.6	61.7	×	34.4	101

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population Children as percent of total	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>3,590</u> 3,318
population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>19.4</u> 17.4
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>5.2%</u> 7.0%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>9</u> 0
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>24.5%</u> <u>35.4%</u>
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>26.5%</u> <u>37.3%</u>
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>21.8%</u> 30.5%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$24,211</u> \$28,319
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>5.9%</u> 10.1%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>79.2</u> 61.5
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>43.5</u> 74.4
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>0</u> 1
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>8.8%</u> 7.8%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>46.2%</u> 52.2%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEALT	ſΉ
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>48.1%</u> 54.0%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>20</u> 106
Juvenile law violation referrals, ages 10-17 (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>43.7</u> 42.0

Bollinger County

County Seat - Marble Hill

				P				
	Outcome Measures	<u>Nu</u> Base Year	<u>mber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>tte</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-beir	ng						
28	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	970	1,004	49.7%	55.0%	×	47.7%	61
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	33	24	19.6%	16.4%	~	15.9%	45
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007-2011	54	49	7.6%	6.5%	~	8.1%	25
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	10	3	14.1	4.0	~	6.9	13
	Child Protection and	d Safety						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	3	0	25.7	0.0	~	18.4	1
✔ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	106	156	34.7	54.4	×	33.7	100
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	12	15	3.9	5.2	×	4.3	67
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	5	3	112.2	69.2		59.1	67
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	14	6	2.3%	1.0%	~	3.5%	20
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	30	12	66.5	29.6	V	34.4	33

<u>2007</u>	<u>3,054</u>
2011	2,866
<u>2007</u>	<u>25.2</u>
2011	23.2
<u>2007</u>	<u>2.7%</u>
2011	4.0%
<u>2007</u>	<u>0</u>
2011	1
<u>2000</u>	<u>15.4%</u>
2010	24.3%
<u>2000</u>	<u>16.8%</u>
2010	28.0%
<u>2000</u>	<u>17.5%</u>
2010	23.1%
<u>2007</u>	<u>\$24,480</u>
2010	\$29,007
<u>2007</u>	<u>5.1%</u>
2011	8.9%
<u>2007</u>	<u>78.5</u>
2011	68.1
<u>2007</u>	<u>58.9</u>
2012	55.8
<u>2007</u>	<u>1</u>
2012	3
<u>2007</u>	<u>4.8%</u>
2011	6.3%
<u>2007</u>	<u>34.6%</u>
2011	45.0%
HEALT	ſΉ
<u>2007</u>	<u>39.8%</u>
2011	51.2%
<u>2007</u>	<u>28</u>
2011	126
<u>2007</u>	<u>60.3</u>
2011	39.5
	2011 2007 2011 2007 2011 2007 2011 2000 2010 2000 2010 2000 2010 2000 2010 2007 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011

Boone County

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* in Ra

County Seat - Columbia

	Outcome Measures	<u>Nu</u> Base Year	<u>imber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>ate</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank	
	Economic Well-bein	g							
8	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	6,315	8,032	29.9%	37.3%	×	47.7%	9	
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	239	212	11.2%	10.0%	~	15.9%	12	
Composite	<u>Health</u>								
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	763	784	7.9%	7.5%	~	8.1%	66	
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	65	55	6.8	5.3	~	6.9	29	
	Child Protection and	d Safety							
County Trends X = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	21	13	16.3	9.2	~	18.4	15	
<pre>= Better</pre>	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	960	990	29.1	28.9	~	33.7	19	
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	91	114	2.8	3.3	×	4.3	38	
Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	30	24	45.7	32.8	V	59.1	22	
n Composite County Rank	Education								
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	229	191	3.3%	2.8%	~	3.5%	84	
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	174	123	22.5	16.1	~	34.4	5	

DEMOGRAPHIC

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>32,962</u> 34,279
Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>21.6</u> 20.7
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>24.1%</u> 25.6%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>574</u> 648
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>12.1%</u> <u>19.4%</u>
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>15.0%</u> 20.9%
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>25.6%</u> 29.4%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$33,205</u> \$36,096
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>3.7%</u> 5.8%
FAMILY SUPPORT'S		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>208.2</u> 188.6
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>176.3</u> 165.7
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>29</u> 32
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4.5%</u> 4.7%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>28.2%</u> 32.1%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEALT	Ή
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>28.5%</u> 32.3%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>272</u> 663
Juvenile law violation referrals, ages 10-17 (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>86.0</u> 65.0

Buchanan County

County Seat - St. Joseph

	Outcome Measures		<u>nber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>te</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
_	Economic Well-beir	ng						
61	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	6,496	7,216	49.1%	55.8%	×	47.7%	66
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	299	241	21.8%	19.8%	~	15.9%	64
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007-2011	430	502	7.4%	7.7%	×	8.1%	70
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	42	54	7.3	8.3	×	6.9	82
	Child Protection an	d Safety						
County Trends	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000)	20	18	24.6	20.8	~	18.4	57
¥ = Worse	2002-2006/2007–2011							
= Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	1,109	925	53.5	44.0	~	33.7	73
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	26	33	1.3	1.6	×	4.3	15
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	11	14	35.3	44.2	×	59.1	33
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	124	71	3.0%	1.8%	~	3.5%	49
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	222	163	70.9	55.8	~	34.4	94

DEMOGRAPHIC

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011 <u>2007</u> 2011	<u>20,719</u> 21,046 <u>24.0</u> 23.5
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	23.3 <u>15.7%</u> 19.2%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2011</u> 2007 2011	19.2% <u>155</u> 313
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>15.0%</u> 23.6%
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>16.2%</u> 30.0%
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>26.5%</u> 41.6%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$33,831</u> \$37,238
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4.4%</u> 7.4%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>160.5</u> 152.3
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>96.3</u> 90.2
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>16</u> 17
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>6.2%</u> 6.8%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>39.9%</u> 48.8%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEALT	Ή
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>39.1%</u> 46.0%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>216</u> 848
Juvenile law violation referrals, ages 10-17 (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>65.5</u> 67.8

Butler County

County Seat - Poplar Bluff

	Outcome Measures		<u>nber</u> Current Year	<u>Rat</u> Base Year	t <u>e</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-bein	g						
111	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	3,574	3,932	58.0%	61.5%	×	47.7%	92
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	126	147	23.5%	25.8%	×	15.9%	93
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	292	267	10.2%	9.4%	~	8.1%	103
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	35	25	12.2	8.8	~	6.9	90
	Child Protection and	d Safety						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	14	10	35.9	24.2	~	18.4	73
✓ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	537	617	54.5	61.6	×	33.7	110
○ = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	18	51	1.8	5.1	×	4.3	63
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	14	12	104.9	87.9	V	59.1	86
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	64	117	3.6%	6.6%	×	3.5%	114
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	69	89	55.2	68.7	×	34.4	109

DEMOGRAPHIC

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011 <u>2007</u> 2011	<u>9,849</u> 10,010 <u>23.8</u> 23.2
Minority children	<u>2007</u>	<u>12.6%</u>
Children with limited English proficiency	2011 <u>2007</u> 2011	13.9% <u>9</u> 1
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>25.9%</u> 31.2%
Children under 6 in poverty	2010 2000 2010	<u>30.8%</u> <u>42.2%</u>
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>42.276</u> 26.0% 33.7%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$29,618</u> \$32,545
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>6.5%</u> 8.2%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>138.3</u> 142.8
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>97.8</u> 112.5
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>2</u> 2
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>9.8%</u> 8.4%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>50.2%</u> 55.1%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEAL	ſН
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>52.2%</u> 56.7%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>93</u> 211
Juvenile law violation referrals, ages 10-17 (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>77.7</u> 57.1

Caldwell County

County Seat - Kingston

	Outcome Measures	<u>Nu</u> Base Year	<u>imber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>ate</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-bein	g						
26	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	765	850	46.5%	54.2%	×	47.7%	58
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	11	13	8.9%	14.4%	×	15.9%	30
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	61	50	9.9%	9.5%	~	8.1%	105
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	8	3	13.0	5.7	~	6.9	37
	Child Protection and	d Safety						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	2	4	21.0	41.0	×	18.4	104
= Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	66	68	27.0	29.5	×	33.7	23
○ = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	2	7	0.8	3.0	×	4.3	34
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	3	2	88.8	60.2	~	59.1	54
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	7	9	1.2%	1.9%	×	3.5%	52
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	18	8	58.1	25.3	~	34.4	19

DEMOGRAPHIC

<u>2007</u>	<u>2,448</u>
2011	2,303
<u>2007</u>	<u>26.4</u>
<u>2007</u>	24.7 <u>3.3%</u>
2011	5.3%
<u>2007</u>	<u>2</u>
2011	0
<u>2000</u>	<u>15.1%</u>
2010	<u>19.3%</u>
<u>2000</u>	<u>18.8%</u>
2010	25.2%
<u>2000</u>	<u>19.7%</u>
2010	29.7%
<u>2007</u>	<u>\$29,193</u>
2010	\$30,078
<u>2007</u>	<u>5.4%</u>
2011	8.9%
<u>2007</u>	<u>16.1</u>
2011	11.3
<u>2007</u>	<u>32.7</u>
2012	21.7
2012	21.7
2007	<u>1</u>
	<u>1</u>
<u>2007</u>	<u>1</u>
2012	1
<u>2007</u>	<u>3.4%</u>
2007 2012 2007 2011 2007	1 1 <u>3.4%</u> 3.9% <u>25.8%</u> 32.8%
2007 2012 2007 2011 2011 2007 2011	1 1 <u>3.4%</u> 3.9% <u>25.8%</u> 32.8%
2007	1
2012	1
2007	<u>3.4%</u>
2011	3.9%
<u>2007</u>	<u>25.8%</u>
2011	32.8%
HEAL'	TH
2007	<u>27.7%</u>
	2011 2007 2011 2007 2011 2007 2011 2007 2011 2000 2010 2000 2010 2000 2010 2000 2010 2000 2010 2007 2011

Callaway County

County Seat - Fulton

			-					
	Outcome	<u>Nu</u> Base	<u>imber</u>	<u>R</u> a	<u>ite</u> Current	Trend	S 4 - 4 -	Country
	Measures	Year	Current Year	Base Year	Year	Irend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-bein	g						
40	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	2,004	2,182	39.2%	46.0%	×	47.7%	25
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	100	74	19.1%	14.8%	~	15.9%	34
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007-2011	222	252	8.8%	9.9%	×	8.1%	109
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	22	22	8.7	8.7	О	6.9	87
	Child Protection and	d Safety						
County Trends	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000)	18	8	44.5	19.5	~	18.4	50
¥ = Worse	2002-2006/2007-2011					-		
= Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	393	566	38.1	57.7	×	33.7	105
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	41	36	4.0	3.7	V	4.3	45
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	14	7	81.9	40.1	~	59.1	27
in Composite County Rank	Education							
, control	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	47	50	2.6%	3.2%	×	3.5%	96
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	58	41	33.4	24.5	~	34.4	16

DEMOGRAPHIC

DEMOGRAPHIC							
Child population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>10,314</u> 9,815					
Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>23.7</u> 22.1					
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>9.1%</u> 10.0%					
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>3</u> 4					
ECONOMIC							
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>10.3%</u> <u>14.5%</u>					
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>14.6%</u> 21.1%					
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>23.2%</u> 28.3%					
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$32,943</u> \$36,308					
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4.4%</u> 7.5%					
FAMILY SUPPORTS							
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>71.3</u> 101.5					
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>71.2</u> 74.7					
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>2</u> 6					
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>3.8%</u> 4.3%					
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>25.6%</u> 34.4%					
HEALTH/MENTAL HEALTH							
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>28.3%</u> 34.5%					
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>133</u> 231					
Juvenile law violation referrals, ages 10-17 (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>65.9</u> 57.9					

Camden County

County Seat - Camdenton

_		-						
	Outcome		<u>mber</u> Current	<u>Ra</u> Base	<u>te</u> Current	Trend	State	County
	Measures	Year	Year	Year	Year	Trena	Rate	Rank
	Economic Well-beir	īg						
54	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	2,493	2,913	47.4%	57.3%	×	47.7%	71
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	89	71	21.1%	17.2%	~	15.9%	47
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007-2011	152	133	7.4%	6.3%	~	8.1%	20
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	12	11	5.8	5.2	~	6.9	27
	Child Protection and	d Safety						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	10	8	33.7	23.8	~	18.4	69
✓ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	296	377	36.0	46.0	×	33.7	80
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	34	28	4.1	3.4	~	4.3	41
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	10	9	87.1	73.6	~	59.1	70
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	68	58	3.9%	3.6%	~	3.5%	104
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	46	43	36.7	38.0	×	34.4	56

DEMOGRAPHIC

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>8,220</u> 8,190
Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>20.3</u> 18.8
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>6.8%</u> 8.4%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>66</u> 61
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>17.0%</u> 27.8%
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>20.5%</u> 31.3%
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>21.9%</u> 33.8%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$28,080</u> \$29,299
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4.8%</u> 10.7%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>34.6</u> 34.3
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>67.2</u> 67.4
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	$\frac{1}{2}$
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>3.5%</u> 3.9%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>32.5%</u> 44.1%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEALT	Ή
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>38.6%</u> 45.5%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>52</u> 120

Juvenile law violation referrals,

ages 10-17 (per 1,000)

<u>59.6</u> 45.9

<u>2007</u>

Cape Girardeau County

County Seat - Jackson

	Outcome Measures	<u>Nı</u> Base Year	<u>imber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>ate</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank	
	Economic Well-bein	g							
39	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	3,616	4,261	38.9%	45.9%	×	47.7%	24	
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	138	114	14.5%	12.7%	~	15.9%	21	
Composite	<u>Health</u>								
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	362	384	8.1%	8.2%	×	8.1%	84	
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	29	33	6.5	7.0	×	6.9	58	
	Child Protection and	d Safety							
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	8	16	12.5	23.5	×	18.4	68	
✔ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	565	663	34.4	39.9	×	33.7	57	
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	90	84	5.5	5.1	~	4.3	62	
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	11	9	38.6	29.7	~	59.1	17	
in Composite County Rank	Education								
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	113	86	3.5%	3.0%	~	3.5%	91	
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	102	100	32.7	31.3	~	34.4	39	

DEMOGRAPHIC

DEMOGRAPHIC							
Child population Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011 <u>2007</u> 2011	<u>16,409</u> 16,618 <u>22.6</u> 21.7					
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>15.8%</u> 18.0%					
Children with limited English proficiency	2011 2007 2011	18.0% <u>95</u> 83					
ECONOMIC							
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>11.4%</u> 22.8%					
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>14.4%</u> 30.7%					
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>21.2%</u> 31.9%					
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$32,717</u> \$35,363					
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4.0%</u> 7.1%					
FAMILY SUPPORTS							
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>153.7</u> 132.4					
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>109.3</u> 120.4					
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>7</u> 5					
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4.4%</u> 4.7%					
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>30.8%</u> 36.2%					
HEALTH/MENTAL HEALTH							
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>32.6%</u> 37.0%					
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>209</u> 590					
Juvenile law violation referrals, ages 10-17 (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>125.5</u> 61.1					

Carroll County

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* in Ra

County Seat - Carrollton

	Outcome Measures	<u>Nu</u> Base Year	<u>imber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>ate</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank	
	Economic Well-beir	ng							
24	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	810	837	47.2%	53.9%	×	47.7%	55	
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	12	23	10.1%	19.3%	×	15.9%	61	
Composite	<u>Health</u>								
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	26	48	4.7%	8.6%	×	8.1%	94	
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	5	3	9.0	5.4	~	6.9	32	
	Child Protection and	d Safety							
County Trends X = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	0	5	0.0	55.3	×	18.4	112	
<pre>= Better</pre>	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	75	56	31.5	25.6	~	33.7	12	
D = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	0	0	0.0	0.0	О	4.3	1	
Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	3	3	87.8	90.2	×	59.1	87	
n Composite County Pank	Education								
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	9	2	1.6%	0.4%	~	3.5%	5	
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	11	13	30.7	39.0	×	34.4	60	

DEMOGRAPHIC

DEMOGRAPHIC							
Child population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>2,381</u> 2,186					
Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>24.2</u> 23.6					
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>6.0%</u> 7.2%					
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>1</u> 0					
ECONOMIC							
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>17.0%</u> 23.5%					
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>22.0%</u> <u>31.1%</u>					
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>19.2%</u> 22.5%					
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$28,025</u> \$30,464					
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>5.0%</u> 10.1%					
FAMILY SUPPORTS							
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>40.3</u> 23.9					
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>47.0</u> 42.1					
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	$\frac{1}{0}$					
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4.2%</u> 4.4%					
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>32.5%</u> 37.6%					
HEALTH/MENTAL HEALTH							
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>37.3%</u> 40.1%					
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>11</u> 38					
Juvenile law violation referrals, ages 10-17 (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>52.0</u> 41.6					

Carter County

County Seat - Van Buren

				D				
	Outcome Measures	<u>Nu</u> Base Year	<u>imber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>ate</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-bein	g						
107	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	873	856	68.1%	69.1%	×	47.7%	105
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	16	17	20.8%	26.6%	×	15.9%	94
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	30	42	7.3%	11.2%	×	8.1%	110
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	2	6	4.8	16.0	×	6.9	113
	Child Protection and	d Safety						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	1	4	17.4	66.0	×	18.4	114
✓ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	46	63	31.0	41.0	×	33.7	62
\bigcirc = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	1	0	0.7	0.0	~	4.3	1
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	5	1	241.3	44.2	~	59.1	33
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	16	5	4.0%	1.4%	~	3.5%	31
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	10	13	44.6	64.4	×	34.4	104

DEMOGRAPHIC

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population Children as percent of total	<u>2007</u> 2011 <u>2007</u>	<u>1,482</u> 1,535 <u>25.0</u>
population	2011	24.1
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>5.2%</u> 7.5%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>2</u> 1
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>36.1%</u> <u>41.7%</u>
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>23.0%</u> <u>30.9%</u>
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>21.8%</u> 34.6%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$22,782</u> \$25,981
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>6.2%</u> 9.3%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>33.5</u> 23.8
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>128.2</u> 86.0
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>1</u> 1
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>7.0%</u> 4.6%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>54.7%</u> 53.2%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEALT	Ή
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>61.5%</u> 58.4%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>11</u> 26
Juvenile law violation referrals, ages 10-17 (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>26.7</u> 22.9

Cass County

County Seat - Harrisonville

				_				
	Outcome Measures	<u>Nu</u> Base Year	<u>imber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>ate</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-bein	g						
11	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	4,773	6,401	27.7%	36.2%		47.7%	6
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	161	145	12.3%	12.1%	~	15.9%	19
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	391	453	6.3%	7.2%		8.1%	54
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	44	24	7.1	3.8	~	6.9	11
	Child Protection and	l Safety						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	13	14	13.1	12.9		18.4	27
✓ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	596	671	22.7	25.7	×	33.7	13
\bigcirc = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	43	124	1.6	4.8	×	4.3	59
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	17	17	51.4	48.8	~	59.1	44
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	127	114	2.3%	2.1%	~	3.5%	62
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	104	91	31.2	27.0	~	34.4	25

DEMOGRAPHIC

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>26,257</u> 26,067
Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>27.0</u> 26.1
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>12.4%</u> 14.2%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>202</u> 234
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>7.0%</u> <u>14.3%</u>
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>7.9%</u> <u>18.3%</u>
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>17.4%</u> 25.7%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$31,214</u> \$32,957
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4.9%</u> 8.6%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>149.7</u> 149.2
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>82.3</u> 123.6
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	$\frac{1}{4}$
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>2.5%</u> 3.1%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>19.0%</u> 28.6%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEALT	Ή
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>21.1%</u> 27.6%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>125</u> 405
Juvenile law violation referrals, ages 10-17 (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>58.1</u> 35.1

Cedar County

County Seat - Stockton

_								
	Outcome Measures	<u>Nu</u> Base Year	<u>imber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>ate</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-bein	g						
63	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	1,202	1,275	52.5%	56.6%	×	47.7%	67
U	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	37	35	21.3%	23.6%	×	15.9%	84
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	55	40	6.7%	5.0%	~	8.1%	3
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	8	8	9.8	10.1	×	6.9	101
	Child Protection and	d Safety						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	2	7	15.9	51.5	×	18.4	110
✓ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	190	214	55.4	66.7	×	33.7	112
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	9	8	2.6	2.5	~	4.3	26
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	7	1	132.6	21.6	~	59.1	10
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	28	13	4.0%	1.9%	~	3.5%	52
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	27	15	57.9	35.7	~	34.4	52

DEMOGRAPHIC

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>3,428</u> 3,207
Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>25.0</u> 23.0
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4.6%</u> 5.8%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>0</u> 4
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>24.8%</u> <u>35.4%</u>
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>26.4%</u> <u>37.1%</u>
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>20.5%</u> 19.6%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$24,687</u> \$27,271
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>5.6%</u> 8.1%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>91.3</u> 58.8
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>47.8</u> 47.7
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>1</u> 2
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>6.4%</u> 6.7%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>38.8%</u> 49.6%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEALT	Ή
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>46.6%</u> 50.9%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>19</u> 60
Juvenile law violation referrals, ages 10-17 (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>43.2</u> 72.8

Chariton County

County Seat - Keytesville

				P				
	Outcome Measures	<u>Nu</u> Base Year	<u>mber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>tte</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
_	Economic Well-beir	ng						
46	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	461	504	43.0%	50.2%	×	47.7%	41
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	12	16	12.4%	20.0%	×	15.9%	65
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007-2011	26	24	6.0%	5.5%	~	8.1%	5
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	4	4	9.2	9.2	О	6.9	94
	Child Protection and	d Safety						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	1	1	14.8	13.8	~	18.4	28
✔ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	79	48	45.1	27.8	~	33.7	17
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	15	8	8.6	4.6	~	4.3	57
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	3	1	99.6	42.4	~	59.1	29
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	11	6	2.7%	1.7%	~	3.5%	44
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	5	6	20.6	24.9	×	34.4	18

Child population2007 20111.750 1.725Children as percent of total population2007 201122.3Minority children2007 20114.7% 5.1%Children with limited English proficiency2007 20110 0ECONOMIC0 0	
Children as percent of total population2007 201122.3 22.3Minority children2007 20114.7% 5.1%Children with limited English proficiency2007 20110	
20115.1%Children with limited English2007proficiency020110	
Children with limited English20070proficiency20110	
ECONOMIC	
Children in poverty 2000 11.4% 2010 16.1%	
Children under 6 in poverty 2000 2010 14.4% 2010	
Children in single parent200014.4%families201018.7%	
Average annual wage/salary 2007 \$27,93 2010 \$28,13	
Adult unemployment 2007 5.5% 2011 8.7%	
FAMILY SUPPORTS	
Children receiving subsidized200772.3child care (per 1,000 in poverty)201135.5	
Licensed child care capacity 2007 62.9 (per 1,000) 2012 89.9	
Accredited child care facilities 2007 2 2012 2	
Children receiving cash20072.6%assistance20113.1%	
Children receiving food stamps 2007 26.5%	
2011 28.9%	
2011 28.9% HEALTH/MENTAL HEALTH	
2011 2011	

Juvenile law violation referrals,

ages 10-17 (per 1,000)

<u>2007</u> 2011

<u>17.6</u> 3.8

Christian County

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County Seat - Ozark

	Outcome Measures	<u>Nu</u> Base Year	<u>imber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>ate</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank	
	Economic Well-beir	ng							
5	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	3,852	5,521	30.2%	39.7%	×	47.7%	11	
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	123	108	11.6%	10.8%	~	15.9%	15	
Composite	<u>Health</u>								
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	273	338	5.8%	6.4%	×	8.1%	24	
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	28	23	5.9	4.4	V	6.9	18	
	Child Protection and	d Safety							
County Trends X = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	15	11	21.6	12.6	~	18.4	25	
<pre>= Better</pre>	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	552	616	27.7	29.2	×	33.7	20	
) = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	81	57	4.1	2.7	•	4.3	30	
Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	9	16	42.0	62.6	×	59.1	58	
n Composite County Pank	Education								
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	125	38	3.4%	0.9%	~	3.5%	13	
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	99	66	41.4	26.0	V	34.4	21	

DEMOGRAPHIC

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>19,955</u> 21,115
Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>27.3</u> 26.9
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>7.2%</u> 8.3%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>70</u> 109
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>13.2%</u> <u>14.5%</u>
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>15.8%</u> <u>19.6%</u>
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>18.8%</u> 18.0%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$27,530</u> \$29,501
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>3.8%</u> 7.5%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>106.6</u> 128.0
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>87.3</u> 82.0
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>5</u> 4
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>2.0%</u> 2.3%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>22.1%</u> 30.4%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEALT	ΓH
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>25.5%</u> 30.7%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>132</u> 234
Juvenile law violation referrals, ages 10-17 (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>42.0</u> 33.2

Clark County

County Seat - Kahoka

		Nu	ımber	Ra	te			
	Outcome Measures	Base Year	Current Year	Base Year	Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-bein	ng						
79	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	473	540	44.7%	54.2%	×	47.7%	59
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	18	11	18.6%	16.2%	~	15.9%	42
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007-2011	31	25	7.3%	6.1%	~	8.1%	16
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	2	3	4.7	7.3	×	6.9	67
	Child Protection and	d Safety						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	2	9	28.8	126.6	×	18.4	115
✓ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	50	49	28.1	29.8	×	33.7	25
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	22	24	12.4	14.6	×	4.3	113
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	1	1	38.9	43.2	×	59.1	32
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	9	9	2.8%	2.8%	О	3.5%	84
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	17	7	70.0	32.1	~	34.4	42

DEMOGRAPHIC

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>1,781</u> 1,642
Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>24.7</u> 23.4
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>2.6%</u> 3.3%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>0</u> 0
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>19.7%</u> 23.0%
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>15.5%</u> <u>19.1%</u>
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>21.2%</u> 24.2%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$22,251</u> \$23,946
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>5.6%</u> 9.0%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>62.0</u> 35.6
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>84.2</u> 85.3
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>0</u> 0
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>2.4%</u> 2.4%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>33.5%</u> 34.4%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEALT	ΓH
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>36.0%</u> 40.0%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>16</u> 43
Juvenile law violation referrals, ages 10-17 (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>36.5</u> 13.3

Clay County

County Seat - Liberty

	0	Nu	<u>ımber</u>	Ra	<u>te</u>			
	Outcome Measures	Base Year	Current Year	Base Year	Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-bein	g						
6	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	9,234	12,663	26.6%	33.6%	×	47.7%	3
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	357	296	11.1%	9.9%	~	15.9%	11
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	1,047	1,051	7.0%	6.6%	~	8.1%	31
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	75	91	5.0	5.7	×	6.9	37
	Child Protection and	d Safety						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	39	30	18.8	12.7	~	18.4	26
✔ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	1,134	1,210	20.8	21.1	×	33.7	7
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	52	35	1.0	0.6	~	4.3	9
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	33	28	49.9	38.9	~	59.1	24
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	401	322	3.7%	2.8%	~	3.5%	84
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	255	189	37.2	26.2	~	34.4	22

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>54,596</u> 57,436
Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>25.8</u> 25.5
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>18.8%</u> 21.2%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>1,080</u> 1,158
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>6.4%</u> <u>12.0%</u>
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>6.9%</u> 12.6%
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>20.2%</u> 27.8%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$43,428</u> \$46,918
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4.3%</u> 7.7%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>130.8</u> 134.6
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>87.5</u> 90.8
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>15</u> 20
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>2.0%</u> 2.3%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>18.7%</u> 25.3%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEALT	Ή
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>19.2%</u> 23.7%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>439</u> 827

Juvenile law violation referrals,

ages 10-17 (per 1,000)

<u>2007</u> 2011

<u>47.1</u> 25.4

Clinton County

County Seat - Plattsburg

_								
	Outcome Measures	<u>Nu</u> Base Year	<u>imber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>ute</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-beir	ng						
29	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	1,056	1,336	30.7%	40.5%	×	47.7%	13
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	32	27	12.2%	10.8%	~	15.9%	15
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007-2011	91	81	7.0%	6.5%	~	8.1%	25
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	7	12	5.4	9.6	×	6.9	97
	Child Protection and	d Safety						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	5	4	25.0	18.9		18.4	47
✔ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	153	175	29.3	34.7	×	33.7	34
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	12	11	2.3	2.2	~	4.3	24
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	6	5	82.2	68.4	~	59.1	66
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	29	28	2.7%	2.8%	×	3.5%	84
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	29	21	43.3	31.7	~	34.4	40

<u>2007</u>	<u>5,218</u>
2011	5,045
<u>2007</u>	<u>25.0</u>
2011	24.3
<u>2007</u>	<u>6.0%</u>
2011	7.2%
<u>2007</u>	<u>1</u>
2011	2
<u>2000</u>	<u>11.3%</u>
2010	<u>15.5%</u>
<u>2000</u>	<u>13.5%</u>
2010	<u>17.0%</u>
<u>2000</u>	<u>19.4%</u>
2010	28.0%
<u>2007</u>	<u>\$30,138</u>
2010	\$30,482
<u>2007</u>	<u>5.1%</u>
2011	10.0%
<u>2007</u>	<u>65.0</u>
2011	42.3
<u>2007</u>	<u>47.7</u>
2012	56.9
<u>2007</u>	<u>3</u>
2012	2
<u>2007</u>	<u>2.3%</u>
2011	2.7%
<u>2007</u>	<u>18.5%</u>
2011	27.0%
HEALT	Ή
<u>2007</u>	<u>21.8%</u>
2011	28.1%
<u>2007</u>	<u>49</u>
2011	160
<u>2007</u>	<u>23.1</u>
2011	53.7
	2011 2007 2011 2007 2011 2007 2011 2000 2010 2000 2010 2000 2010 2000 2010 2007 2011 2007 2011 2007 2012 2007 2012 2007 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011

Cole County

County Seat - Jefferson City

	Outcome Measures	<u>Nu</u> Base Year	<u>imber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>ate</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-beir	ng						
38	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	3,708	4,775	37.0%	43.7%	×	47.7%	21
U	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	140	110	14.1%	12.2%	~	15.9%	20
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007-2011	369	361	7.6%	7.6%	О	8.1%	69
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	29	40	6.0	8.4	×	6.9	83
	Child Protection and	d Safety						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	10	13	14.5	17.5	×	18.4	42
✓ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	465	501	26.4	28.1	×	33.7	18
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	41	82	2.3	4.6	×	4.3	56
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	15	12	60.7	47.6	~	59.1	42
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	185	111	5.4%	3.1%	~	3.5%	95
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	111	71	44.9	28.6	~	34.4	29

DEMOGRAPHIC

DEMOGRAFIIIC		
Child population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>17,601</u> 17,806
Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>23.9</u> 23.3
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>18.0%</u> 20.3%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	20.378 <u>139</u> 167
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>11.5%</u> 18.9%
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2010</u> 2000 2010	<u>15.0%</u> <u>26.7%</u>
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>22.1%</u> 38.9%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$35,235</u> \$37,680
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>3.9%</u> 6.4%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>121.2</u> 157.1
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>144.6</u> 175.2
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	$\frac{4}{2}$
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4.4%</u> 5.3%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>24.9%</u> 31.0%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEALT	Ή
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>25.8%</u> 39.1%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>82</u> 161
Juvenile law violation referrals, ages 10-17 (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>70.0</u> 65.1

Cooper County

County Seat - Boonville

	Outcome Measures	<u>Nı</u> Base Year	<u>umber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>ate</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank	
	Economic Well-bein	g							
44	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	1,081	1,199	42.9%	49.8%	×	47.7%	40	
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	46	32	20.7%	15.8%	~	15.9%	38	
Composite	<u>Health</u>								
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	81	95	8.4%	9.1%	×	8.1%	102	
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	4	9	4.2	8.6	×	6.9	86	
	Child Protection and	d Safety	1						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	11	1	73.0	6.2	~	18.4	11	
✔ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	151	136	37.7	34.9	~	33.7	35	
○ = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	18	8 12	4.5	3.1	~	4.3	35	
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	2	2 3	30.2	50.8	×	59.1	48	
in Composite County Rank	Education								
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	9	18	1.0%	2.0%	×	3.5%	58	
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	26	19	51.9	37.0	~	34.4	54	

DEMOGRAPHIC

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population Children as percent of total	<u>2007</u> 2011 <u>2007</u>	<u>4,006</u> 3,901 <u>22.8</u>
population Minority children	2011 2007	22.1 9.6%
Children with limited English proficiency	2011 2007 2011	10.1% 5 11
ECONOMIC	2011	11
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u>	<u>12.8%</u>
Children under 6 in poverty	2010 <u>2000</u> 2010	<u>17.9%</u> <u>13.0%</u> <u>18.7%</u>
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>20.2%</u> 29.5%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$28,145</u> \$30,319
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4.5%</u> 8.6%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>153.3</u> 175.6
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>95.6</u> 95.6
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	$\frac{1}{2}$
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>3.6%</u> 4.2%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>27.8%</u> 35.2%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEALT	ΓH
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>28.2%</u> 29.9%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>16</u> 42
Juvenile law violation referrals, ages 10-17 (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>99.1</u> 46.1

Crawford County

County Seat - Steelville

	Outcome Measures	<u>Nı</u> Base Year	<u>imber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>ate</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
_	Economic Well-bein	g						
77	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	1,697	1,880	50.0%	56.9%	×	47.7%	70
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	114	60	33.8%	22.6%	~	15.9%	80
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	138	120	8.6%	8.0%	~	8.1%	81
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	8	8	5.0	5.3	×	6.9	29
	Child Protection and	d Safety						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	9	5	38.1	19.9	~	18.4	51
✓ = Better	Child abuse and neglect [*] (per 1,000) 2007/2011	236	214	38.3	35.6	~	33.7	39
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	44	41	7.1	6.8	~	4.3	86
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	8	10	98.3	121.3	×	59.1	107
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	58	43	5.7%	4.5%	~	3.5%	110
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	61	32	70.4	41.7	~	34.4	67

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>6,165</u> 6,017
Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011	8,017 <u>25.6</u> 24.3
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4.1%</u> 5.9%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>24</u> 12
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>23.3%</u> 26.5%
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>30.5%</u> <u>30.6%</u>
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>21.6%</u> 40.4%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$29,558</u> \$32,034
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>7.0%</u> 10.0%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>75.1</u> 58.2
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>62.6</u> 63.5
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	$\frac{1}{2}$
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>6.3%</u> 6.1%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>41.1%</u> 50.5%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEALT	Ή
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>40.6%</u> 46.5%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>41</u> 96

Juvenile law violation referrals,

ages 10-17 (per 1,000)

<u>2007</u> 2011 <u>47.4</u> 21.2

Dade County

County Seat - Greenfield

		NT	1	D	4-			
	Outcome Measures	<u>Nu</u> Base Year	<u>imber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	t <u>e</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-bein	g						
55	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	640	661	53.8%	60.5%	×	47.7%	87
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	19	17	25.7%	23.3%	~	15.9%	82
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	28	28	6.4%	7.3%	×	8.1%	60
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	2	2	4.6	5.2	×	6.9	27
	Child Protection and	d Safety						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	4	1	57.9	13.9	~	18.4	29
✓ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	85	78	46.7	45.2	~	33.7	76
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	1	5	0.5	2.9	×	4.3	32
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	3	2	114.5	74.2	~	59.1	71
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	17	7	4.4%	1.9%	~	3.5%	52
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	10	10	39.5	40.7	×	34.4	63

DEMOGRAPHIC

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>1,819</u> 1,726
Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>24.2</u> 22.1
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4.7%</u> 7.0%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>0</u> 0
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>17.1%</u> 22.4%
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>18.3%</u> <u>28.7%</u>
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>15.6%</u> 26.8%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$25,043</u> \$27,445
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>5.3%</u> 9.0%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>37.3</u> 26.5
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>33.0</u> 34.8
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>2</u> 2
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4.1%</u> 4.6%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>35.1%</u> 35.9%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEALT	Ή
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>40.0%</u> 47.4%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>8</u> 17
Juvenile law violation referrals, ages 10-17 (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>20.1</u> 14.4

Dallas County

County Seat - Buffalo

	Outcome Measures	<u>Nu</u> Base Year	<u>mber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>ute</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-beir	g						
91	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	911	1,118	49.7%	64.1%	×	47.7%	97
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	85	77	33.7%	37.4%		15.9%	110
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	68	77	6.2%	7.0%	×	8.1%	45
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	12	6	10.9	5.5	~	6.9	34
	Child Protection and	d Safety						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	4	7	24.3	40.7		18.4	103
✓ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	177	233	41.1	57.1	×	33.7	104
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	9	6	2.1	1.5	~	4.3	13
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	6	4	96.7	67.2	~	59.1	65
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	31	18	5.3%	3.0%	~	3.5%	91
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	46	28	77.7	49.7	~	34.4	82

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011 <u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4,302</u> 4,080 <u>25.6</u> 24.4
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4.9%</u> 6.1%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>16</u> 15
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>25.4%</u> 36.7%
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>33.2%</u> 46.6%
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>18.1%</u> 21.8%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$23,182</u> \$26,377
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>5.2%</u> 10.2%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u>) 2011	<u>40.7</u> 47.6
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>34.9</u> 43.1
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>2</u> 0
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>5.7%</u> 6.9%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>38.4%</u> 45.6%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEAL	TH
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>40.2%</u> 45.1%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>24</u> 48
Juvenile law violation referrals, ages 10-17 (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>56.2</u> 50.6

Daviess County

County Seat - Gallatin

		-						
	Outcome Measures		<u>nber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>te</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-bein	q						
73	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	605	625	48.7%	52.8%	×	47.7%	50
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	46	44	33.1%	40.0%	×	15.9%	112
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	46	43	7.6%	6.9%	~	8.1%	44
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	6	3	9.9	4.8	~	6.9	23
	Child Protection and	d Safety						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	3	3	34.7	32.5	~	18.4	95
✓ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	67	54	29.8	24.9	~	33.7	11
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	9	4	4.0	1.8	~	4.3	23
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	1	3	35.3	102.4	×	59.1	98
in Composite County	Education							
Rank	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	12	3	3.1%	0.9%	~	3.5%	13
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	13	16	46.8	59.0	×	34.4	98

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DEMOGRAPHIC

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>2,248</u> 2,165
Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>28.2</u> 26.0
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>2.7%</u> 4.8%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>0</u> 0
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>21.3%</u> <u>26.8%</u>
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>25.6%</u> <u>34.3%</u>
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>15.4%</u> 18.3%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$25,627</u> \$27,423
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4.5%</u> 8.9%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>39.1</u> 20.2
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>26.7</u> 9.2
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>0</u> 0
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>2.9%</u> 3.5%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>28.6%</u> 33.9%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEALT	H
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>31.8%</u> 39.3%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>13</u> 41
Juvenile law violation referrals, ages 10-17 (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>17.3</u> 13.8

DeKalb County

County Seat - Maysville

		-			-			
	Outcome Measures		<u>nber</u> Current Year	<u>Rat</u> Base Year	<u>te</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-bein	g						
14	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	448	459	37.6%	42.7%	×	47.7%	18
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	12	19	9.7%	16.4%	×	15.9%	44
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	34	42	6.0%	7.5%	×	8.1%	66
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	1	3	1.8	5.4	×	6.9	32
	Child Protection and	d Safety						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	3	2	33.9	21.5	~	18.4	60
✓ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	77	50	33.4	22.4	~	33.7	9
○ = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	7	6	3.0	2.7	~	4.3	29
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	3	2	83.6	58.2	~	59.1	51
in Composite County Rank	Education							
NGHN.	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	2	3	0.5%	0.9%	×	3.5%	13
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	14	8	40.1	27.0	~	34.4	26

(per

Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>36.4</u> 40.4
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>0</u> 0
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>2.9%</u> 3.8%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>23.8%</u> 30.6%

DEMOGRAPHIC

Children as percent of total

Children with limited English

Children under 6 in poverty

Children in single parent

Average annual wage/salary

FAMILY SUPPORTS

Children receiving subsidized

child care (per 1,000 in poverty) 2011

Adult unemployment

<u>2007</u>

2011

<u>2007</u>

2011

2007

2011

<u>2007</u>

2011

<u>2000</u>

2010

<u>2000</u> 2010

<u>2000</u>

2010

<u>2007</u>

2010

<u>2007</u> 2011

<u>2007</u>

<u>2,306</u>

2,229

18.8

17.5

3.9%

5.9%

<u>10.8%</u>

13.9%

<u>11.5%</u>

<u>15.4%</u>

<u>17.4%</u>

21.8% <u>\$26,200</u>

\$29,729

<u>5.1%</u>

8.3%

<u>58.6</u>

32.2

<u>0</u>

0

Child population

Minority children

ECONOMIC Children in poverty

population

proficiency

families

HEALTH/MENTAL HEALTH

Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>26.4%</u> 30.8%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>20</u> 48
Juvenile law violation referrals, ages 10-17 (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>30.0</u> 31.6

Dent County

County Seat - Salem

	Outcome		<u>imber</u>		<u>ate</u>			
	Measures	Base Year	Current Year	Base Year	Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-bein	g						
101	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	1,059	1,066	55.7%	58.0%	×	47.7%	75
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	41	50	23.7%	28.9%	×	15.9%	102
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	66	75	7.4%	8.4%	×	8.1%	90
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	5	9	5.6	10.1	×	6.9	101
	Child Protection and	I Safety	1					
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	1	8	7.1	53.7	×	18.4	111
✓ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	148	160	41.2	44.4	×	33.7	75
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	23	13	6.4	3.6	~	4.3	42
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	5	5	98.0	99.6	×	59.1	95
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	11	18	1.7%	2.9%	×	3.5%	88
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	16	30	31.1	63.4	×	34.4	103

<u>2007</u>	<u>3,596</u>
2011	3,602
<u>2007</u>	<u>23.9</u>
2011	23.0
<u>2007</u>	<u>3.8%</u>
2011	4.5%
<u>2007</u>	<u>1</u>
2011	2
<u>2000</u>	<u>24.3%</u>
2010	28.7%
<u>2000</u>	<u>21.7%</u>
2010	24.2%
<u>2000</u>	<u>21.1%</u>
2010	29.7%
<u>2007</u>	<u>\$28,461</u>
2010	\$31,272
<u>2007</u>	<u>6.7%</u>
2011	9.4%
<u>2007</u>	<u>43.2</u>
2011	31.4
<u>2007</u>	<u>35.9</u>
2012	38.9
<u>2007</u>	<u>0</u>
2012	1
<u>2007</u>	<u>4.8%</u>
2011	6.7%
<u>2007</u>	<u>41.9%</u>
2011	49.8%
HEALT	ſΉ
<u>2007</u>	<u>54.2%</u>
2011	55.7%
<u>2007</u>	<u>22</u>
2011	68
<u>2007</u>	<u>43.8</u>
2011	30.7
	2011 2007 2011 2007 2011 2007 2011 2000 2010 2000 2010 2000 2010 2000 2010 2007 2010 2007 2011 2007 2012 2007 2012 2007 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011

Douglas County

County Seat - Ava

	Outcome Measures	<u>Nu</u> Base Year	i <u>mber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>ate</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-being	g						
60	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	1,029	1,069	65.1%	71.0%	×	47.7%	112
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	27	27	19.0%	16.2%	~	15.9%	41
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	55	62	7.4%	8.2%	×	8.1%	84
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	3	5	4.0	6.6	×	6.9	54
	Child Protection and	Safety						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	3	5	23.9	39.3	×	18.4	102
✓ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	122	123	37.7	41.0	×	33.7	61
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	9	15	2.8	5.0	×	4.3	61
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	6	5	122.1	110.4	~	59.1	103
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	7	2	1.3%	0.4%	~	3.5%	5
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	32	16	74.1	40.9	~	34.4	66

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>3,233</u> 3,000
Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>24.2</u> 22.1
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>3.2%</u> 4.5%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>3</u> 1
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>19.8%</u> 22.7%
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>27.8%</u> 36.5%
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>19.2%</u> 27.9%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$31,906</u> \$28,678
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>5.8%</u> 8.7%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>42.8</u> 14.5
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>39.0</u> 35.3
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>2</u> 2
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>5.5%</u> 5.8%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>41.6%</u> 58.6%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEALT	Ή
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>50.2%</u> 67.9%
Children receiving public SED	<u>2007</u>	<u>19</u>
mental health services	2011	30

Juvenile law violation referrals,

ages 10-17 (per 1,000)

<u>2007</u> 2011 <u>32.2</u> 21.0

Dunklin County

County Seat - Kennett

	Outcome Measures	<u>Nu</u> Base Year	<u>imber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>ate</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-bein	g						
112	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	3,879	3,853	68.2%	70.2%	×	47.7%	109
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	216	148	41.9%	30.8%	~	15.9%	104
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	260	283	11.1%	11.9%	×	8.1%	111
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	28	20	11.9	8.4	~	6.9	83
	Child Protection and	Safety						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	11	9	32.7	26.7	~	18.4	81
✓ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	351	357	42.5	43.9	×	33.7	72
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	87	87	10.5	10.7	×	4.3	109
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	12	9	110.9	79.2		59.1	76
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	76	35	4.6%	2.2%	~	3.5%	67
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	97	75	81.4	72.5	~	34.4	113

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>8,266</u> 8,123
Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>26.1</u> 25.4
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>24.4%</u> 27.0%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>192</u> 200
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>33.9%</u> 39.9%
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>37.5%</u> 51.9%
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>28.7%</u> 45.0%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$27,998</u> \$26,389
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>8.0%</u> 10.4%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>84.7</u> 72.0
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>94.0</u> 92.6
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>3</u> 2
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>13.3%</u> 12.3%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>64.0%</u> 68.6%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEAL	TH
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>61.8%</u> 64.6%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>90</u> 178

Juvenile law violation referrals,

ages 10-17 (per 1,000)

<u>2007</u> 2011 <u>65.5</u> 52.1

Franklin County

County Seat - Union

	Outcome Measures	<u>Nu</u> Base Year	<u>imber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>ate</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-bein	g						
45	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	5,223	6,698	32.9%	43.2%	×	47.7%	20
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	244	208	18.3%	16.3%		15.9%	43
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	451	474	6.9%	7.2%	×	8.1%	54
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	36	46	5.5	7.0	×	6.9	58
	Child Protection and	d Safety	1					
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	13	25	12.9	24.1	×	18.4	72
✓ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	698	842	27.2	34.0	×	33.7	33
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	57	109	2.2	4.4	×	4.3	54
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	33	31	93.6	86.7	~	59.1	83
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	172	162	3.2%	3.2%	О	3.5%	96
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	126	131	35.6	40.2	×	34.4	62

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011 <u>2007</u> 2011	<u>25,693</u> 24,784 <u>25.7</u> 24,3
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	24.3 <u>4.4%</u> 5.7%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>104</u> 90
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>7.9%</u> 18.1%
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>8.9%</u> 16.2%
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>18.5%</u> 29.2%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$32,497</u> \$34,015
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>5.5%</u> 9.3%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>85.8</u> 108.1
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>65.5</u> 58.9
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>9</u> 6
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>1.9%</u> 2.8%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>20.8%</u> 31.7%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEALT	Ή
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>21.7%</u> 29.8%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>102</u> 446
Juvenile law violation referrals, ages 10-17 (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>48.8</u> 29.6

Gasconade County

County Seat - Hermann

	Outcome	<u>Nu</u> Base	<u>mber</u> Current	<u>Ra</u> Base	<u>ite</u> Current	Trend	State	County	
	Measures	Year	Year	Year	Year	Includ	Rate	Rank	
	Economic Well-bein	ng							
37	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	1,106	1,294	36.1%	46.5%	×	47.7%	27	
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	27	20	16.3%	13.1%	~	15.9%	24	
Composite	<u>Health</u>								
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	67	54	7.9%	6.7%	~	8.1%	36	
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	7	8	8.2	10.0	×	6.9	99	
	Child Protection and	d Safety							
County Trends	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000)	6	6	42.7	43.6	×	18.4	106	
¥ = Worse	2002-2006/2007–2011								
= Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	100	151	28.0	47.2	×	33.7	82	
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	7	10	2.0	3.1	×	4.3	36	
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	6	3	110.3	60.9	~	59.1	55	
in Composite County Rank	Education								
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	37	20	3.4%	2.1%	~	3.5%	62	
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	19	13	36.4	28.2	~	34.4	27	

DEMOGRAPHIC

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>3,567</u> 3,199
Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>23.2</u> 21.1
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>2.6%</u> 4.1%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>0</u> 3
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>11.2%</u> <u>13.6%</u>
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>14.7%</u> <u>16.4%</u>
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>18.8%</u> 31.4%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$25,957</u> \$28,197
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>5.5%</u> 9.2%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>90.9</u> 82.5
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>92.8</u> 89.4
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>1</u> 1
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>1.8%</u> 2.3%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>25.2%</u> 35.1%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEALT	ΓH
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>27.1%</u> 34.7%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>20</u> 39
Juvenile law violation referrals, ages 10-17 (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>81.3</u> 60.6

Gentry County

County Seat - Albany

	Outcome Measures	<u>Nu</u> Base Year	<u>imber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>ate</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank	
	Economic Well-bein	g							
15	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	460	529	39.5%	49.6%	×	47.7%	38	
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	18	19	24.7%	26.8%	×	15.9%	96	
Composite	<u>Health</u>								
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	32	20	7.9%	4.9%	~	8.1%	2	
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	2	0	4.9	0.0	~	6.9	1	
	Child Protection and	d Safety							
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	0	4	0.0	59.0	×	18.4	113	
= Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	41	62	24.5	37.1	×	33.7	46	
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	8	3	4.8	1.8	~	4.3	21	
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	C	0	0.0	0.0	О	59.1	1	
in Composite County Rank	Education								
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	3	3	0.8%	0.9%	×	3.5%	13	
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	5	7	19.8	29.4	×	34.4	32	

DEMOGRAPHIC

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>1,676</u> 1,672
Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>26.8</u> 24.6
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>2.5%</u> 3.2%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>0</u> 0
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>14.2%</u> <u>17.7%</u>
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>14.2%</u> <u>19.0%</u>
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>18.7%</u> 22.7%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$25,726</u> \$28,498
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4.1%</u> 6.7%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>74.8</u> 53.7
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>117.5</u> 138.8
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>2</u> 3
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>2.0%</u> 1.6%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>20.8%</u> 26.8%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEAL	ГН
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>24.9%</u> 30.9%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>19</u> 28

Juvenile law violation referrals,

ages 10-17 (per 1,000)

<u>2007</u> 2011 <u>35.4</u> 40.5

Greene County

County Seat - Springfield

				D				
	Outcome Measures	<u>Nu</u> Base Year	<u>mber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>tte</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-bein	g						
43	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	14,459	17,874	39.2%	47.4%	×	47.7%	31
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	602	486	15.9%	13.7%	~	15.9%	28
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	1,176	1,309	7.2%	7.3%	x	8.1%	60
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	119	109	7.2	6.0	~	6.9	48
	Child Protection and	d Safety						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	36	40	16.3	16.6	×	18.4	38
✔ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	3,712	2,911	65.1	50.1	~	33.7	92
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	325	480	5.7	8.3	×	4.3	94
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	44	39	48.6	39.9	~	59.1	26
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	532	259	4.7%	2.3%	~	3.5%	70
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	406	298	40.6	30.0	~	34.4	35

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>57,022</u> 58,113
Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>21.6</u> 21.0
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>12.6%</u> 14.5%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>324</u> 659
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>13.6%</u> 24.4%
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>16.7%</u> <u>30.9%</u>
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>23.9%</u> 32.2%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$34,358</u> \$36,559
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4.0%</u> 7.4%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>118.4</u> 136.3
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>125.0</u> 123.5
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>19</u> 20
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4.3%</u> 4.7%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>31.8%</u> 41.1%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEALT	Ή
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>35.0%</u> 42.2%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>367</u> 1,350
Juvenile law violation referrals, ages 10-17 (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>62.0</u> 54.9

Grundy County

County Seat - Trenton

	Outcome Measures	<u>Nu</u> Base Year	<u>ımber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>ate</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank	
	Economic Well-beir	g							
90	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	771	813	53.1%	55.1%	×	47.7%	62	
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	39	38	27.5%	32.2%	×	15.9%	105	
Composite	<u>Health</u>								
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	47	44	7.3%	6.5%	~	8.1%	25	
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	3	5	4.7	7.4		6.9	69	
	Child Protection and	d Safety							
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	2	3	21.6	29.7	×	18.4	91	
✔ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	109	130	45.8	52.4	×	33.7	97	
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	18	16	7.6	6.5	•	4.3	82	
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	3	1	84.5	27.4	~	59.1	12	
in Composite County Rank	Education								
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	16	5	3.7%	1.1%	~	3.5%	24	
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	20	21	54.8	56.6	×	34.4	97	

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>2,380</u> 2,479
Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>23.6</u> 24.2
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>5.6%</u> 6.6%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>11</u> 11
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>22.8%</u> <u>29.5%</u>
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>31.5%</u> 42.2%
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>22.5%</u> 30.4%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$28,377</u> \$31,657
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4.8%</u> 7.2%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>67.6</u> 60.6
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>76.1</u> 52.0
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	$\frac{1}{0}$
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4.2%</u> 3.9%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>35.9%</u> 37.8%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEALT	Ή
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>37.1%</u> 43.8%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>35</u> 93
Juvenile law violation referrals, ages 10-17 (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>82.5</u> 46.5

Harrison County

County Seat - Bethany

	Outcome Measures	<u>Nu</u> Base Year	<u>imber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>ate</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-bein	g						
106	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	683	776	49.6%	58.3%	×	47.7%	77
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	26	29	24.3%	25.0%	×	15.9%	89
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	45	35	7.9%	6.3%	~	8.1%	20
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	3	5	5.2	9.1	×	6.9	92
	Child Protection and	d Safety						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	0	2	0.0	21.5	×	18.4	60
✓ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	57	114	25.6	52.5	×	33.7	98
○ = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	5	14	2.2	6.4	×	4.3	81
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	5	4	178.0	142.1	~	59.1	113
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	8	12	1.7%	3.3%	×	3.5%	98
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	21	17	72.2	72.0	~	34.4	112

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>2,228</u>
Children as percent of total population	2011 2007 2011	2,173 <u>25.1</u> 24.5
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>3.9%</u> 4.5%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>3</u> 3
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>15.8%</u> 20.4%
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>20.3%</u> 27.3%
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>19.6%</u> 27.7%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$23,199</u> \$25,435
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4.5%</u> 7.9%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>85.4</u> 69.3
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>49.4</u> 66.3
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>0</u> 1
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>3.7%</u> 3.4%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>34.8%</u> 39.2%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEALT	Ή
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>37.2%</u> 44.3%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>25</u> 38
Juvenile law violation referrals,	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>35.6</u> 38.6

ages 10-17 (per 1,000)

38.6

Henry County

County Seat - Clinton

	Outcome Measures	<u>Nu</u> Base Year	<u>ımber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>ate</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
_	Economic Well-bein		Ivai	icai	icai		Rate	Ruins
105	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	1,391	1,571	48.9%	57.3%	×	47.7%	72
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	55	50	19.3%	18.3%	~	15.9%	56
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007-2011	88	95	6.3%	7.1%	×	8.1%	47
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	12	12	8.6	9.0	×	6.9	91
	Child Protection and	d Safety						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	2	2	9.8	9.7	~	18.4	17
✓ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	274	340	54.1	69.4	×	33.7	114
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	31	61	6.1	12.4	×	4.3	112
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	4	6	54.5	87.5	×	59.1	85
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	42	27	4.3%	3.0%	~	3.5%	91
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	38	36	51.5	59.9	×	34.4	99

<u>2007</u>	<u>5,067</u>
2011	4,900
<u>2007</u>	<u>22.6</u>
2011	22.1
<u>2007</u>	<u>6.1%</u>
2011	8.0%
<u>2007</u>	<u>8</u>
2011	8
<u>2000</u>	<u>19.4%</u>
2010	27.0%
<u>2000</u>	<u>23.2%</u>
2010	<u>31.4%</u>
<u>2000</u>	<u>24.7%</u>
2010	28.5%
<u>2007</u>	<u>\$29,027</u>
2010	\$31,954
<u>2007</u>	<u>5.6%</u>
2011	9.4%
<u>2007</u>	<u>113.3</u>
2011	104.1
<u>2007</u>	<u>123.1</u>
2012	140.4
<u>2007</u>	<u>3</u>
2012	4
<u>2007</u>	<u>5.8%</u>
2011	6.0%
<u>2007</u>	<u>37.6%</u>
2011	44.7%
HEALT	Ή
<u>2007</u>	<u>38.9%</u>
2011	43.1%
<u>2007</u>	<u>52</u>
2011	149
<u>2007</u>	<u>58.2</u>
2011	38.9
	2011 2007 2011 2007 2011 2007 2011 2000 2010 2000 2010 2000 2010 2007 2010 2007 2011 2007 2011 2007 2012 2007 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011

Hickory County

County Seat - Hermitage

		ЪT	1	п				
	Outcome Measures	<u>Nu</u> Base Year	<u>imber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	t <u>e</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-beir	<u>ig</u>						
57	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	1,065	1,043	56.6%	64.3%	×	47.7%	98
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	20	18	23.0%	22.2%	~	15.9%	78
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	17	27	4.5%	6.8%	×	8.1%	40
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	3	3	7.9	7.6	~	6.9	72
	Child Protection and	d Safety						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	1	1	15.4	14.7	~	18.4	31
✔ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	59	92	34.0	55.3	×	33.7	102
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	4	2	2.3	1.2	~	4.3	11
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	3	2	110.8	77.2	~	59.1	74
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	4	5	0.6%	0.9%	×	3.5%	13
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	12	10	49.4	42.0	~	34.4	68

DEMOGRAPHIC

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>1,737</u> 1,663
Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>19.0</u> 17.3
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>3.9%</u> 6.4%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>0</u> 1
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>32.9%</u> <u>47.3%</u>
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>35.7%</u> <u>50.2%</u>
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>21.5%</u> 26.7%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$22,845</u> \$24,867
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>7.4%</u> 12.4%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>38.3</u> 29.4
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>95.6</u> 102.8
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>0</u> 2
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>5.5%</u> 5.8%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>41.2%</u> 45.8%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEALT	Ή
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>48.2%</u> 52.4%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>2</u> 13
Juvenile law violation referrals, ages 10-17 (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>31.7</u> 18.8

Holt County

County Seat - Oregon

	Outcome		<u>imber</u>	Ra			2	0
	Measures	Base Year	Current Year	Base Year	Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-beir	ng						
64	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	307	257	45.8%	42.1%	~	47.7%	17
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	5	5	9.1%	10.2%	×	15.9%	13
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007-2011	21	28	7.1%	9.7%	×	8.1%	106
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	0	4	0.0	13.9	×	6.9	111
	Child Protection an	d Safety						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	0	0	0.0	0.0	О	18.4	1
✔ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	45	37	43.1	38.4	~	33.7	54
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	7	10	6.7	10.4	×	4.3	108
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	1	4	53.5	286.3	×	59.1	115
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	4	2	1.6%	1.0%	~	3.5%	20
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	1	5	7.3	40.7	×	34.4	63

DEMOCRAPHIC

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>1,045</u> 963
Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>21.1</u> 20.0
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>3.6%</u> 5.6%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	$\frac{1}{0}$
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>15.9%</u> <u>20.3%</u>
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>22.7%</u> 30.4%
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>17.5%</u> 26.3%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$26,435</u> \$28,279
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>5.0%</u> 6.9%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>16.9</u> 25.0
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>86.1</u> 62.3
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	$\frac{1}{0}$
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>3.4%</u> 2.3%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>26.3%</u> 27.1%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEAL	TH
HEALTH/MENTAL Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	HEAL 2007 2011	TH 35.2% 34.5%

<u>2007</u>

2011

Juvenile law violation referrals,

ages 10-17 (per 1,000)

<u>40.9</u> 24.4

Howard County

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С

V

С

* in Ra

County Seat - Fayette

	Outcome Measures	<u>Nu</u> Base Year	<u>imber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>ate</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-beir	ng						
9	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	619	643	45.8%	48.0%	×	47.7%	33
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	15	9	12.3%	7.3%	~	15.9%	4
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	54	49	9.5%	8.3%	~	8.1%	88
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	7	2	12.3	3.4	V	6.9	9
	Child Protection and	d Safety						
County Trends X = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	1	0	11.5	0.0	V	18.4	1
<pre>= Better</pre>	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	107	84	48.3	37.9	V	33.7	49
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	6	10	2.7	4.5	×	4.3	55
Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	2	3	45.5	71.9	×	59.1	68
n Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	18	7	3.8%	1.6%	~	3.5%	38
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	11	9	25.4	21.8	~	34.4	11

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>2,215</u> 2,214
Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>22.4</u> 21.7
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>9.6%</u> 10.3%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>0</u> 1
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>14.7%</u> 20.5%
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>20.8%</u> 29.8%
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>21.4%</u> 27.5%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$24,225</u> \$24,824
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4.4%</u> 7.6%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>73.8</u> 54.9
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>67.7</u> 71.4
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>0</u> 1
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4.3%</u> 3.7%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>28.4%</u> 34.3%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEALT	ſΉ
Children enrolled in MO	<u>2007</u>	<u>35.9%</u> 41.3%
HealthNet for Kids	2011	41.370
HealthNet for Kids Children receiving public SED mental health services	2011 <u>2007</u> 2011	<u>21</u> 15

Howell County

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* in Ra

County Seat - West Plains

	Outcome Measures	<u>Nu</u> Base Year	<u>ımber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>ate</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-beir	g						
74	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	3,425	3,676	55.4%	60.8%	×	47.7%	90
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	132	119	23.4%	21.8%	~	15.9%	74
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	174	215	6.7%	7.7%	×	8.1%	70
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	17	16	6.6	5.8	~	6.9	42
	Child Protection and	d Safety	1					
County Trends X = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	13	12	34.6	28.9	~	18.4	86
= Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	512	444	52.0	44.4	~	33.7	74
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	42	. 17	4.3	1.7	~	4.3	17
Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	14	14	104.9	104.1	~	59.1	99
n Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	87	56	4.4%	2.9%	~	3.5%	88
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	95	82	71.6	65.2	~	34.4	105

DEMOQIANTINO		
Child population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>9,843</u>
Children as percent of total population	2011 2007 2011	9,999 <u>25.5</u> 24.6
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>5.2%</u>
Children with limited English proficiency	2011 2007 2011	5.6% <u>113</u> 118
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>26.3%</u> <u>28.5%</u>
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>27.1%</u> <u>43.9%</u>
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>21.8%</u> 30.4%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$26,848</u> \$30,347
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4.6%</u> 8.4%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>77.1</u> 106.5
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>69.3</u> 73.6
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>5</u> 5
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>6.6%</u> 7.2%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>43.4%</u> 52.2%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEALT	Ή
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>46.3%</u> 51.9%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>110</u> 175
Juvenile law violation referrals, ages 10-17 (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>37.9</u> 39.1

Iron County

County Seat - Ironton

		NL	ımber	D	ate			
	Outcome Measures	Base Year	<u>under</u> Current Year	Base Year	Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-bein	g						
94	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	1,246	1,222	59.6%	65.4%	×	47.7%	101
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	36	20	26.3%	16.9%	~	15.9%	46
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	67	42	10.0%	7.0%	~	8.1%	45
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	6	5	8.9	8.4	~	6.9	83
	Child Protection and	I Safety						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	3	2	30.6	20.2	~	18.4	53
✓ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	109	98	43.0	41.5	~	33.7	65
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	22	13	8.7	5.5	~	4.3	73
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	1	3	27.3	83.7	×	59.1	81
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	13	22	1.9%	3.8%	×	3.5%	106
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	17	18	48.6	55.4	×	34.4	93

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population Children as percent of total	<u>2007</u> 2011 2007	<u>2,536</u> 2,361 25.3
population	2007 2011	<u>25.3</u> 22.2
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>5.4%</u> 6.4%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>0</u> 0
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>27.6%</u> <u>43.6%</u>
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>31.9%</u> 53.2%
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>26.6%</u> 33.7%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$35,107</u> \$34,291
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>5.2%</u> 10.3%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>21.3</u> 9.8
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>69.0</u> 50.0
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>5</u> 2
Children receiving cash	2007	F 00/
assistance	2011	<u>5.9%</u> 6.2%
÷		
assistance	2011 2007 2011	6.2% <u>42.6%</u> 54.5%
assistance Children receiving food stamps	2011 2007 2011	6.2% <u>42.6%</u> 54.5%
assistance Children receiving food stamps HEALTH/MENTAL I Children enrolled in MO	2011 2007 2011 HEAL 2007	6.2% <u>42.6%</u> 54.5% Г'Н <u>46.1%</u>

Juvenile law violation referrals,

ages 10-17 (per 1,000)

<u>2007</u> 2011 <u>34.5</u> 30.1

Jackson County

County Seat - Independence

	Outcome Measures	<u>Nu</u> Base Year	<u>imber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>ate</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-bein	g						
86	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	48,587	54,542	47.9%	53.9%	×	47.7%	54
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	2,254	1,856	21.2%	19.4%	~	15.9%	62
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	4,433	4,263	8.6%	8.4%	~	8.1%	90
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	427	382	8.3	7.5	~	6.9	70
	Child Protection and	d Safety						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	144	132	20.9	19.2	~	18.4	48
= Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	6,031	6,067	36.4	36.7	×	33.7	43
○ = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	795	988	4.8	6.0	×	4.3	76
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	175	180	79.2	80.0	×	59.1	77
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	1,232	1,609	4.0%	5.5%	×	3.5%	113
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	1,336	892	59.0	42.2	~	34.4	70

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>165,800</u> 165,200
Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>24.9</u> 24.4
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>45.0%</u> 45.9%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>5,362</u> 5,884
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>16.4%</u> 26.5%
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>19.0%</u> 30.8%
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>31.1%</u> 42.2%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$45,516</u> \$48,068
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>5.8%</u> 9.6%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>160.1</u> 173.5
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>102.3</u> 140.4
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>103</u> 62
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>6.8%</u> 6.6%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>37.2%</u> 44.9%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEALT	Ή
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>38.9%</u> 43.2%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>1,758</u> 4,587

Juvenile law violation referrals,

ages 10-17 (per 1,000)

<u>2007</u> 2011 <u>24.0</u> 21.6

Jasper County

County Seat - Carthage

		Nu	<u>ımber</u>	<u>Ra</u>	ite			
	Outcome Measures	Base Year	Current Year	Base Year	Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-bein	ng						
78	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	9,514	10,905	48.6%	53.4%	×	47.7%	53
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	492	374	26.2%	22.2%	~	15.9%	77
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	596	595	6.8%	6.6%	~	8.1%	31
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	51	36	5.8	4.0	~	6.9	13
	Child Protection and	d Safety						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	20	33	17.3	26.2	×	18.4	80
✔ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	1,290	1,150	43.7	37.9	~	33.7	48
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	223	299	7.6	9.9	×	4.3	105
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	21	21	55.3	51.6	~	59.1	49
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	302	193	5.5%	3.3%	~	3.5%	98
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	266	209	66.5	53.2	~	34.4	88

DEMOGRAPHIC

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>29,529</u> 30,333
Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>25.6</u> 25.6
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>16.9%</u> 19.7%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>497</u> 889
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>19.2%</u> 24.3%
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>23.5%</u> <u>31.7%</u>
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>24.5%</u> 36.8%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$32,465</u> \$34,911
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4.5%</u> 7.7%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>67.3</u> 93.8
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>78.2</u> 82.6
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>5</u> 5
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>5.7%</u> 4.9%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>38.4%</u> 42.8%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEALT	Ή
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>41.9%</u> 44.5%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>252</u> 1,071
Juvenile law violation referrals, ages 10-17 (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>56.1</u> 49.1

Jefferson County

County Seat - Hillsboro

	Outcome Measures	<u>Nu</u> Base Year	<u>imber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>ate</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank	
	Economic Well-beir	g							
17	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	10,192	12,790	29.7%	37.0%	×	47.7%	7	
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	428	310	14.4%	11.6%	~	15.9%	17	
Composite	<u>Health</u>								
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007-2011	1,061	1,004	7.5%	7.1%	~	8.1%	47	
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	92	80	6.5	5.7	~	6.9	37	
	Child Protection and	d Safety							
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	40	25	18.3	11.0	~	18.4	21	
✔ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	1,475	1,644	26.7	30.3	×	33.7	28	
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	227	282	4.1	5.2	×	4.3	66	
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	49	49	65.4	64.2	~	59.1	61	
in Composite County Rank	Education								
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	295	241	2.6%	2.2%	~	3.5%	67	
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	256	202	34.0	29.4	~	34.4	31	

DEMOGRAPHIC

DEMOGRAPHIC	
Child population <u>2007</u> 2011	<u>55,325</u> 54,323
Children as percent of total 2007 population 2011	54,323 <u>25.6</u> 24.8
Minority children <u>2007</u> 2011	<u>5.3%</u> 6.2%
Children with limited English 2007 proficiency 2011	<u>170</u> 119
ECONOMIC	
Children in poverty <u>2000</u> 2010	<u>8.1%</u> 16.7%
Children under 6 in poverty <u>2000</u> 2010	<u>10.3%</u> 18.9%
Children in single parent2000families2010	<u>20.0%</u> 28.0%
Average annual wage/salary 2007 2010	<u>\$31,890</u> \$33,461
Adult unemployment 2007 2011	<u>5.1%</u> 8.9%
FAMILY SUPPORTS	
Children receiving subsidized2007child care (per 1,000 in poverty)2011	<u>122.3</u> 129.1
Licensed child care capacity2007(per 1,000)2012	<u>61.4</u> 72.9
Accredited child care facilities 2007 2012	<u>11</u> 17
Children receiving cash2007assistance2011	<u>2.1%</u> 2.6%
Children receiving food stamps 2007 2011	<u>20.3%</u> 28.5%
HEALTH/MENTAL HEAL	TH
Children enrolled in MO2007HealthNet for Kids2011	<u>21.9%</u> 28.4%
Children receiving public SED2007mental health services2011	<u>638</u> 938

Johnson County

County Seat - Warrensburg

				Ð				
	Outcome Measures	<u>Nu</u> Base Year	<u>imber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>tte</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-bein	g						
4	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	2,657	2,967	35.3%	40.2%	×	47.7%	12
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	96	61	12.1%	8.6%	~	15.9%	5
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	226	229	6.2%	6.1%	v	8.1%	16
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	22	22	6.0	5.9	~	6.9	44
	Child Protection and	d Safety						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	11	9	22.6	18.1	~	18.4	46
✔ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	279	331	23.5	27.8	×	33.7	16
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	29	20	2.4	1.7	~	4.3	16
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	11	7	44.6	28.9	~	59.1	14
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	55	33	2.2%	1.5%	~	3.5%	35
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	86	41	34.7	17.0	~	34.4	9

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011 <u>2007</u>	<u>11,874</u> 11,920 <u>22.9</u>
Minority children	2011 2007	22.3 <u>12.1%</u>
Children with limited English proficiency	2011 <u>2007</u> 2011	13.7% <u>148</u> 54
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>15.2%</u> 20.5%
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>19.5%</u> 25.3%
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>18.8%</u> 22.7%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$31,097</u> \$34,769
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4.6%</u> 8.4%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>121.1</u> 131.6
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>83.9</u> 122.2
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>4</u> 6
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>3.4%</u> 4.1%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>23.9%</u> 29.9%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEALT	Ή
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>24.2%</u> 29.1%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>77</u> 223
Juvenile law violation referrals, ages 10-17 (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>39.9</u> 23.7

Knox County

County Seat - Edina

		.		D				
	Outcome Measures	<u>Nt</u> Base Year	<u>imber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>tte</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-beir	ng						
62	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	291	315	51.4%	62.4%	×	47.7%	94
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	16	24	33.3%	45.3%	×	15.9%	114
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	13	14	5.6%	6.0%	×	8.1%	11
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	1	0	4.3	0.0	~	6.9	1
	Child Protection an	d Safety						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	0	1	0.0	23.9	×	18.4	70
✔ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	30	21	29.1	20.8	~	33.7	6
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	7	3	6.8	3.0	~	4.3	33
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	1	0	68.3	0.0	~	59.1	1
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	5	3	2.8%	1.9%	~	3.5%	52
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	3	4	20.1	33.6	×	34.4	46

DEMOGRAPHIC

DEMOGRAFHIC		
Child population Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011 <u>2007</u> 2011	<u>1,030</u> 1,012 <u>25.4</u> 24.5
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>2.7%</u> 4.0%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>0</u> 0
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>24.1%</u> 28.1%
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>29.7%</u> <u>36.6%</u>
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>16.5%</u> 19.8%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$23,409</u> \$26,186
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>3.8%</u> 6.3%
FAMILY SUPPORT'S		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>66.9</u> 81.9
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>112.6</u> 79.1
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>0</u> 1
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>0.7%</u> 1.7%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>21.7%</u> 25.6%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEAL	TH
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>33.8%</u> 33.7%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>10</u> 13

Juvenile law violation referrals,

ages 10-17 (per 1,000)

<u>2007</u> 2011

<u>2.1</u> 12.2

Laclede County

County Seat - Lebanon

	Outcome Measures	<u>Nu</u> Base Year	<u>imber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>ate</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-bein	g						
99	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	2,779	3,215	48.6%	58.2%	×	47.7%	76
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	145	107	28.4%	21.9%	~	15.9%	75
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	188	158	7.6%	6.5%	~	8.1%	25
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	26	21	10.6	8.7	~	6.9	87
	Child Protection and	d Safety						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	12	8	34.6	21.5	~	18.4	60
= Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	612	597	66.6	67.7	×	33.7	113
○ = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	81	72	8.8	8.2	V	4.3	92
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	10	10	85.4	81.7	~	59.1	79
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	74	36	4.2%	2.1%	~	3.5%	62
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	86	76	73.6	69.2	~	34.4	110

	DEMOGRAPHIC		
	Child population Children as percent of total	<u>2007</u> 2011 <u>2007</u>	<u>9,183</u> 8,821 <u>25.9</u>
	population Minority children	2011 <u>2007</u> 2011	24.8 <u>6.0%</u> 7.7%
	Children with limited English proficiency	2011 2007 2011	<u>8</u> 35
	ECONOMIC		
	Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>16.5%</u> 24.0%
	Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>21.0%</u> <u>31.5%</u>
	Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>20.7%</u> 30.8%
	Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$27,862</u> \$30,151
	Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>5.5%</u> 11.1%
	FAMILY SUPPORTS		
	Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>35.2</u> 75.6
	Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>38.2</u> 56.9
	Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>1</u> 0
	Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4.4%</u> 5.5%
	Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>39.2%</u> 50.5%
HEALTH/MENTAL HEALTH			
	Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>44.0%</u> 50.9%
	Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>63</u> 161

Juvenile law violation referrals,

ages 10-17 (per 1,000)

<u>2007</u> 2011 <u>35.7</u> 26.6

Lafayette County

County Seat - Lexington

	Outcome Measures	<u>Nı</u> Base Year	<u>ımber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>ate</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank	
	Economic Well-bein	g							
20	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	1,828	2,155	33.5%	41.3%	×	47.7%	16	
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	76	55	17.6%	14.6%	~	15.9%	31	
Composite	<u>Health</u>								
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	132	144	6.3%	7.2%	×	8.1%	54	
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	13	14	6.2	7.0	×	6.9	58	
	Child Protection and	d Safety	1						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	1	3	3.1	9.1	×	18.4	14	
✓ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	275	253	33.3	31.7	~	33.7	30	
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	19	29	2.3	3.6	×	4.3	44	
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	9	8	74.0	65.4	~	59.1	62	
in Composite County Rank	Education								
, come	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	41	15	2.2%	0.9%	~	3.5%	13	
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	49	37	42.7	34.5	~	34.4	48	

DEMOGRAPHIC

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>8,263</u> 7,984
Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>25.3</u> 24.0
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>7.0%</u> 8.9%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>68</u> 53
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>10.9%</u> <u>6.6%</u>
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>14.3%</u> 5.0%
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>20.1%</u> 20.3%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$26,852</u> \$28,940
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>5.1%</u> 9.8%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>102.7</u> 271.0
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>45.0</u> 81.0
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>2</u> 7
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4.5%</u> 4.3%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>28.2%</u> 35.9%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEALT	ΓH
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>29.7%</u> 36.3%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>40</u> 138
Juvenile law violation referrals, ages 10-17 (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>66.5</u> 49.0

Lawrence County

County Seat - Mount Vernon

	Outcome Measures	<u>Nu</u> Base Year	<u>imber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>tte</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-bein	g						
75	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	3,175	3,478	52.2%	59.3%	×	47.7%	81
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	159	136	30.2%	27.8%	~	15.9%	99
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	180	201	7.2%	7.8%	×	8.1%	75
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	22	16	8.8	6.2	~	6.9	50
	Child Protection and	d Safety						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	5	6	12.8	14.2	×	18.4	30
✔ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	396	414	38.5	41.2	×	33.7	63
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	46	44	4.5	4.4	~	4.3	53
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	10	13	77.7	96.3	×	59.1	94
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	70	46	3.8%	2.6%	~	3.5%	81
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	64	58	50.6	46.1	~	34.4	77

DEMOGRAPHIC

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011 <u>2007</u> 2011	<u>10,282</u> 10,038 <u>27.3</u> 26.0
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	20.0 <u>11.5%</u> 14.1%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	14.1% <u>105</u> 138
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>19.5%</u> 27.5%
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>24.8%</u> <u>39.5%</u>
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>19.0%</u> 22.1%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$28,265</u> \$31,086
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4.0%</u> 7.7%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>44.3</u> 47.2
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>53.2</u> 44.1
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>3</u> 3
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>3.6%</u> 4.5%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>29.2%</u> 39.7%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEALT	ſΉ
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>34.7%</u> 39.4%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>70</u> 179
Juvenile law violation referrals, ages 10-17 (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>38.1</u> 16.0

Lewis County

County Seat - Monticello

_								
	Outcome Measures	<u>Nı</u> Base Year	<u>umber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>ate</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-bein	g						
41	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	620	743	40.0%	48.7%	×	47.7%	36
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	29	22	22.1%	20.2%	~	15.9%	68
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	36	34	6.5%	6.7%	×	8.1%	36
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	3	3	5.4	5.9	×	6.9	44
	Child Protection and	d Safety	<u>.</u>					
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	3	2	31.3	20.2	~	18.4	53
✓ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	75	84	30.6	36.0	×	33.7	40
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	10) 12	4.1	5.1	×	4.3	65
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	8 1	71.6	24.8	~	59.1	11
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	6	7	1.2%	1.5%	×	3.5%	35
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	17	12	40.6	32.2	~	34.4	43

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>2,447</u> 2.336
Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>24.4</u> 23.0
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>5.9%</u> 7.5%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>0</u> 6
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>24.3%</u> 28.3%
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>26.6%</u> 32.8%
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>21.3%</u> 32.6%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$26,644</u> \$27,137
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>3.9%</u> 6.5%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>53.1</u> 48.0
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>62.5</u> 46.2
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>0</u> 1
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>2.5%</u> 2.6%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>24.0%</u> 31.0%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEALT	Ή
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>27.0%</u> 32.4%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>31</u> 27

Juvenile law violation referrals,

ages 10-17 (per 1,000)

<u>2007</u> 2011 <u>64.2</u> 30.2

Lincoln County

County Seat - Troy

		ЪT	1	п				
	Outcome Measures	<u>Ni</u> Base Year	<u>imber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	t <u>e</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-beir	ng						
27	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	2,788	3,922	32.5%	44.8%	×	47.7%	23
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	147	97	18.8%	13.4%	~	15.9%	26
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	225	252	6.7%	6.6%	~	8.1%	31
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	18	27	5.3	7.0	×	6.9	58
	Child Protection and	d Safety						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	7	15	13.5	24.7	×	18.4	75
✓ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	424	436	29.0	29.8	×	33.7	24
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	62	59	4.2	4.0	~	4.3	48
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	12	6	68.3	30.9	~	59.1	19
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	76	65	2.7%	2.3%	~	3.5%	70
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	81	53	43.9	28.6	~	34.4	28

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population Children as percent of total	2007 2011	<u>14,637</u> 14,624
population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>28.4</u> 27.6
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>7.0%</u> 8.0%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>71</u> 99
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>9.6%</u> <u>21.1%</u>
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>10.6%</u> 22.0%
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>21.0%</u> 26.7%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$31,719</u> \$33,165
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>5.6%</u> 10.2%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>53.2</u> 45.1
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>37.4</u> 36.9
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>2</u> 2
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>3.1%</u> 4.1%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>24.4%</u> 34.6%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEALT	Ή
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>24.4%</u> 32.0%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>163</u> 392

Juvenile law violation referrals,

ages 10-17 (per 1,000)

<u>2007</u> 2011

<u>38.1</u> 31.6

Linn County

County Seat - Linneus

	Outcome	<u>Nu</u>	<u>ımber</u>	<u>R</u> 2	<u>ate</u>			
	Measures	Base Year	Current Year	Base Year	Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-bein	g						
50	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	1,042	1,063	42.2%	46.9%	×	47.7%	28
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	25	21	14.9%	14.9%	О	15.9%	35
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	59	45	7.1%	6.0%	~	8.1%	11
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	4	6	4.8	8.0	×	6.9	78
	Child Protection and	d Safety						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	3	0	23.5	0.0	~	18.4	1
✔ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	130	194	40.3	64.0	×	33.7	111
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	23	23	7.1	7.6	×	4.3	90
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	2	2	42.4	45.3	×	59.1	36
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	16	14	1.9%	1.9%	О	3.5%	52
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	15	16	31.6	39.1	×	34.4	61

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>3,222</u> 3,031
Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>25.4</u> 24.1
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4.4%</u> 5.9%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>6</u> 16
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>20.2%</u> 23.0%
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>21.0%</u> 25.9%
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>22.0%</u> 29.4%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$29,870</u> \$33,641
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>6.3%</u> 10.8%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>40.7</u> 38.1
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>96.2</u> 66.0
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>2</u> 3
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>3.0%</u> 3.4%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>30.0%</u> 36.8%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEALT	ſΉ
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>32.8%</u> 39.1%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>54</u> 93

Juvenile law violation referrals,

ages 10-17 (per 1,000)

<u>34.5</u> 20.2

<u>2007</u>

2011

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Livingston County

County Seat - Chillicothe

		Nu	umber	Ra	ıte			
	Outcome Measures	Base Year	Current Year	Base Year	Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-bein	g						
49	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	899	1,012	43.0%	48.7%	×	47.7%	35
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	39	25	19.4%	17.6%	~	15.9%	53
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007-2011	66	55	7.8%	6.5%	~	8.1%	25
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	4	5	4.8	5.9	×	6.9	44
	Child Protection and	d Safety						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	7	3	54.0	21.9	~	18.4	63
✔ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	192	129	57.8	39.4	~	33.7	56
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	14	14	4.2	4.3	×	4.3	52
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	8	3	168.5	64.0	~	59.1	60
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	31	20	4.3%	3.0%	~	3.5%	91
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	29	19	66.7	45.3	~	34.4	74

DEMOGRAPHIC

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>3,319</u> 3,270
Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>23.4</u> 21.7
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4.9%</u> 6.7%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4</u> 1
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>17.3%</u> 22.0%
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>23.6%</u> <u>31.6%</u>
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>21.7%</u> 29.5%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$28,630</u> \$30,954
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4.4%</u> 8.1%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>145.5</u> 95.2
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>101.8</u> 97.2
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>3</u> 2
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>3.4%</u> 3.9%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>31.6%</u> 32.7%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEALT	Ή
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>34.9%</u> 25.4%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>58</u> 108
Juvenile law violation referrals, ages 10-17 (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>52.3</u> 38.8

McDonald County

County Seat - Pineville

		-						
	Outcome Measures	<u>Nun</u> Base (Year	<u>nber</u> Current Year	<u>Rat</u> Base Year	<u>te</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
_	Economic Well-bein	g						
97	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	2,209	2,410	60.7%	67.8%	×	47.7%	103
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	159	105	45.0%	35.5%	~	15.9%	107
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	154	126	8.4%	7.8%	~	8.1%	75
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	20	10	10.9	6.2	~	6.9	50
	Child Protection and	d Safety						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	15	6	58.3	22.4	~	18.4	64
✓ = Worse✓ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	252	222	38.4	35.0	~	33.7	36
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	62	52	9.5	8.2	~	4.3	93
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	8	4	98.1	46.1	~	59.1	40
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	24	13	2.4%	1.3%	~	3.5%	28
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	70	32	83.8	42.2	~	34.4	69

DEMOGRAPHIC

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>6,560</u> 6,348
Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>28.7</u> 27.6
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>23.9%</u> 26.7%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>283</u> 265
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>28.6%</u> <u>25.6%</u>
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>30.4%</u> <u>34.3%</u>
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>22.1%</u> 35.0%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$27,406</u> \$28,750
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4.1%</u> 7.7%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>33.2</u> 31.4
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>32.6</u> 35.1
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>1</u> 1
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4.5%</u> 5.1%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>45.1%</u> 52.0%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEAL	TH
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>46.6%</u> 48.9%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>30</u> 134
Juvenile law violation referrals, ages 10-17 (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>35.3</u> 25.3

Macon County

County Seat - Macon

				P				
	Outcome Measures	<u>Nu</u> Base Year	<u>umber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>te</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-beir	<u>iq</u>						
32	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	1,019	1,117	45.1%	50.2%	×	47.7%	42
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	37	34	18.7%	18.5%	~	15.9%	58
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	63	66	6.6%	7.1%	×	8.1%	47
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	5	2	5.2	2.1	~	6.9	6
	Child Protection and	d Safety						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	5	4	34.1	25.6	~	18.4	78
✔ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	138	111	36.4	30.0	~	33.7	26
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	31	31	8.2	8.4	×	4.3	98
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	5	6	102.8	120.9	×	59.1	105
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	13	7	1.8%	1.0%	~	3.5%	20
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	17	16	36.2	35.1	~	34.4	50

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>3,795</u> 3,700
Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>24.4</u> 23.7
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>7.5%</u> 8.3%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>3</u> 0
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>15.0%</u> <u>17.6%</u>
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>19.0%</u> 23.4%
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>21.0%</u> 30.1%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$27,753</u> \$30,034
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4.9%</u> 7.8%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>76.5</u> 60.9
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>53.2</u> 76.8
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>3</u> 3
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>2.1%</u> 3.2%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>26.7%</u> 34.3%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEALT	Ή
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>32.8%</u> 38.9%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>32</u> 64
Juvenile law violation referrals, ages 10-17 (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>79.8</u> 49.7

Madison County

County Seat - Fredericktown

	Outcome Measures		<u>nber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>te</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-bein	q						
85	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	999	1,192	49.1%	59.9%	×	47.7%	86
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	40	37	24.0%	27.0%	×	15.9%	97
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007-2011	67	52	9.2%	6.7%	~	8.1%	36
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	5	6	6.8	7.7	×	6.9	75
	Child Protection and	d Safety						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	3	3	27.2	24.9	~	18.4	76
✔ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	91	148	31.1	50.9	×	33.7	94
• = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	9	19	3.1	6.5	×	4.3	83
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	4	5	97.5	118.0	×	59.1	104
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	29	6	4.3%	1.0%	~	3.5%	20
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	26	19	61.6	51.4	~	34.4	84

DEMOGRAPHIC	<u>،</u>	
Child population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>2,930</u> 2,907
Children as percent of tota population	al <u>2007</u> 2011	<u>24.1</u> 23.8
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4.3%</u> 6.2%
Children with limited Engli proficiency	ish <u>2007</u> 2011	<u>21</u> 18
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>22.6%</u> <u>35.8%</u>
Children under 6 in pover	ty <u>2000</u> 2010	<u>26.5%</u> <u>44.3%</u>
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>22.5%</u> 30.1%
Average annual wage/sal	ary <u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$25,423</u> \$27,098
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>5.6%</u> 9.2%
FAMILY SUPPOR	RTS	
Children receiving subsidi: child care (per 1,000 in po		<u>113.8</u> 124.6
Licensed child care capac (per 1,000)	ity <u>2007</u> 2012	<u>129.7</u> 146.2
Accredited child care facili	ties <u>2007</u> 2012	<u>0</u> 1
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	5.7% 7.2%
Children receiving food sta	amps <u>2007</u> 2011	<u>39.1%</u> 52.5%
HEALTH/MEN	TAL HEAL	ΓН
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>42.4%</u> 51.8%
Children receiving public S mental health services	ED <u>2007</u> 2011	<u>39</u> 314
Juvenile law violation refer ages 10-17 (per 1,000)	rals, <u>2007</u> 2011	<u>52.8</u> 62.2

Maries County

County Seat - Vienna

		Nı	ımber	Ra	te			
	Outcome Measures	Base Year	Current Year	Base Year	Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-bein	g						
7	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	533	708	39.6%	53.1%	×	47.7%	52
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	19	11	17.4%	13.8%	~	15.9%	29
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	31	27	6.5%	5.7%	~	8.1%	6
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	1	0	2.1	0.0	~	6.9	1
	Child Protection and	d Safety						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	3	2	34.9	22.5	~	18.4	65
✓ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	51	48	22.7	22.8	×	33.7	10
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	5	1	2.2	0.5	~	4.3	6
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	2	. 1	62.8	32.1	V	59.1	20
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	10	9	2.2%	2.3%	×	3.5%	70
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	16	7	50.6	25.4	~	34.4	20

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>2,242</u> 2,104
Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>24.6</u> 22.9
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>2.9%</u> 3.8%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>2</u> 1
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>17.3%</u> 20.4%
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>19.7%</u> 22.0%
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>19.5%</u> 30.0%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$25,363</u> \$26,879
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>5.1%</u> 7.3%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>20.4</u> 35.1
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>40.1</u> 38.0
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>0</u> 0
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4.2%</u> 2.8%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>28.9%</u> 31.5%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEALT	ſΉ
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>30.5%</u> 33.0%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>12</u> 25

Juvenile law violation referrals,

ages 10-17 (per 1,000)

<u>2007</u> 2011

<u>19.3</u> 30.4

Marion County

County Seat - Palmyra

	Outcome Measures	<u>Nu</u> Base Year	<u>imber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>te</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-bein	g						
47	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	2,199	2,407	44.9%	50.3%	×	47.7%	44
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	90	66	19.9%	17.2%	~	15.9%	50
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	170	149	8.8%	7.7%	~	8.1%	70
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	11	21	5.7	10.9	×	6.9	104
	Child Protection and	d Safety						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	3	6	10.6	20.8	×	18.4	57
✔ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	272	415	39.8	60.9	×	33.7	109
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	16	18	2.3	2.6	×	4.3	28
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	5	7	48.6	74.2	×	59.1	71
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	80	23	5.1%	1.6%	~	3.5%	38
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	53	31	53.2	32.9	~	34.4	45

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>6,830</u> 6,812
Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>24.2</u> 23.7
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>11.0%</u> 13.3%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>1</u> 6
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>15.3%</u> 21.4%
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>20.2%</u> 29.4%
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>24.5%</u> 39.7%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$30,983</u> \$33,342
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>5.3%</u> 7.5%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>115.5</u> 128.9
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>131.9</u> 112.6
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>6</u> 4
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>5.2%</u> 5.8%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>39.2%</u> 45.2%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEALT	Ή
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>42.8%</u> 48.4%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>129</u> 306
Juvenile law violation referrals, ages 10-17 (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>56.2</u> 42.6

Mercer County

County Seat - Princeton

	Outcome Measures		<u>mber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>te</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank	
	Economic Well-bein	g							
21	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	248	271	43.9%	49.5%	×	47.7%	37	
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	13	14	28.3%	35.9%	×	15.9%	109	
Composite	<u>Health</u>								
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007-2011	21	18	9.1%	8.5%	~	8.1%	93	
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	4	1	17.3	4.7	~	6.9	20	
	Child Protection and	d Safety							
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	1	1	31.7	25.9	~	18.4	79	
= Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	14	18	15.8	19.0	×	33.7	5	
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	0	0	0.0	0.0	О	4.3	1	
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	1	2	87.8	163.0	×	59.1	114	
in Composite County Rank	Education								
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	1	0	0.5%	0.0%	~	3.5%	1	
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	4	2	39.2	16.8	~	34.4	8	

DEMOGRAPHIC

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population Children as percent of total	<u>2007</u> 2011 2007	<u>885</u> 946 25.2
population	2011	24.9
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>2.8%</u> 4.0%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>0</u> 0
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>13.3%</u> 17.4%
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>8.0%</u> 10.8%
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>19.6%</u> 26.6%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$41,934</u> \$41,278
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4.1%</u> 6.4%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>43.2</u> 7.1
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>80.2</u> 71.9
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>2</u> 2
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>2.3%</u> 2.3%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>22.5%</u> 25.4%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEALT	Ή
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>29.7%</u> 28.3%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>6</u> 16
Juvenile law violation referrals, ages 10-17 (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>21.6</u> 11.0

Miller County

County Seat - Tuscumbia

	Outcome Measures		<u>nber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>te</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-bein	q						
72	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	2,176	2,725	44.4%	55.7%	×	47.7%	65
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	83	47	24.4%	17.2%	~	15.9%	48
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	120	102	7.4%	6.5%	~	8.1%	25
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	8	12	4.9	7.6	×	6.9	72
	Child Protection and	d Safety						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	8	7	32.8	27.4	~	18.4	84
✓ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	340	318	54.8	52.4	~	33.7	96
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	28	47	4.5	7.7	×	4.3	91
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	11	3	128.2	36.5	~	59.1	23
in Composite County Rank	Education							
INGLIA	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	28	48	1.8%	3.3%	×	3.5%	98
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	48	30	57.5	39.0	~	34.4	59

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population Children as percent of total	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>6,210</u> 6,074
population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>24.9</u> 24.5
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4.6%</u> 5.8%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>20</u> 17
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>19.3%</u> 24.9%
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>24.8%</u> 24.0%
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>20.7%</u> 30.6%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$26,867</u> \$29,331
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>5.2%</u> 11.3%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>38.5</u> 27.8
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>56.0</u> 76.1
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>0</u> 0
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4.8%</u> 5.5%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>36.7%</u> 47.0%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEALT	Ή
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>41.9%</u> 48.8%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>30</u> 91

Juvenile law violation referrals,

ages 10-17 (per 1,000)

<u>2007</u> 2011

<u>48.2</u> 50.5

Mississippi County

County Seat - Charleston

	Outcome Measures	<u>Nur</u> Base Year	<u>nber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>te</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-beir	ng						
110	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	1,554	1,446	71.1%	70.3%	~	47.7%	110
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	53	56	29.3%	28.9%	~	15.9%	101
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	115	111	11.9%	12.1%	×	8.1%	113
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	5	6	5.2	6.5	×	6.9	52
	Child Protection an	d Safety						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	8	2	59.7	15.2	~	18.4	34
✓ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	108	131	33.4	41.4	×	33.7	64
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	5	17	1.5	5.4	×	4.3	69
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	2	0	40.8	0.0	~	59.1	1
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	13	13	2.2%	2.3%	×	3.5%	70
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	33	34	79.7	88.8	×	34.4	115

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>3,229</u> 3,166
Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>23.6</u> 22.1
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>31.0%</u> 30.2%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4</u> 1
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>31.7%</u> <u>33.4%</u>
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>27.0%</u> <u>32.2%</u>
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>35.3%</u> 53.6%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$27,328</u> \$28,733
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>6.5%</u> 10.5%
FAMILY SUPPORT'S		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>269.4</u> 211.6
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>93.5</u> 78.3
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>0</u> 0
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>13.1%</u> 10.7%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>62.6%</u> 67.5%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEALT	Ή
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>63.8%</u> 65.4%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>58</u> 137
Juvenile law violation referrals, ages 10-17 (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>144.0</u> 96.3

Moniteau County

County Seat - California

	Outcome Measures	<u>Num</u> Base (Year	i <u>ber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>te</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-bein	g						
30	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	901	997	39.5%	44.5%	×	47.7%	22
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	68	50	28.8%	25.0%	~	15.9%	89
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	69	64	6.5%	6.0%	~	8.1%	11
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	3	7	2.8	6.6	×	6.9	54
	Child Protection and	d Safety						
County Trends	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000)	5	6	33.1	37.0	×	18.4	98
¥ = Worse	2002-2006/2007-2011							
= Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	155	141	39.7	36.2		33.7	41
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	10	6	2.6	1.5	~	4.3	14
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	8	5	157.1	96.1	~	59.1	93
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	28	11	3.9%	1.6%	~	3.5%	38
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	23	14	44.7	29.8		34.4	34

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>3,909</u> 3,898
Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>25.8</u> 24.8
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>7.4%</u> 9.8%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>100</u> 104
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>13.1%</u> 17.7%
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>14.9%</u> 21.4%
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>20.8%</u> 30.2%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$27,011</u> \$28,093
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4.6%</u> 7.6%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>75.4</u> 157.4
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>81.6</u> 93.1
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>0</u> 0
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>2.2%</u> 2.2%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>22.9%</u> 28.2%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEALT	ΓH
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>26.5%</u> 28.1%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>23</u> 24
Juvenile law violation referrals, ages 10-17 (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>28.7</u> 15.3

Monroe County

County Seat - Paris

	Outcome Measures	<u>Nu</u> Base Year	<u>imber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>ate</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-bein	g						
25	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	673	727	42.6%	52.0%	×	47.7%	49
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	25	15	27.5%	15.6%	~	15.9%	37
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	45	48	8.5%	9.8%	×	8.1%	107
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	2	0	3.8	0.0	~	6.9	1
	Child Protection and	d Safety						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	0	1	0.0	11.5	×	18.4	23
✔ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	58	82	25.4	41.6	×	33.7	67
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	4	8	1.8	4.1	×	4.3	51
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	5	4	153.1	131.3	~	59.1	109
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	17	11	3.0%	2.2%	~	3.5%	67
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	11	13	33.1	46.1	×	34.4	76

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>2,282</u> 1,971
Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>24.8</u> 22.6
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>8.0%</u> 8.2%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>5</u> 6
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>14.0%</u> <u>19.9%</u>
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>14.9%</u> 22.9%
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>16.3%</u> 28.6%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$25,737</u> \$29,061
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>5.7%</u> 10.6%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>46.0</u> 85.2
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>107.8</u> 66.5
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>1</u> 1
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>1.5%</u> 3.8%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>22.2%</u> 32.0%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEALT	H
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>25.6%</u> 37.0%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>29</u> 56
Juvenile law violation referrals, ages 10-17 (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>51.8</u> 49.2

Montgomery County

County Seat - Montgomery City

								-
	Outcome Measures	<u>Num</u> Base (Year	<u>iber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>te</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-beir	ng						
88	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	771	932	43.0%	55.5%	×	47.7%	63
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	32	26	21.5%	15.6%	~	15.9%	36
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	66	54	8.2%	7.2%	~	8.1%	54
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	7	6	8.7	8.0	~	6.9	78
	Child Protection an	d Safety						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	4	2	35.1	16.9	~	18.4	40
✓ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	106	137	36.5	47.9	×	33.7	85
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	11	29	3.8	10.1	×	4.3	106
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	3	5	69.2	122.4	×	59.1	108
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	22	13	3.7%	2.5%	~	3.5%	76
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	17	19	41.6	56.0	×	34.4	95

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>2,906</u> 2,861
Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>24.4</u> 23.3
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>5.2%</u> 6.7%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>0</u> 2
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>15.6%</u> 22.2%
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>17.6%</u> 27.1%
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>20.6%</u> 37.8%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$27,347</u> \$28,194
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>5.4%</u> 10.1%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>40.3</u> 32.4
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>46.1</u> 48.9
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>0</u> 0
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>3.6%</u> 4.9%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>30.8%</u> 42.1%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEALT	Ή
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>37.3%</u> 48.1%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>36</u> 120

Juvenile law violation referrals,

ages 10-17 (per 1,000)

<u>31.2</u> 23.6

<u>2007</u>

Morgan County

County Seat - Versailles

		NL	<u>ımber</u>	D	ate			
	Outcome Measures	Base Year	Current Year	Base Year	Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-bein	g						
100	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	1,342	1,243	61.9%	64.1%	×	47.7%	96
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	119	106	41.0%	41.7%	×	15.9%	113
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007-2011	89	78	6.9%	6.0%	~	8.1%	11
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	12	13	9.3	10.0	×	6.9	99
	Child Protection and	d Safety						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	9	2	48.4	10.7	~	18.4	20
✔ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	207	218	44.1	49.2	×	33.7	89
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	23	16	4.9	3.6	~	4.3	43
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	6	7	91.8	106.3	×	59.1	100
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	31	1	4.1%	0.2%	~	3.5%	4
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	38	31	54.1	51.8	~	34.4	85

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4,691</u> 4,429
Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>22.5</u> 21.6
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>5.0%</u> 6.6%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>0</u> 2
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>25.6%</u> <u>31.1%</u>
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>28.0%</u> <u>35.0%</u>
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>18.0%</u> 29.5%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$23,698</u> \$25,966
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>6.1%</u> 11.5%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>77.9</u> 19.7
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>38.8</u> 41.1
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>0</u> 0
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4.6%</u> 5.7%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>36.6%</u> 42.9%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEALT	Ή
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>44.1%</u> 51.3%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>31</u> 63

Juvenile law violation referrals,

ages 10-17 (per 1,000)

<u>2007</u> 2011 <u>47.6</u> 35.0

New Madrid County

County Seat - New Madrid

	Outcome Measures	<u>Nun</u> Base (Year	<u>nber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>te</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-beir	g						
103	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	1,800	1,724	61.5%	64.7%	×	47.7%	99
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	67	51	27.9%	24.4%	~	15.9%	88
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	145	147	11.7%	12.2%	×	8.1%	114
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	10	14	8.1	11.7	×	6.9	109
	Child Protection an	d Safety						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	5	7	27.1	37.7	×	18.4	99
✓ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	162	188	35.6	42.3	×	33.7	69
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	37	31	8.1	7.0	~	4.3	87
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	7	4	108.3	61.2	~	59.1	56
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	26	12	2.8%	1.5%	~	3.5%	35
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	45	31	73.3	53.9	~	34.4	91

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4,553</u> 4,441
Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>25.6</u> 23.6
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>26.0%</u> 24.9%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>3</u> 0
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>31.4%</u> 33.3%
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>39.1%</u> <u>46.6%</u>
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>30.7%</u> 42.4%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$34,818</u> \$36,702
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>6.8%</u> 9.5%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>115.7</u> 124.5
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>87.9</u> 95.5
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>0</u> 1
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>10.4%</u> 8.7%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>51.2%</u> 55.0%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEALT	Ή
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>55.9%</u> 58.4%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>55</u> 132
Juvenile law violation referrals, ages 10-17 (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>62.2</u> 40.7

Newton County

County Seat - Neosho

	Outcome Measures	<u>Nı</u> Base Year	<u>imber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>ate</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank	
	Economic Well-bein	g							
95	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	4,545	4,984	52.1%	59.7%	×	47.7%	85	
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	217	159	26.1%	21.1%	~	15.9%	71	
Composite	<u>Health</u>								
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	259	273	7.0%	7.1%	×	8.1%	47	
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	28	28	7.6	7.3	~	6.9	67	
	Child Protection and	d Safety							
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	18	9	32.2	14.9	~	18.4	32	
= Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	530	468	35.6	31.8	~	33.7	31	
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	170	179	11.4	12.2	×	4.3	111	
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	23	18	119.3	82.6	~	59.1	80	
in Composite County Rank	Education								
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	91	63	3.3%	2.5%	~	3.5%	76	
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	110	93	51.6	47.5	~	34.4	80	

DEMOGRAPHIC

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>14,898</u> 14,714
Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>26.6</u> 25.2
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>14.6%</u> 17.2%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>283</u> 390
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>14.2%</u> 23.1%
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>17.5%</u> 27.4%
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>19.5%</u> 28.2%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$32,025</u> \$34,669
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4.7%</u> 7.9%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>60.8</u> 79.3
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>55.3</u> 78.2
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	$\frac{1}{2}$
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>2.6%</u> 3.5%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>29.8%</u> 39.4%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEALT	ſΉ
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>33.9%</u> 41.8%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>108</u> 363
Juvenile law violation referrals, ages 10-17 (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>54.1</u> 36.4

Nodaway County

County Seat - Maryville

	Outcome Measures	<u>Nu</u> Base Year	<u>imber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>ate</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-bein	g						
16	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	975	993	36.2%	37.9%	×	47.7%	10
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	10	18	4.4%	8.7%	×	15.9%	6
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	97	71	8.3%	6.0%	v	8.1%	11
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	8	6	6.8	5.1	~	6.9	26
	Child Protection and	l Safety						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	1	3	6.4	17.5	×	18.4	42
✓ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	94	124	22.3	29.2	×	33.7	21
\bigcirc = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	5	51	1.2	12.0	×	4.3	110
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	4	2	33.2	14.3	~	59.1	9
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	20	16	2.1%	1.9%	~	3.5%	52
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	20	16	13.3	10.3	~	34.4	2

DEMOGRAPHIC

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population Children as percent of total	<u>2007</u> 2011 <u>2007</u>	<u>4,222</u> 4,242 <u>19.1</u>
population Minority children	2011 <u>2007</u>	18.1 <u>3.9%</u>
Children with limited English proficiency	2011 2007 2011	5.5% <u>17</u> 13
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>11.2%</u> 25.6%
Children under 6 in poverty	2010 2000 2010	<u>23.6%</u> 13.6% 29.5%
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>17.3%</u> 20.5%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$29,121</u> \$31,205
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>3.7%</u> 6.8%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>40.5</u> 27.8
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>94.0</u> 121.2
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>6</u> 6
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>1.7%</u> 1.7%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>16.3%</u> 21.1%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEAL	ΓΉ
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>18.8%</u> 22.2%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>21</u> 60
Juvenile law violation referrals, ages 10-17 (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>29.9</u> 24.4

Oregon County

County Seat - Alton

	Outcome	<u>Nı</u>	<u>ımber</u>	<u>Ra</u>	<u>ite</u>			
	Measures	Base Year	Current Year	Base Year	Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-beir	ng						
71	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	1,095	1,163	58.7%	67.1%	×	47.7%	102
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	29	17	22.8%	12.9%	~	15.9%	23
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	47	53	8.3%	8.7%	×	8.1%	95
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	0	6	0.0	9.8	×	6.9	98
	Child Protection an	d Safety						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	0	3	0.0	31.1	×	18.4	94
✔ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	72	102	28.8	41.5	×	33.7	66
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	3	6	1.2	2.4	×	4.3	25
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	3	4	86.4	100.9	×	59.1	96
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	13	3	1.7%	0.4%	~	3.5%	5
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	17	21	46.1	62.3	×	34.4	102

DEMOGRAPHIC

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>2,501</u> 2,455
population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>24.3</u> 22.3
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4.6%</u> 6.4%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>0</u> 0
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>28.2%</u> <u>32.3%</u>
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>29.6%</u> <u>38.8%</u>
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>21.1%</u> 32.9%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$25,993</u> \$26,387
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>5.1%</u> 8.7%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>90.5</u> 58.7
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>88.4</u> 48.9
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>2</u> 3
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>6.5%</u> 7.1%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>45.3%</u> 55.3%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEALT	Ή
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>51.4%</u> 60.4%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>41</u> 46
Juvenile law violation referrals, ages 10-17 (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>32.1</u> 23.0
0 1 7		
	Child population Children as percent of total population Minority children Children with limited English proficiency ECONOMIC Children in poverty Children under 6 in poverty Children under 6 in poverty Children in single parent families Average annual wage/salary Adult unemployment FAMILLY SUPPORTS Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty) Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty) Children receiving cash assistance Children receiving food stamps HEALTH/MENTAL I Children receiving public SED mental health services	Child population2007 2011Children as percent of total population2007 2011Minority children2007 2011Children with limited English proficiency2007 2011ECONOMIC2000 2010Children in poverty2000 2010Children under 6 in poverty2000 2010Children in single parent families2000 2010Average annual wage/salary 2007 20112007 2011FAMILLY SUPPORTS2007 2012Children receiving subsidized (hid care (per 1,000) in poverty)2007 2012Accredited child care facilities2007 2012Accredited child care facilities2007 2012Children receiving cash assistance2007 2011Children receiving food stamps2007 2011Children receiving public SED facilthNet for Kids2007 2011Licensed child care facilities2007 2011Licensed child care facilities2007 2011Licensed child care facilities2007 2011Children receiving food stamps2007 2011Licensed child care facilities2007 2011Licensed child care facilities2007 2011Children receiving food stamps2007 2011Licensed child care facilities2007 2011Licensed child care facilities2007 2011Licensed child care facilities2007 2011Licensed child care facilities2007 2011Licensed child care facilities2007 2011Lideren receiving food st

Osage County

County Seat - Linn

	Outcome Measures	<u>Nu</u> Base Year	<u>mber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>ite</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
_			iear	Iear	Iear		Kale	панк
	Economic Well-bein	-	504	00.00/				
3	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	459	534	28.9%	34.2%	×	47.7%	4
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	19	17	10.6%	11.8%	×	15.9%	18
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	55	54	5.7%	6.7%	×	8.1%	36
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births)	5	6	5.2	7.5	×	6.9	70
IXailix	2002-2006/2007–2011							
	Child Protection and	l Safety						
County Trends	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000)	5	1	37.3	7.1	~	18.4	12
¥ = Worse	2002-2006/2007-2011					·		
✔ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	56	72	16.2	21.3	×	33.7	8
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	6	6	1.7	1.8	×	4.3	19
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	5	4	105.9	75.5	~	59.1	73
in Composite County Rank	Education							
καιικ	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	14	6	1.9%	0.9%	~	3.5%	13
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	17	4	38.6	9.3	~	34.4	1

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>3,466</u> 3,384
Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>25.9</u> 24.3
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>1.7%</u> 2.2%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4</u> 1
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>9.0%</u> <u>10.8%</u>
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>11.9%</u> <u>13.2%</u>
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>14.4%</u> 19.8%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$27,922</u> \$28,484
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4.7%</u> 6.3%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>48.5</u> 125.3
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>146.3</u> 161.1
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>1</u> 1
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>1.0%</u> 1.5%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>14.3%</u> 20.0%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEALT	Ή
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>17.5%</u> 21.1%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>28</u> 21
Juvenile law violation referrals, ages 10-17 (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>17.1</u> 6.5

Ozark County

County Seat - Gainesville

		NT	1	D	4-			
	Outcome Measures	<u>Nu</u> Base Year	<u>mber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>te</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-bein	g						
53	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	987	1,040	66.1%	69.2%	×	47.7%	106
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	20	12	19.6%	14.6%	~	15.9%	32
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	33	37	6.2%	8.3%	×	8.1%	88
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	3	3	5.7	6.8	×	6.9	56
	Child Protection and	d Safety						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	3	3	38.9	37.9	~	18.4	101
✔ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	75	62	38.6	33.0	~	33.7	32
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	3	9	1.5	4.8	×	4.3	60
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	3	3	101.9	107.9	×	59.1	102
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	8	6	1.5%	1.1%	~	3.5%	24
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	16	8	60.8	31.1	~	34.4	38

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>1,941</u> 1,876
Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>21.0</u> 19.6
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>3.5%</u> 5.2%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	$\frac{4}{0}$
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>30.8%</u> <u>35.1%</u>
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>39.4%</u> 51.7%
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>18.3%</u> 28.3%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$22,234</u> \$23,926
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>5.2%</u> 9.6%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>28.3</u> 15.2
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>44.3</u> 42.6
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>2</u> 3
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>6.3%</u> 5.2%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>45.4%</u> 45.3%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEALT	Ή
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>52.7%</u> 35.8%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>8</u> 15
Juvenile law violation referrals, ages 10-17 (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>26.4</u> 11.2

Pemiscot County

County Seat - Caruthersville

	Outcome Measures	<u>Nun</u> Base (Year	<u>nber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>te</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-beir	ng						
114	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	2,787	2,543	69.9%	71.7%	×	47.7%	113
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	121	87	40.2%	30.2%	~	15.9%	103
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	196	213	12.2%	14.4%	×	8.1%	115
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	22	16	13.7	10.8	~	6.9	103
	Child Protection an	d Safety						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	14	8	60.9	37.7	~	18.4	99
✓ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	262	368	48.8	73.5	×	33.7	115
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	51	49	9.5	9.8	×	4.3	104
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	8	2	109.1	28.0	V	59.1	13
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	50	43	4.5%	4.2%	~	3.5%	109
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	65	49	90.8	73.6	~	34.4	114

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>5,368</u> 5,006
Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>28.6</u> 27.5
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>41.4%</u> 41.0%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>6</u> 6
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>43.2%</u> <u>45.6%</u>
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>49.9%</u> 59.6%
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>39.4%</u> 57.1%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$28,145</u> \$30,529
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>6.5%</u> 10.2%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>92.6</u> 107.6
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>75.4</u> 97.7
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>2</u> 1
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>14.2%</u> 12.8%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>67.5%</u> 70.9%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEAL	ſΉ
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>66.7%</u> 68.8%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>48</u> 83

Juvenile law violation referrals,

ages 10-17 (per 1,000)

<u>2007</u> 2011 <u>31.8</u> 8.5

Perry County

County Seat - Perryville

	Outcome Measures	<u>Nu</u> Base Year	<u>umber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>ate</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-bein	g						
18	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	943	1,159	41.5%	50.6%	×	47.7%	45
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	41	31	16.5%	14.7%	~	15.9%	33
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	94	87	7.6%	7.4%	~	8.1%	64
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	8	2	6.4	1.7	~	6.9	5
	Child Protection and	d Safety						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	4	2	22.1	10.1	~	18.4	19
= Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	149	166	30.9	35.3	×	33.7	38
○ = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	12	19	2.5	4.0	×	4.3	49
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	6	4	93.4	62.4	~	59.1	57
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	38	20	5.3%	2.6%	~	3.5%	81
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	25	16	39.4	24.7	~	34.4	17

DEMOGRAPHIC

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4,820</u> 4,704
Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>25.6</u> 24.7
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>3.7%</u> 5.1%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>23</u> 27
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>8.9%</u> <u>14.0%</u>
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>7.4%</u> <u>12.3%</u>
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>17.3%</u> 21.5%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$29,542</u> \$31,648
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>3.9%</u> 6.2%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>124.5</u> 195.3
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>127.2</u> 127.1
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>2</u> 3
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>2.2%</u> 3.5%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>24.4%</u> 32.4%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEALT	Ή
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>25.2%</u> 32.6%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>49</u> 259
Juvenile law violation referrals, ages 10-17 (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>58.1</u> 30.7

Pettis County

County Seat - Sedalia

	Outcome Measures	<u>Nu</u> Base Year	<u>imber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>ate</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank	
	Economic Well-beir	<u>ig</u>							
58	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	3,253	3,781	52.5%	60.5%	×	47.7%	88	
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	176	144	27.3%	24.0%	~	15.9%	87	
Composite	<u>Health</u>								
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	240	205	8.0%	6.6%	~	8.1%	31	
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	26	12	8.6	3.9	~	6.9	12	
	Child Protection and	d Safety							
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	4	11	9.6	24.6	×	18.4	74	
✓ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	463	421	43.3	39.4	~	33.7	55	
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	37	57	3.5	5.3	×	4.3	68	
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	8	6	58.0	40.5	~	59.1	28	
in Composite County Rank	Education								
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	58	21	3.1%	1.2%	~	3.5%	27	
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	92	67	60.6	45.9	~	34.4	75	

DEMOGRAPHIC

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>10,699</u> 10,689
Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>26.2</u> 25.3
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>17.1%</u> 19.5%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>598</u> 516
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>16.6%</u> <u>26.0%</u>
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>18.8%</u> <u>25.0%</u>
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>23.2%</u> 28.6%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$29,735</u> \$32,535
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>5.2%</u> 8.3%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>103.5</u> 61.8
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>117.3</u> 212.1
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>6</u> 7
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>5.8%</u> 5.2%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>36.6%</u> 38.2%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEALT	Ή
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>39.2%</u> 38.1%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>36</u> 99
Juvenile law violation referrals, ages 10-17 (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>85.8</u> 61.5

Phelps County

County Seat - Rolla

	Outcome Measures	<u>Nu</u> Base Year	<u>imber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>ate</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank	
	Economic Well-bein	g							
35	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	2,609	3,154	41.2%	51.0%	×	47.7%	46	
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	118	76	19.6%	13.3%	~	15.9%	25	
Composite	<u>Health</u>								
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	229	204	8.4%	7.4%	~	8.1%	64	
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	22	14	8.1	5.0	V	6.9	25	
	Child Protection and	d Safety							
County Trends	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000)	10	9	26.4	22.6	~	18.4	66	
¥ = Worse	2002-2006/2007-2011								
= Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	380	388	38.7	40.1	×	33.7	58	
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	58	45	5.9	4.7	•	4.3	58	
Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	10	10	55.0	50.4	~	59.1	46	
in Composite County Rank	Education								
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	46	69	2.2%	3.4%	×	3.5%	103	
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	79	42	46.7	26.6	V	34.4	23	

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>9,818</u> 9,672
Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>23.1</u> 21.5
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>9.7%</u> 11.3%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>26</u> 57
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>19.0%</u> 21.1%
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>24.7%</u> 28.0%
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>22.5%</u> 26.6%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$30,560</u> \$32,809
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4.9%</u> 7.7%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>86.2</u> 79.2
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>55.3</u> 43.4
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>2</u> 2
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4.5%</u> 5.1%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>31.0%</u> 37.6%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEAL	ΓН
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>36.2%</u> 40.9%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>100</u> 151

Juvenile law violation referrals,

ages 10-17 (per 1,000)

<u>2007</u> 2011 <u>54.8</u> 62.7

Pike County

County Seat - Bowling Green

				D				
	Outcome Measures	<u>Nu</u> Base Year	<u>mber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	t <u>e</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
_	Economic Well-bein	g						
92	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	1,104	1,245	41.4%	49.7%	×	47.7%	39
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	58	52	27.8%	23.7%	~	15.9%	85
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	77	100	6.7%	9.0%		8.1%	98
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	12	13	10.5	11.6	×	6.9	108
	Child Protection and	d Safety						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	8	2	48.7	11.8	~	18.4	24
✔ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	171	176	39.7	42.9	×	33.7	70
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	28	34	6.5	8.3	×	4.3	96
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	8	3	126.7	48.5	~	59.1	43
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	31	31	3.4%	3.7%	×	3.5%	105
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	21	22	33.3	38.9	×	34.4	58

DEMOGRAPHIC

<u>2007</u>	<u>4,303</u>
2011	4,099
<u>2007</u>	<u>23.3</u>
2011	22.1
<u>2007</u>	<u>8.6%</u>
2011	9.6%
<u>2007</u>	<u>14</u>
2011	18
<u>2000</u>	<u>20.2%</u>
2010	28.8%
<u>2000</u>	<u>20.3%</u>
2010	<u>31.1%</u>
<u>2000</u>	<u>22.3%</u>
2010	37.8%
<u>2007</u>	<u>\$29,495</u>
2010	\$30,610
<u>2007</u>	<u>5.0%</u>
2011	8.1%
<u>2007</u>	<u>35.1</u>
2011	92.2
<u>2007</u>	<u>170.6</u>
2012	184.2
<u>2007</u>	<u>0</u>
2012	2
<u>2007</u>	<u>3.8%</u>
2011	4.2%
<u>2007</u>	<u>28.4%</u>
2011	36.4%
HEALT	ſΉ
<u>2007</u>	<u>31.6%</u>
2011	39.8%
<u>2007</u>	<u>40</u>
2011	77
<u>2007</u>	<u>47.3</u>
2011	37.3
	2011 2007 2011 2007 2011 2007 2011 2000 2010 2000 2010 2000 2010 2007 2010 2007 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011

Platte County

County Seat - Platte City

	Outcome	Nu	umber	<u>Ra</u>	<u>ite</u>			
	Measures	Base Year	Current Year	Base Year	Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-bein	g						
1	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	2,697	3,654	19.6%	24.6%	×	47.7%	2
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	97	84	8.9%	7.3%	~	15.9%	3
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	349	378	6.6%	6.8%	×	8.1%	40
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	32	26	6.0	4.7	~	6.9	20
	Child Protection and	I Safety						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	9	5	11.1	5.6	~	18.4	10
✓ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	437	371	20.5	16.9	~	33.7	1
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	24	13	1.1	0.6	~	4.3	8
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	12	15	44.1	50.7	×	59.1	47
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	103	76	2.3%	1.6%	~	3.5%	38
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	64	48	23.1	16.5	~	34.4	6

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>21,354</u> 22,013
Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>25.2</u> 24.2
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>18.2%</u> 20.7%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>330</u> 420
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>5.7%</u> <u>10.0%</u>
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>8.4%</u> 13.7%
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>18.8%</u> 26.6%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$38,580</u> \$40,955
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>3.9%</u> 7.2%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>70.5</u> 117.8
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>78.7</u> 77.9
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>6</u> 6
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>1.8%</u> 2.2%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>13.2%</u> 19.6%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEALT	ſΉ
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>13.1%</u> 17.7%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>132</u> 240

Juvenile law violation referrals,

ages 10-17 (per 1,000)

<u>2007</u> 2011

<u>27.8</u> 21.4

Polk County

County Seat - Bolivar

	Outcome Measures	<u>Nı</u> Base Year	<u>imber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	ate Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
_	Economic Well-bein	g						
31	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	2,627	2,928	49.7%	56.7%	×	47.7%	68
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	96	73	21.8%	17.2%	~	15.9%	49
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	123	127	6.5%	6.3%	~	8.1%	20
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	11	8	5.8	4.0	~	6.9	13
	Child Protection and	d Safety	<u>.</u>					
County Trends	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000)	9	9	31.9	29.0	~	18.4	87
¥ = Worse	2002-2006/2007-2011					·		
= Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	371	377	48.8	49.8	×	33.7	90
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	17	30	2.2	4.0	×	4.3	47
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	5	5 14	41.3	106.4	×	59.1	101
in Composite County Rank	Education							
, control	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	26	29	1.6%	1.7%	×	3.5%	44
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	56	36	44.2	29.2	~	34.4	30

DEMOGRAPHIC

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011 <u>2007</u> 2011	<u>7,604</u> 7,577 <u>25.2</u>
Minority children	2011 <u>2007</u> 2011	24.3 <u>5.8%</u> 7.0%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>69</u> 34
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>20.0%</u> 40.0%
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>20.5%</u> 35.9%
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>18.8%</u> 23.4%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$26,912</u> \$29,696
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4.8%</u> 8.9%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>86.1</u> 42.8
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>90.0</u> 71.7
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>8</u> 9
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>5.1%</u> 4.9%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>38.8%</u> 43.6%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEALT	Ή
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>42.0%</u> 44.9%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>62</u> 122

Juvenile law violation referrals,

ages 10-17 (per 1,000)

<u>2007</u> 2011 <u>57.7</u> 40.9

Pulaski County

County Seat - Waynesville

	Outcomo	Nu	ımber	Ra	<u>ite</u>			
	Outcome Measures	Base Year	Current Year	Base Year	Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-bein	g						
22	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	3,123	3,749	38.0%	43.1%	×	47.7%	19
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	94	76	12.8%	9.1%	~	15.9%	8
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007-2011	241	310	7.2%	7.5%	×	8.1%	66
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	28	29	8.4	7.0	~	6.9	58
	Child Protection and	d Safety						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	13	5	27.9	9.9	~	18.4	18
✔ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	359	382	31.8	30.1	~	33.7	27
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	62	86	5.5	6.8	×	4.3	85
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	12	13	42.2	42.4	×	59.1	29
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	35	51	1.3%	2.0%	×	3.5%	58
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	71	47	36.6	23.3	~	34.4	12

DEMOGRAPHIC

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>11,306</u> 12,686
Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>25.5</u> 23.9
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>28.1%</u> 29.7%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>16</u> 212
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>12.4%</u> 15.0%
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>14.7%</u> 17.7%
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>19.0%</u> 24.6%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$39,674</u> \$44,090
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>5.1%</u> 8.7%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>51.5</u> 44.8
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>72.4</u> 48.6
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>0</u> 2
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>2.9%</u> 2.8%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>22.9%</u> 25.3%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEALT	Ή
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>24.1%</u> 24.1%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>55</u> 108
Juvenile law violation referrals, ages 10-17 (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>48.8</u> 35.6

Putnam County

County Seat - Unionville

	Outcome	<u>Nu</u> Base	<u>mber</u> Current	<u>Ra</u> Base	<u>ite</u> Current	Trend	State	County
	Measures	Year	Year	Year	Year	110110	Rate	Rank
	Economic Well-bein	g						
96	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	361	360	46.9%	48.5%	×	47.7%	34
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	14	9	25.0%	18.4%	~	15.9%	57
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	35	16	11.4%	5.9%	~	8.1%	10
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	1	5	3.2	18.5	×	6.9	114
	Child Protection and	d Safety						
County Trends	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000)	2	0	42.7	0.0	V	18.4	1
X = Worse	2002-2006/2007-2011							
= Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	28	68	23.7	60.2	×	33.7	107
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	9	11	7.6	9.7	×	4.3	103
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	0	1	0.0	66.6	×	59.1	64
in Composite County Rank	Education							
, control	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	7	3	2.9%	1.3%	~	3.5%	28
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	10	4	68.5	33.9	~	34.4	47

DEMOGRAPHIC

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>1,183</u> 1,130
Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>24.1</u> 22.7
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>2.5%</u> 3.2%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>0</u> 1
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>20.6%</u> 23.8%
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>17.3%</u> <u>21.3%</u>
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>19.9%</u> 22.0%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$31,218</u> \$32,407
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>5.5%</u> 6.8%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>48.6</u> 65.7
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>50.7</u> 77.0
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	$\frac{1}{0}$
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>2.3%</u> 1.9%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>26.1%</u> 32.3%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEALT	ΓH
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>38.2%</u> 35.9%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>11</u> 15
Juvenile law violation referrals, ages 10-17 (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>32.8</u> 74.5

Ralls County

County Seat - New London

	Outcome Measures	<u>Num</u> Base (Year	<u>iber</u> Current Year	<u>Rat</u> Base Year	<u>te</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-bein	đ						
67	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	295	303	37.2%	41.1%	×	47.7%	15
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	21	10	15.0%	9.7%	~	15.9%	10
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	42	38	8.1%	6.8%	~	8.1%	40
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	5	8	9.6	14.4	×	6.9	112
	Child Protection and	d Safety						
County Trends	Child deaths, ages 1-14*	2	0	23.0	0.0	~	18.4	1
¥ = Worse	(per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011					·		
= Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	57	83	24.0	35.2	×	33.7	37
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	3	8	1.3	3.4	×	4.3	39
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	2	3	58.9	94.5	×	59.1	89
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	10	11	3.5%	4.7%	×	3.5%	111
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	7	12	24.7	40.7	×	34.4	65

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>2,372</u> 2,356
Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>24.1</u> 22.9
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>3.4%</u> 4.7%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>0</u> 1
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>9.7%</u> 14.8%
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>15.7%</u> 24.2%
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>16.8%</u> 20.4%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$31,814</u> \$33,680
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4.8%</u> 7.4%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>55.2</u> 42.0
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>29.5</u> 29.7
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>0</u> 1
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>2.1%</u> 2.2%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>22.3%</u> 26.6%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEALT	Ή
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>24.7%</u> 29.2%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>30</u> 34
Juvenile law violation referrals, ages 10-17 (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>20.1</u> 25.4

Randolph County

County Seat - Huntsville

				-				
	Outcome Measures	<u>Nu</u> Base Year	<u>imber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>tte</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-bein	g						
69	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	1,972	2,109	53.0%	57.4%	×	47.7%	73
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	62	43	17.1%	16.1%	~	15.9%	40
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	138	108	8.1%	6.8%	~	8.1%	40
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	13	9	7.6	5.7		6.9	37
	Child Protection and	d Safety						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	6	5	24.6	20.3	~	18.4	55
✔ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	243	321	40.0	55.4	×	33.7	103
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	34	52	5.6	9.0	×	4.3	99
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	8	5	98.1	59.7	~	59.1	53
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	40	22	3.3%	1.8%	~	3.5%	49
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	56	43	65.3	53.7	~	34.4	90

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>6,073</u> 5,797
Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011	5,797 <u>23.7</u> 22.9
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>9.7%</u> 10.9%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>10</u> 0
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>17.1%</u> 25.1%
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>16.8%</u> <u>28.2%</u>
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>26.3%</u> 40.3%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$30,499</u> \$32,462
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>5.3%</u> 9.4%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>136.9</u> 116.8
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>259.0</u> 92.3
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>3</u> 4
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	5.1% 5.8%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>41.2%</u> 47.7%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEALT	Ή
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>42.1%</u> 48.5%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>100</u> 172
Juvenile law violation referrals,	2007	<u>124.0</u>

2011

ages 10-17 (per 1,000)

76.2

Ray County

County Seat - Richmond

		NI.		D				
	Outcome Measures	Base Year	<u>imber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>ate</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-bein	g						
10	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	1,163	1,277	30.9%	37.2%	×	47.7%	8
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	56	32	18.7%	13.6%	~	15.9%	27
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	110	106	7.5%	7.7%	×	8.1%	70
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	10	8	6.8	5.8	~	6.9	42
	Child Protection and	I Safety						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	6	4	24.7	16.5	~	18.4	37
= Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	211	209	34.2	36.6	×	33.7	42
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	2	15	0.3	2.6	×	4.3	27
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	10	8	111.2	94.8	~	59.1	90
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	29	12	2.6%	1.1%	~	3.5%	24
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	43	20	51.2	26.8	~	34.4	24

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011 <u>2007</u> 2011	<u>6,178</u> 5,713 <u>26.3</u> 24.6
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>5.9%</u>
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>5</u> 0
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>8.0%</u> 13.0%
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>11.5%</u> 23.0%
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>18.2%</u> 26.6%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$27,611</u> \$30,421
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>5.3%</u> 9.9%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>119.1</u> 90.3
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>9.7</u> 26.3
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	$\frac{1}{2}$
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>3.8%</u> 4.6%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>23.0%</u> 31.1%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEALT	Ή
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>24.6%</u> 30.4%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>46</u> 75
Juvenile law violation referrals, ages 10-17 (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>83.1</u> 62.3

Reynolds County

County Seat - Centerville

	Outcome Measures	<u>Nu</u> Base Year	<u>imber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>ate</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-bein	g						
65	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	748	697	66.4%	69.2%	×	47.7%	107
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	13	11	21.7%	17.5%	~	15.9%	51
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	24	18	7.2%	5.7%	~	8.1%	6
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	8	3	24.1	9.5	~	6.9	96
	Child Protection and	d Safety	1					
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	0	2	0.0	32.6	×	18.4	96
= Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	69	70	44.5	47.2	×	33.7	81
\bigcirc = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	5	9	3.2	6.1	×	4.3	78
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	7	1	315.3	44.5	~	59.1	35
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	3	2	0.7%	0.6%	~	3.5%	9
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	7	6	36.1	30.0	~	34.4	36

DEMOGRAPHIC

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>1,552</u> 1,483
Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>24.0</u> 22.5
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4.6%</u> 6.5%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>0</u> 1
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>25.9%</u> <u>31.2%</u>
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>31.7%</u> <u>42.6%</u>
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>18.0%</u> 24.5%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$35,878</u> \$38,998
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>6.8%</u> 12.9%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>24.6</u> 20.2
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>25.8</u> 27.0
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>0</u> 2
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>6.2%</u> 6.0%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>44.2%</u> 50.2%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEALT	ΓH
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>53.6%</u> 56.6%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>7</u> 8

Juvenile law violation referrals,

ages 10-17 (per 1,000)

<u>58.0</u> 15.6

<u>2007</u>

Ripley County

County Seat - Doniphan

				D				
	Outcome Measures	<u>Ni</u> Base Year	<u>imber</u> Current Year	<u>Ka</u> Base Year	<u>ate</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-bein	g						
108	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	1,557	1,558	67.8%	70.8%	×	47.7%	111
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	48	48	31.6%	27.6%	~	15.9%	98
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	96	89	10.9%	9.8%	~	8.1%	107
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	18	7	20.4	7.7	~	6.9	75
	Child Protection and	l Safety						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	3	4	22.9	29.5	×	18.4	88
✓ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	209	174	62.3	52.1	~	33.7	95
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	13	21	3.9	6.3	×	4.3	80
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	5	4	108.2	81.2	~	59.1	78
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	24	17	3.7%	2.9%	~	3.5%	88
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	33	32	60.6	70.3	×	34.4	111

DEMOGRAPHIC

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>3,356</u> 3,339
Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>24.8</u> 23.6
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4.2%</u> 5.7%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>0</u> 0
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>27.0%</u> <u>31.1%</u>
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>28.6%</u> <u>38.5%</u>
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>20.6%</u> 27.9%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$23,059</u> \$25,436
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>6.6%</u> 9.8%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>97.7</u> 121.6
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>90.9</u> 95.5
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>0</u> 0
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>9.1%</u> 9.8%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>54.3%</u> 65.5%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEALT	Ή
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>63.1%</u> 67.9%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>49</u> 55
Juvenile law violation referrals, ages 10-17 (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>48.3</u> 38.1

St. Charles County

Co

County Seat - St. Charles

_		-						
	Outcome Measures		<u>mber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>te</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-beir	ng						
2	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	8,102	11,702	15.4%	21.5%	×	47.7%	1
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	352	293	7.5%	6.5%	~	15.9%	2
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	1,552	1,699	6.9%	7.3%	×	8.1%	60
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	147	133	6.6	5.7	~	6.9	37
	Child Protection an	d Safety						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	51	42	14.6	11.0	~	18.4	21
✓ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	1,356	1,691	14.8	18.4	×	33.7	3
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	114	162	1.2	1.8	×	4.3	18
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	41	37	35.0	29.2	~	59.1	16
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	449	307	2.6%	1.8%	~	3.5%	49
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	249	185	20.6	15.1	~	34.4	4

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>91,733</u> 92,043
Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>26.7</u> 25.2
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>11.8%</u> 14.3%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>500</u> 807
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>4.9%</u> <u>6.2%</u>
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>6.5%</u> 7.9%
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>16.3%</u> 20.3%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$38,494</u> \$39,181
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4.1%</u> 7.3%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>191.3</u> 267.9
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>114.9</u> 116.0
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>18</u> 24
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>1.4%</u> 1.4%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>10.6%</u> 15.4%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEALT	Ή
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>10.8%</u> 14.6%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>988</u> 1,735

Juvenile law violation referrals,

ages 10-17 (per 1,000)

<u>2007</u> 2011

<u>44.5</u> 43.4

St. Clair County

County Seat - Osceola

	Outcome	<u>Nu</u> Base	<u>imber</u> Current	<u>Ra</u> Base	<u>ate</u> Current	Trend	State	County
	Measures	Year	Year	Year	Year	110110	Rate	Rank
	Economic Well-bein	g						
82	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	759	738	54.6%	58.5%	×	47.7%	78
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	21	23	24.1%	26.7%	×	15.9%	95
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	44	38	9.8%	7.9%	~	8.1%	79
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	2	2	4.5	4.2	~	6.9	16
	Child Protection and	d Safety						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	1	2	12.4	25.5	×	18.4	77
✔ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	109	92	54.0	49.0	~	33.7	88
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	12	18	5.9	9.6	×	4.3	102
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	3	4	97.5	133.2	×	59.1	110
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	17	15	3.4%	3.3%	~	3.5%	98
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	14	11	47.1	38.7	~	34.4	57

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>2,019</u> 1,878
Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>21.4</u> 19.5
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>5.3%</u> 7.1%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>0</u> 2
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>25.3%</u> <u>37.1%</u>
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>31.1%</u> 43.6%
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>20.8%</u> 34.0%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$23,540</u> \$25,850
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>6.5%</u> 10.3%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>23.0</u> 14.3
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>46.1</u> 42.6
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>0</u> 1
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>5.3%</u> 8.0%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>42.6%</u> 49.8%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEALT	Ή
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>44.9%</u> 53.7%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>8</u> 43
Juvenile law violation referrals, ages 10-17 (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>41.8</u> 14.3

Ste. Genevieve County

County Seat - Ste. Genevieve

_									
	Outcome Measures	<u>Nu</u> Base Year	<u>imber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>ate</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank	
	Economic Well-bein	g							
13	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	823	908	41.7%	47.0%	×	47.7%	29	
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	34	32	17.7%	18.3%	×	15.9%	55	
Composite	<u>Health</u>								
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	55	67	5.8%	7.1%	×	8.1%	47	
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	1	4	1.1	4.2	×	6.9	16	
	Child Protection and	d Safety							
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	4	3	23.2	17.3	~	18.4	41	
= Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	122	129	27.9	31.3	×	33.7	29	
○ = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	7	2	1.6	0.5	~	4.3	7	
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	6	2	88.8	32.5	~	59.1	21	
in Composite County Rank	Education								
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	21	11	3.0%	1.7%	~	3.5%	44	
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	17	14	27.3	24.2	~	34.4	15	

DEMOGRAPHIC

	Child population Children as percent of total population Minority children Children with limited English	2007 2011 2007 2011 2007 2011	4,377 4,124 24.5 22.8 <u>3.0%</u>
	Minority children Children with limited English	2007	<u>3.0%</u>
	Children with limited English		
			3.8%
	proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>0</u> 0
	ECONOMIC		
	Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>11.3%</u> <u>18.8%</u>
	Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>14.2%</u> 23.6%
	Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>17.3%</u> 25.3%
	Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$34,548</u> \$37,494
	Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4.6%</u> 8.8%
]	FAMILY SUPPORT'S		
	Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>114.5</u> 93.1
	Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>106.5</u> 98.4
/	Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	$\frac{1}{0}$
	Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>3.0%</u> 3.9%
(Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>24.7%</u> 30.4%
]	HEALTH/MENTAL I	HEALT	Ή
	Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>24.4%</u> 29.7%
ŀ			
(Children receiving public SED nental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>37</u> 111
) (((Accredited child care facilities Children receiving cash assistance Children receiving food stamps	2007 2012 2007 2011 2007 2011	1 0 <u>3.0%</u> 3.9% <u>24.7%</u> 30.4%

St. Francois County

County Seat - Farmington

	Outcome Measures	<u>Nu</u> Base Year	<u>imber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>ate</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-beir	ng						
70	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	4,915	5,821	49.7%	56.8%	×	47.7%	69
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	183	153	21.3%	20.1%	~	15.9%	67
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	268	330	7.0%	8.2%	×	8.1%	84
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	22	31	5.8	7.7	×	6.9	75
	Child Protection and	d Safety						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	13	12	24.1	20.3		18.4	55
✓ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	625	616	44.2	43.0	~	33.7	71
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	35	49	2.5	3.4	×	4.3	40
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	11	16	56.4	78.3	×	59.1	75
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	90	52	2.8%	1.6%	~	3.5%	38
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	118	109	60.5	60.9	×	34.4	100

DEMOGRAPHIC

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>14,144</u> 14,335
Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>22.5</u> 21.9
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4.6%</u> 5.8%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>31</u> 18
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>19.8%</u> 25.8%
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>24.0%</u> <u>30.0%</u>
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>25.2%</u> 26.1%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$27,773</u> \$29,465
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>5.8%</u> 10.5%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>143.7</u> 177.5
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>125.1</u> 130.2
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>4</u> 4
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>5.8%</u> 7.0%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>38.8%</u> 50.3%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEALT	Ή
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>38.5%</u> 47.4%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>124</u> 248
Juvenile law violation referrals, ages 10-17 (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>80.2</u> 56.5

St. Louis County

County Seat - Clayton

		NT	1	Ra				
	Outcome Measures	Base Year	<u>mber</u> Current Year	<u>Ka</u> Base Year	Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-bein	g						
12	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	52,436	56,123	36.7%	41.0%	×	47.7%	14
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	1,425	1,128	11.6%	9.5%	~	15.9%	9
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	5,374	5,406	8.8%	9.0%	×	8.1%	98
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	517	432	8.5	7.2	~	6.9	65
	Child Protection and	d Safety						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	186	155	19.1	16.3	~	18.4	36
✔ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	3,988	4,292	16.6	18.7	×	33.7	4
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	449	408	1.9	1.8	~	4.3	20
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	145	163	40.4	45.5	×	59.1	37
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	1,353	1,181	2.8%	2.5%	~	3.5%	76
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	1,023	798	28.8	23.3	~	34.4	13

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>240,615</u> 229,818
Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>24.2</u> 23.0
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>37.5%</u> 38.7%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>3,271</u> 3,621
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>9.3%</u> <u>15.5%</u>
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>10.7%</u> <u>17.9%</u>
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>23.3%</u> 35.1%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$48,360</u> \$50,647
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4.9%</u> 8.2%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>317.4</u> 357.1
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>118.8</u> 119.6
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>68</u> 94
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>3.5%</u> 3.6%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>22.9%</u> 30.0%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEALT	Ή
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>24.9%</u> 28.5%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>2,316</u> 3,097

Juvenile law violation referrals,

ages 10-17 (per 1,000)

<u>2007</u> 2011

<u>61.3</u> 58.2

Saline County

County Seat - Marshall

									_
	Outcome Measures	<u>Nı</u> Base Year	<u>umber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>ate</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank	
	Economic Well-bein	g							
68	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	1,888	1,977	53.9%	59.6%	×	47.7%	84	
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	73	58	23.9%	19.1%	~	15.9%	60	
Composite	<u>Health</u>								
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	108	124	7.5%	8.1%	×	8.1%	83	
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	19	14	13.2	9.2	~	6.9	94	
	Child Protection and	d Safety	1						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	7	2	32.7	9.2	~	18.4	15	
✔ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	275	268	51.6	50.8	~	33.7	93	
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	16	29	3.0	5.5	×	4.3	72	
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	7	6	73.9	63.4	~	59.1	59	
in Composite County Rank	Education								
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	52	14	4.3%	1.3%	~	3.5%	28	
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	41	39	42.3	44.4	×	34.4	71	

DEMOGRAPHIC

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>5,331</u> 5,272
Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>23.5</u> 22.6
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>21.1%</u> 23.8%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>134</u> 126
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>18.9%</u> <u>31.6%</u>
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>18.3%</u> <u>46.8%</u>
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>24.0%</u> 37.8%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$29,049</u> \$31,268
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>5.0%</u> 7.8%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>91.9</u> 61.6
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>71.1</u> 63.5
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>2</u> 4
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	5.1% 8.2%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>34.5%</u> 55.4%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEALT	Ή
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>38.0%</u> 59.3%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>30</u> 55
Juvenile law violation referrals, ages 10-17 (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>81.0</u> 60.7

Schuyler County

County Seat - Lancaster

	Outcome Measures	<u>Nu</u> Base Year	<u>imber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>ate</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-bein	g						
102	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	403	372	55.1%	58.6%	×	47.7%	79
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	10	20	20.0%	34.5%	×	15.9%	106
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	19	19	8.7%	7.1%	~	8.1%	47
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	2	3	9.2	11.3	×	6.9	105
	Child Protection and	d Safety						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	1	2	26.0	44.1	×	18.4	107
✓ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	30	40	27.2	36.8	×	33.7	44
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	4	9	3.6	8.3	×	4.3	95
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	2	0	149.7	0.0	~	59.1	1
in Composite County Rank	Education							
r carne	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	1	1	0.4%	0.5%	×	3.5%	8
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	4	7	26.8	47.6	×	34.4	81

DEMOGRAPHIC

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>1,104</u> 1,088
Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>26.9</u> 24.8
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>2.8%</u> 3.1%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>0</u> 0
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>22.1%</u> 25.1%
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>26.4%</u> 32.5%
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>19.6%</u> 18.5%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$22,614</u> \$25,638
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>5.7%</u> 7.5%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>64.8</u> 58.6
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>128.6</u> 55.1
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>2</u> 1
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>1.4%</u> 1.7%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>26.1%</u> 28.8%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEAL	ſΉ
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>34.8%</u> 36.5%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>23</u> 39

Juvenile law violation referrals,

ages 10-17 (per 1,000)

<u>2007</u> 2011 <u>3.8</u> 25.2

Scotland County

County Seat - Memphis

	Outcome Measures	<u>Nı</u> Base Year	<u>ımber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>ate</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-bein	Ig						
93	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	293	339	46.9%	57.7%	×	47.7%	74
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	37	38	50.7%	47.5%	~	15.9%	115
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	18	18	5.6%	5.0%	~	8.1%	3
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	4	2	12.4	5.5	~	6.9	34
	Child Protection and	d Safety	1					
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	3	2	58.3	35.3	~	18.4	97
✔ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	24	25	17.9	18.3	×	33.7	2
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	7	8	5.2	5.9	×	4.3	75
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	1	0	52.7	0.0	~	59.1	1
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	6	5	2.7%	2.7%	О	3.5%	83
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	4	5	22.3	30.7	×	34.4	37

DEMOGRAPHIC

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>1,344</u> 1,363
Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>27.9</u> 28.2
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>2.4%</u> 2.7%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>0</u> 0
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>21.7%</u> 25.5%
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>27.8%</u> <u>34.2%</u>
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>13.0%</u> 14.8%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$24,859</u> \$26,083
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4.7%</u> 6.4%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>29.7</u> 20.9
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>81.8</u> 44.0
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>0</u> 0
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>1.0%</u> 2.7%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>15.2%</u> 23.6%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEALT	Ή
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>24.4%</u> 27.2%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>3</u> 18

Juvenile law violation referrals,

ages 10-17 (per 1,000)

<u>2007</u> 2011 <u>36.2</u> 6.4

Scott County

County Seat - Benton

	Outcome Measures	<u>Nu</u> Base Year	<u>imber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>ate</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-beir	Ig						
80	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	3,631	3,831	52.8%	58.6%	×	47.7%	80
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	157	117	24.8%	22.1%	~	15.9%	76
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	267	271	9.0%	9.4%	×	8.1%	103
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	31	22	10.4	7.6	~	6.9	72
	Child Protection and	d Safety						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	12	12	28.0	29.6	×	18.4	90
✓ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	388	369	38.2	38.2	О	33.7	52
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	42	53	4.1	5.5	×	4.3	71
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	7	7	47.3	50.3	×	59.1	45
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	34	17	1.5%	0.8%	~	3.5%	11
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	112	82	78.6	65.9	~	34.4	106

DEMOGRAPHIC

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>10,154</u> 9.649
Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>24.9</u> 24.7
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>21.3%</u> 21.3%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>13</u> 18
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>23.5%</u> <u>26.5%</u>
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>28.3%</u> <u>39.8%</u>
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>26.9%</u> 39.3%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$29,864</u> \$32,724
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>5.7%</u> 8.6%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>243.6</u> 209.8
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>107.7</u> 118.3
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	$\frac{4}{4}$
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	9.6% 9.6%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>47.5%</u> 55.2%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEALT	Ή
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>49.1%</u> 54.4%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>113</u> 416
Juvenile law violation referrals, ages 10-17 (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>86.4</u> 68.2

Shannon County

County Seat - Eminence

		-						
	Outcome Measures	<u>Num</u> Base C Year	<u>iber</u> Current Year	<u>Rat</u> Base Year	<u>te</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-bein	g						
51	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	590	620	75.3%	79.2%	×	47.7%	114
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	27	14	26.0%	17.5%	•	15.9%	52
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	36	41	7.2%	8.2%	×	8.1%	84
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	6	4	11.9	8.0	~	6.9	78
	Child Protection and	d Safety						
County Trends	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000)	4	4	50.1	49.6	~	18.4	109
¥ = Worse	2002-2006/2007-2011							
= Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	81	79	39.4	41.0	×	33.7	60
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	2	0	1.0	0.0	~	4.3	1
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	2	3	63.8	101.1	×	59.1	97
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	0	0	0.0%	0.0%	О	3.5%	1
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	19	9	66.9	32.4	~	34.4	44

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>2,058</u> 1,928
Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>24.4</u> 22.9
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4.6%</u> 5.3%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>2</u> 0
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>35.1%</u> <u>40.5%</u>
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>37.1%</u> <u>48.7%</u>
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>19.6%</u> 29.5%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$22,183</u> \$21,824
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>6.8%</u> 12.9%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>12.5</u> 8.1
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>24.3</u> 41.5
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>1</u> 2
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4.9%</u> 6.2%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>46.4%</u> 52.9%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEALT	H
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>54.4%</u> 58.9%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>8</u> 32
Juvenile law violation referrals, ages 10-17 (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>16.1</u> 15.4

Shelby County

County Seat - Shelbyville

				D				
	Outcome Measures	<u>Nu</u> Base Year	<u>mber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	t <u>e</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-bein	g						
42	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	482	494	42.9%	47.7%	×	47.7%	32
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	18	17	20.0%	21.3%	×	15.9%	72
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	32	36	7.5%	8.8%	×	8.1%	96
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	4	2	9.4	4.9	~	6.9	24
	Child Protection and	d Safety						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	2	1	31.5	15.4	~	18.4	35
✔ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	80	42	48.3	26.9	~	33.7	15
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	13	16	7.9	10.2	×	4.3	107
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	0	3	0.0	139.3	×	59.1	112
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	8	6	2.1%	1.7%	~	3.5%	44
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	8	4	36.9	16.6	~	34.4	7

DEMOGRAPHIC

DEMOGRAFHIC		
Child population Children as percent of total	<u>2007</u> 2011 2007	<u>1,656</u> 1,562 25.4
population	2007	<u>23.4</u> 24.9
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4.2%</u> 4.7%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>0</u> 0
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>21.7%</u> 24.7%
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>29.8%</u> <u>36.7%</u>
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>19.0%</u> 22.5%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$24,895</u> \$26,250
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>5.0%</u> 7.4%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>34.2</u> 41.1
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>66.4</u> 32.0
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>0</u> 0
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>3.0%</u> 3.3%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>28.1%</u> 34.1%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEAL	ſΉ
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>34.8%</u> 39.6%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>21</u> 26
Juvenile law violation referrals, ages 10-17 (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>52.6</u> 41.4

Stoddard County

County Seat - Bloomfield

	Outcome		<u>ımber</u>		<u>ate</u>			
	Measures	Base Year	Current Year	Base Year	Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-bein	g						
113	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	2,707	2,713	51.5%	54.4%	×	47.7%	60
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	82	74	22.4%	20.5%	~	15.9%	69
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	174	159	9.5%	9.0%	~	8.1%	98
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	17	12	9.3	6.8	~	6.9	56
	Child Protection and	l Safety	1					
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	8	0	29.8	0.0	•	18.4	1
✓ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	260	304	36.8	45.6	×	33.7	77
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	106	207	15.0	31.0	×	4.3	115
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	12	2 4	111.1	38.9	V	59.1	24
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	28	35	1.7%	2.4%	×	3.5%	75
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	47	50	46.9	54.1	×	34.4	92

DEMOGRAPHIC

<u>2007</u>	<u>7,061</u>
2011	6,673
2007	<u>23.7</u>
2011	22.4
<u>2007</u>	<u>4.5%</u>
2011	5.6%
<u>2007</u>	<u>5</u>
2011	7
<u>2000</u>	<u>20.2%</u>
2010	22.8%
<u>2000</u>	<u>26.5%</u>
2010	<u>28.8%</u>
<u>2000</u>	<u>21.1%</u>
2010	31.9%
<u>2007</u>	<u>\$27,549</u>
2010	\$31,172
<u>2007</u>	<u>6.3%</u>
2011	9.0%
<u>2007</u>	<u>59.6</u>
2011	103.6
<u>2007</u>	<u>91.8</u>
2012	92.6
<u>2007</u>	<u>4</u>
2012	3
<u>2007</u>	<u>4.3%</u>
2011	4.1%
<u>2007</u>	<u>38.2%</u>
2011	45.3%
HEAL	TH
<u>2007</u>	<u>46.3%</u>
2011	51.7%
2007	<u>80</u> 221
2011	221
	2011 2007 2011 2007 2011 2007 2011 2000 2010 2000 2010 2000 2010 2000 2010 2007 2011 2007 2011 2007 2011 2007 2011 2007 2011 2007 2011 2007 2011 2007 2011 2007 2011 2007 2011 2007 2011 2007 2011 2007 2011 2007 2011 2007 2011 2007 2011 2007 2011 2007 2010 2000 2010 2000 2010 2000 2010 2000 2010 2000 2010 2000 2010 2000 2010 2007 2011 2011 201 20

Stone County

County Seat - Galena

		Nı	<u>ımber</u>	Ra	ate			
	Outcome Measures	Base Year	Current Year	Base Year	Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-beir	ng						
56	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	2,218	2,400	51.5%	59.6%	×	47.7%	83
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	55	56	19.0%	22.8%	×	15.9%	81
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	111	107	7.4%	7.7%	x	8.1%	70
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	17	3	11.3	2.1	~	6.9	6
	Child Protection an	d Safety						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	7	7	27.9	28.5	×	18.4	85
✓ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	285	292	45.0	49.9	×	33.7	91
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	44	44	6.9	7.5	×	4.3	89
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	12	4	140.1	42.8	~	59.1	31
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	35	32	2.6%	2.5%	~	3.5%	76
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	38	31	45.0	35.6	~	34.4	51

DEMOGRAPHIC

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>6,340</u> 5,851
Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>20.1</u> 18.1
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>5.1%</u> 6.5%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>13</u> 22
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>19.0%</u> <u>32.1%</u>
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>20.3%</u> <u>39.8%</u>
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>20.1%</u> 36.2%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$26,399</u> \$26,691
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>6.4%</u> 11.8%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
FAMILY SUPPORT'S Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>45.5</u> 46.8
Children receiving subsidized		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty) Licensed child care capacity	2011 2007 2012 2007	46.8 <u>68.1</u> 58.5 <u>5</u>
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty) Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	2011 2007 2012	46.8 <u>68.1</u> 58.5
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty) Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000) Accredited child care facilities Children receiving cash	2011 <u>2007</u> 2012 <u>2007</u> 2012 <u>2007</u>	46.8 <u>68.1</u> 58.5 <u>5</u> 3 <u>2.6%</u>
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty) Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000) Accredited child care facilities Children receiving cash assistance	2011 2007 2012 2007 2012 2007 2011 2007 2011	46.8 <u>68.1</u> 58.5 <u>5</u> <u>3</u> <u>2.6%</u> <u>3.6%</u> <u>36.8%</u> 45.8%
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty) Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000) Accredited child care facilities Children receiving cash assistance Children receiving food stamps	2011 2007 2012 2007 2012 2007 2011 2007 2011	46.8 <u>68.1</u> 58.5 <u>5</u> <u>3</u> <u>2.6%</u> <u>3.6%</u> <u>36.8%</u> 45.8%

Juvenile law violation referrals,

ages 10-17 (per 1,000)

<u>2007</u> 2011

<u>52.9</u> 43.2

Sullivan County

County Seat - Milan

	Outcome		<u>ımber</u>		<u>ate</u>			-
	Measures	Base Year	Current Year	Base Year	Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-bein	g						
109	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	708	703	64.3%	64.9%	×	47.7%	100
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	29	33	28.4%	37.5%	×	15.9%	111
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	32	37	6.5%	8.0%	×	8.1%	81
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	5	3	10.1	6.5	~	6.9	52
	Child Protection and	l Safety						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	1	2	14.1	29.8	×	18.4	92
✓ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	65	61	39.4	38.2	~	33.7	51
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	17	9	10.3	5.6	~	4.3	74
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	2	3	88.1	134.0	×	59.1	111
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	6	13	1.8%	3.9%	×	3.5%	108
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	12	15	54.8	66.4	×	34.4	107

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>1,651</u> 1,598
Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>24.7</u> 24.0
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>25.1%</u> 31.7%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>140</u> 150
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>19.6%</u> 22.8%
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>23.2%</u> 28.6%
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>22.0%</u> 27.4%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$36,596</u> \$36,907
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>6.1%</u> 6.8%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>37.4</u> 23.4
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>52.1</u> 60.1
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>3</u> 2
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>3.6%</u> 4.4%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>35.7%</u> 40.5%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEAL	ГН
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>37.6%</u> 40.8%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>21</u> 28

Juvenile law violation referrals,

ages 10-17 (per 1,000)

<u>2007</u> 2011 <u>62.7</u> 50.0

Taney County

County Seat - Forsyth

	Outcome Measures	<u>Nu</u> Base Year	<u>imber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>ute</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-bein	g						
81	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	3,426	4,584	51.3%	61.3%	×	47.7%	91
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	161	132	23.8%	20.7%	~	15.9%	70
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	223	258	7.7%	7.8%		8.1%	75
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	17	23	5.9	7.0	×	6.9	58
	Child Protection and	d Safety						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	11	7	28.7	15.1	~	18.4	33
✔ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	550	627	52.0	53.9		33.7	99
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	100	87	9.4	7.5	~	4.3	88
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	10	5	70.5	29.1	~	59.1	15
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	54	58	2.6%	2.5%	~	3.5%	76
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	105	80	63.4	46.6	~	34.4	78

DEMOGRAPHIC

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>10,587</u> 11,634
Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>23.2</u> 22.1
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>10.8%</u> 13.7%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>139</u> 245
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>17.6%</u> <u>30.7%</u>
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>20.8%</u> <u>43.0%</u>
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>22.1%</u> 37.2%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$27,260</u> \$28,284
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>6.7%</u> 12.1%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>52.2</u> 34.8
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>61.1</u> 71.9
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>2</u> 3
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>2.7%</u> 3.4%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>36.8%</u> 50.4%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEAĽ	TH
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>41.9%</u> 47.0%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>58</u> 155
Juvenile law violation referrals, ages 10-17 (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>54.3</u> 44.9

Texas County

County Seat - Houston

	Outcome	<u>Nu</u> Base	<u>umber</u> Current	<u>Ra</u> Base	<u>ate</u> Current	Trend	State	County
	Measures	Year	Year	Year	Year	ITCHU	Rate	Rank
	Economic Well-bein	g						
104	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	2,078	2,242	54.6%	60.5%	×	47.7%	89
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	79	78	26.5%	25.6%	~	15.9%	92
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007-2011	108	119	7.5%	7.8%	×	8.1%	75
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	15	19	10.4	12.5	×	6.9	110
	Child Protection and	I Safety	1					
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	3	10	13.9	43.1	×	18.4	105
✓ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	288	269	50.4	47.5	~	33.7	83
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	44	21	7.7	3.7	~	4.3	46
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	7	5	83.7	59.2	~	59.1	52
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	49	17	3.9%	1.4%	~	3.5%	31
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	51	51	62.3	67.8	×	34.4	108

DEMOGRAPHIC

<u>2007</u>	<u>5,710</u>
2011	5,659
<u>2007</u>	<u>24.5</u>
2011	21.8
<u>2007</u>	<u>5.0%</u>
2011	6.5%
<u>2007</u>	<u>2</u>
2011	3
<u>2000</u>	<u>29.1%</u>
2010	25.0%
<u>2000</u>	<u>31.7%</u>
2010	<u>45.7%</u>
<u>2000</u>	<u>21.9%</u>
2010	31.1%
<u>2007</u>	<u>\$25,331</u>
2010	\$27,652
<u>2007</u>	<u>5.6%</u>
2011	8.8%
<u>2007</u>	<u>44.7</u>
2011	36.3
<u>2007</u>	<u>39.8</u>
2012	53.5
<u>2007</u>	<u>2</u>
2012	5
<u>2007</u>	<u>5.3%</u>
2011	6.1%
<u>2007</u>	<u>37.2%</u>
2011	45.6%
HEALT	ſΉ
<u>2007</u>	<u>44.0%</u>
2011	51.2%
<u>2007</u>	<u>53</u>
2011	72
<u>2007</u>	<u>47.0</u>
2011	55.5
	2011 2007 2011 2007 2011 2007 2011 2000 2010 2000 2010 2000 2010 2007 2010 2007 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011

Vernon County

County Seat - Nevada

									_
	Outcome Measures	<u>Nu</u> Base Year	<u>imber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>ate</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank	
	Economic Well-bein	g							
84	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	1,640	1,614	51.3%	54.0%	×	47.7%	56	
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	53	59	18.2%	23.3%	×	15.9%	83	
Composite	<u>Health</u>								
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007-2011	96	77	6.8%	5.8%	~	8.1%	9	
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	12	12	8.6	9.1	×	6.9	92	
	Child Protection and	d Safety	1						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	8	5	39.5	23.2	~	18.4	67	
✓ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	274	282	51.8	54.4		33.7	101	
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	14	14	2.6	2.7	×	4.3	31	
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	10) 7	112.0	84.9		59.1	82	
in Composite County Rank	Education								
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	22	47	2.2%	4.8%		3.5%	112	
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	40	38	45.2	45.0	~	34.4	73	

DEMOGRAPHIC

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>5,288</u> 5,180
Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>26.4</u> 24.7
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>5.2%</u> 6.7%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>12</u> 16
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>20.3%</u> <u>33.8%</u>
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>25.4%</u> <u>39.0%</u>
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>21.1%</u> 37.0%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$29,412</u> \$32,850
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4.8%</u> 7.2%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>46.7</u> 45.1
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>58.4</u> 55.6
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	$\frac{1}{2}$
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4.1%</u> 5.5%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>36.9%</u> 41.4%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEALT	Ή
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>39.7%</u> 43.1%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>40</u> 82
Juvenile law violation referrals, ages 10-17 (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>81.6</u> 84.8

Warren County

County Seat - Warrenton

	Outcome	<u>Nu</u>	<u>ımber</u>	Ra	<u>ite</u>			
	Measures	Base Year	Current Year	Base Year	Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-bein	g						
34	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	1,600	2,198	37.1%	50.3%	×	47.7%	43
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	83	73	17.0%	18.8%	×	15.9%	59
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	142	133	7.1%	6.1%	~	8.1%	16
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	10	10	5.0	4.6	~	6.9	19
	Child Protection and	d Safety						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	5	9	17.7	27.1	×	18.4	83
✔ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	286	365	36.3	45.8	×	33.7	78
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	52	43	6.6	5.4	~	4.3	70
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	8	10	79.2	93.2	×	59.1	88
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	57	11	4.1%	0.8%	~	3.5%	11
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	58	37	54.7	36.9	~	34.4	53

DEMOGRAPHIC

<u>2007</u>	<u>7,876</u>
2011	7,977
<u>2007</u>	<u>25.9</u>
2011	24.5
<u>2007</u>	<u>8.8%</u>
2011	9.9%
<u>2007</u>	<u>82</u>
2011	88
<u>2000</u>	<u>10.5%</u>
2010	28.1%
<u>2000</u>	<u>13.8%</u>
2010	<u>35.0%</u>
<u>2000</u>	<u>19.4%</u>
2010	34.2%
<u>2007</u>	<u>\$29,691</u>
2010	\$31,781
<u>2007</u>	<u>5.4%</u>
2011	9.0%
<u>2007</u>	<u>61.5</u>
2011	29.8
<u>2007</u>	<u>33.5</u>
2012	50.1
<u>2007</u>	<u>0</u>
2012	0
<u>2007</u>	<u>3.7%</u>
2011	5.6%
<u>2007</u>	<u>26.6%</u>
2011	37.6%
HEALT	ΓH
<u>2007</u>	<u>27.0%</u>
2011	35.1%
<u>2007</u>	<u>88</u>
2011	218
<u>2007</u>	<u>49.7</u>
2011	42.5
	2011 2007 2011 2007 2011 2007 2011 2000 2010 2000 2010 2000 2010 2000 2010 2007 2011 2007 2011 2007 2012 2007 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011

Washington County

County Seat - Potosi

	Outcome Measures	<u>Nı</u> Base Year	<u>imber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>ate</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-beir	g						
83	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	2,127	2,283	57.2%	63.6%	×	47.7%	95
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	113	74	30.4%	23.9%	~	15.9%	86
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	181	145	10.8%	9.0%	~	8.1%	98
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	16	6	9.5	3.7	~	6.9	10
	Child Protection and	d Safety						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	5	1	21.3	4.0	V	18.4	9
✔ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	279	249	45.7	41.9	~	33.7	68
○ = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	40	37	6.6	6.2	~	4.3	79
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	10	8	113.7	95.2	~	59.1	91
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	41	36	3.5%	3.3%	~	3.5%	98
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	74	41	84.2	53.1	~	34.4	87

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>6,099</u> 5,944
Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>25.1</u> 23.7
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>3.3%</u> 4.6%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>0</u> 0
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>25.4%</u> <u>37.4%</u>
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>27.9%</u> <u>37.6%</u>
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>21.9%</u> 37.6%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$26,963</u> \$29,268
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>8.2%</u> 12.0%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>111.2</u> 80.4
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>53.9</u> 61.4
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>0</u> 0
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>8.6%</u> 8.1%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>51.5%</u> 62.0%
HEALTH/MENTAL I	HEALT	Ή
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>52.1%</u> 58.7%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>31</u> 59
Juvenile law violation referrals, ages 10-17 (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>45.1</u> 45.0

Wayne County

County Seat - Greenville

	Outcome Measures		<u>nber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>te</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-bein	q						
98	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	1,253	1,180	68.9%	69.0%	×	47.7%	104
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	23	27	17.6%	19.7%		15.9%	63
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	53	62	7.4%	8.8%	×	8.1%	96
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	6	8	8.4	11.3		6.9	105
	Child Protection and	d Safety						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	4	2	35.6	17.6	~	18.4	44
✓ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	124	137	44.3	48.7	×	33.7	87
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	35	19	12.5	6.8	~	4.3	84
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	2	2	45.9	46.4	×	59.1	41
in Composite County Rank	Education							
INGIN	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	18	7	2.9%	1.4%	~	3.5%	31
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	22	18	55.3	50.8		34.4	83

DEMOGRAPHIC

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011 <u>2007</u> 2011	<u>2,801</u> 2,811 <u>22.1</u>
Minority children	2011 2007 2011	20.9 <u>3.2%</u>
Children with limited English proficiency	2011 2007 2011	4.5% <u>0</u> 3
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	2000	<u>30.7%</u>
Children under 6 in poverty	2010 <u>2000</u> 2010	<u>35.3%</u> <u>33.2%</u> 44.6%
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>23.9%</u> 35.9%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$23,930</u> \$26,238
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>6.9%</u> 9.6%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>60.3</u> 57.1
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>57.5</u> 56.9
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>3</u> 3
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2012</u> 2007 2011	3 <u>7.0%</u> 5.9%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>50.8%</u> 52.9%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEALT	Ή
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>59.6%</u> 58.2%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>33</u> 40
Juvenile law violation referrals, ages 10-17 (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>8.1</u> 5.3

Webster County

County Seat - Marshfield

				-				
	Outcome Measures	<u>Nu</u> Base Year	<u>mber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>tte</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
	Economic Well-beir	g						
59	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	2,055	2,367	43.6%	52.0%	×	47.7%	48
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	195	165	34.3%	35.6%	×	15.9%	108
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	178	153	6.8%	5.7%	~	8.1%	6
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	22	16	8.4	6.0	~	6.9	48
	Child Protection and	d Safety						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	13	8	34.1	19.3	~	18.4	49
✔ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	345	365	34.7	36.8	×	33.7	45
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	16	14	1.6	1.4	~	4.3	12
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	9	6	74.0	45.5	~	59.1	37
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	50	30	3.3%	2.1%	~	3.5%	62
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	71	44	55.4	35.1	~	34.4	49

DEMOGRAPHIC

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population Children as percent of total	<u>2007</u> 2011 <u>2007</u>	<u>9,938</u> 9,917 <u>27.7</u>
population Minority children	2011 <u>2007</u>	27.2 <u>4.3%</u>
Children with limited English proficiency	2011 <u>2007</u> 2011	5.4% <u>9</u> 6
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>21.0%</u> 26.1%
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>21.8%</u> 28.3%
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>17.1%</u> 31.1%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$27,251</u> \$29,574
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4.7%</u> 8.4%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>43.6</u> 36.8
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>73.8</u> 64.9
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>8</u> 6
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>3.3%</u> 3.3%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>26.5%</u> 31.6%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEALT	Ή
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>29.6%</u> 34.3%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>49</u> 176
Juvenile law violation referrals, ages 10-17 (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>35.5</u> 27.8

Worth County

County Seat - Grant City

	Outcome Measures	<u>Num</u> Base (Year	<u>iber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>te</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank
_	Economic Well-beir	ng						
66	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	165	184	44.0%	52.9%	×	47.7%	51
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	0	0	0.0%	0.0%	О	15.9%	1
Composite	<u>Health</u>							
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	4	3	3.8%	2.9%	~	8.1%	1
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	1	2	9.5	19.4	×	6.9	115
	Child Protection and	d Safety						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	1	0	54.1	0.0	~	18.4	1
= Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	18	17	35.9	38.4	×	33.7	53
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	0	4	0.0	9.0	×	4.3	101
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	0	0	0.0	0.0	О	59.1	1
in Composite County Rank	Education							
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	0	0	0.0%	0.0%	О	3.5%	1
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	2	2	26.3	31.7	×	34.4	41

DEMOGRAPHIC

DE	MUGRAPHIC		
Child	population ren as percent of total	<u>2007</u> 2011 <u>2007</u>	<u>501</u> 443 <u>23.9</u>
popul Minor	ation ity children	2011 <u>2007</u> 2011	20.6 <u>4.6%</u> 5.9%
	ren with limited English iency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>1</u> 0
EC	ONOMIC		
Child	ren in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>18.8%</u> 24.0%
Child	ren under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>25.9%</u> <u>34.7%</u>
Childi famili	ren in single parent es	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>18.8%</u> 24.6%
Avera	age annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$20,966</u> \$23,106
Adult	unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4.6%</u> 6.2%
FAN	AILY SUPPORT'S		
	en receiving subsidized care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>46.5</u> 0.0
Licens (per 1	sed child care capacity ,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>79.8</u> 90.3
Accre	dited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>1</u> 1
Childr assist	en receiving cash ance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>1.2%</u> 1.1%
Childr	en receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>24.8%</u> 24.2%
HE	ALTH/MENTAL	HEAL	ГН
	en enrolled in MO Net for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>36.5%</u> 29.1%
	en receiving public SED I health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>9</u> 19
assist	ance	2011 2007	1.1% <u>24.8%</u>

Juvenile law violation referrals,

ages 10-17 (per 1,000)

<u>2007</u> 2011 <u>13.9</u> 12.9

Wright County

County Seat - Hartville

	Outcome Measures	<u>Nı</u> Base Year	<u>imber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>ate</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank	
_	Economic Well-beir	g							
89	Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	2,142	2,285	64.1%	69.6%	×	47.7%	108	
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	79	48	28.9%	20.0%	~	15.9%	65	
Composite	<u>Health</u>								
County	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	118	93	8.8%	7.3%	~	8.1%	60	
Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	11	9	8.2	7.0	~	6.9	58	
	Child Protection and	d Safety	1						
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	8	6	42.4	30.0	~	18.4	93	
✓ = Better	Child abuse and neglect [*] (per 1,000) 2007/2011	280	290	57.2	60.8	×	33.7	108	
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	19	43	3.9	9.0	×	4.3	100	
* Outcome not included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	13	2	197.4	29.7	~	59.1	17	
in Composite County Rank	Education								
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	32	6	2.9%	0.6%	~	3.5%	9	
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	46	30	66.8	52.1	~	34.4	86	

DEMOGRAPHIC		
Child population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>4,896</u> 4,772
Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>26.8</u> 25.5
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>3.7%</u> 5.2%
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	$\frac{4}{3}$
ECONOMIC		
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>29.1%</u> 32.9%
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>35.3%</u> 46.3%
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>19.9%</u> 33.5%
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$24,618</u> \$27,281
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>5.9%</u> 9.1%
FAMILY SUPPORTS		
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>30.9</u> 22.5
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>46.6</u> 59.7
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	$\frac{4}{4}$
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>6.8%</u> 8.2%
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>45.9%</u> 53.9%
HEALTH/MENTAL	HEALI	ΓH
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>51.3%</u> 58.3%
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>22</u> 56

Juvenile law violation referrals,

ages 10-17 (per 1,000)

<u>2007</u> 2011 <u>50.3</u> 37.0

	St. Louis C	ity							DEMOGRAPHIC Child population Children as percent of total
	Outcome Measures	<u>Nu</u> Base Year	<u>mber</u> Current Year	<u>Ra</u> Base Year	<u>ute</u> Current Year	Trend	State Rate	County Rank	population Minority children
_	Foonemie Well heir		Ical	Ital	ICal		Nate	Kalik	Children with limited English proficiency
115	Economic Well-beir Students enrolled in free/reduced lunch 2007/2011	28,539	28,758	80.6%	85.8%	×	47.7%	115	ECONOMIC Children in poverty
	Births to mothers without h.s. diploma 2007/2011	1,360	1,105	25.6%	22.3%	~	15.9%	79	Children under 6 in poverty
Composite	Health								Children in single parent families
-	Low birthweight infants* 2002-2006/2007–2011	3,135	3,032	12.0%	12.0%	О	8.1%	112	Average annual wage/salary
County Rank	Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) 2002-2006/2007–2011	296	286	11.3	11.3	О	6.9	105	Adult unemployment FAMILY SUPPORT'S
	Child Protection an	d Safety							Children receiving subsidized
County Trends ★ = Worse	Child deaths, ages 1-14* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	97	68	28.0	23.9	~	18.4	70	child care (per 1,000 in poverty) Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)
✓ = Better	Child abuse and neglect* (per 1,000) 2007/2011	2,743	2,525	37.8	37.4	V	33.7	47	Accredited child care facilities
O = No Change	Out-of-home placement entries (per 1,000) 2007/2011	394	221	5.4	3.3	•	4.3	37	Children receiving cash assistance Children receiving food stamps
* Outcome and included	Violent deaths, ages 15-19* (per 100,000) 2002-2006/2007–2011	107	137	90.9	121.2	×	59.1	106	HEALTH/MENTAL
* Outcome not included in Composite County Rank	Education								Children enrolled in MO
	Annual high school dropouts 2007/2011	1,156	1,850	11.1%	19.8%	×	3.5%	115	HealthNet for Kids Children receiving public SED mental health services
	Births to teens, ages 15-19 (per 1,000) 2007/2011	835	591	71.6	56.1	V	34.4	96	Juvenile law violation referrals, ages 10-17 (per 1,000)

DEMOQUATING						
Child population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>72,638</u> 67,547				
Children as percent of total population	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>20.7</u> 21.2				
Minority children	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>74.8%</u> 69.9%				
Children with limited English proficiency	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>2,563</u> 2,172				
ECONOMIC						
Children in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>36.4%</u> <u>41.8%</u>				
Children under 6 in poverty	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>38.4%</u> <u>43.1%</u>				
Children in single parent families	<u>2000</u> 2010	<u>47.2%</u> 62.5%				
Average annual wage/salary	<u>2007</u> 2010	<u>\$49,926</u> \$52,539				
Adult unemployment	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>7.0%</u> 11.7%				
FAMILY SUPPORTS						
Children receiving subsidized child care (per 1,000 in poverty)	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>291.3</u> 358.0				
Licensed child care capacity (per 1,000)	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>184.6</u> 196.2				
Accredited child care facilities	<u>2007</u> 2012	<u>41</u> 45				
Children receiving cash assistance	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>14.8%</u> 14.1%				
Children receiving food stamps	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>71.6%</u> 75.5%				
HEALTH/MENTAL HEALTH						
Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>71.6%</u> 72.0%				
Children receiving public SED mental health services	<u>2007</u> 2011	<u>966</u> 1,964				

<u>96.0</u> 67.9

<u>2007</u> 2011



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DATA NOTES AND SOURCES

Outcome Measures

Students enrolled in free/reduced

lunch: number of students who are enrolled in the free or reduced price National School Lunch Program. Children from households with incomes less than 130% of poverty are eligible for free lunches; those from households below 185% of poverty are eligible for reduced price lunches. Rate is expressed as percent of total school enrollment. *Source: Missouri Department of Elementary and Secondary Education; Missouri Office of Administration, Division of Budget and Planning.*

Births to mothers without high school diplomas: number of live births that occur to women who have less than 12 years of education as indicated on a child's birth certificate. Rate is expressed as percent of all live births. *Source: Missouri Department of Health and Senior Services.*

Low birthweight infants: number of live infants recorded as having a birth weight under 2,500 grams (five pounds, eight ounces). Rate is expressed as a percent of total live births. Data were aggregated over five-year periods in order to provide more stable rates. *Source: Missouri Department of Health and Senior Services.* **Infant mortality:** number of deaths to infants under one year of age. Rate is expressed per 1,000 live births. Data were aggregated over five-year periods in order to provide more stable rates. *Source: Missouri Department of Health and Senior Services.*

Child deaths, ages 1-14: number of deaths from all causes of children ages one to 14. Rate is expressed per 100,000 children of that age group. Data were aggregated over five-year periods in order to provide more stable rates. *Source: Missouri Department of Health and Senior Services; USDC, Bureau of the Census; Missouri Office of Administration, Division of Budget and Planning.*

Child abuse and neglect: number of child abuse victims from reports classified as "preponderance of evidence" that indicates child abuse or neglect has occurred. In addition, this outcome includes the number of child abuse victims that receive family assessments. Rate is expressed per 1,000 children. *Source: Missouri Department of Social Services; USDC, Bureau of the Census; Missouri Office of Administration, Division of Budget and Planning.*

Out-of-home placement entries: number of entries into Division of Family Services alternative care, including foster care, group homes, relative care, and residential settings. Rate is expressed

per 1,000 children. Source: Missouri Department of Social Services; USDC, Bureau of the Census; Missouri Office of Administration, Division of Budget and Planning.

Annual high school dropouts: number of students (grades nine through 12) enrolled in public schools that left school during the school year without graduating. Rate is expressed as percent of enrolled students. The formula used to calculate the rate accounts for transfers in and out of a district. Years indicated are school years; for example, 2011 indicates the 2010-2011 school year. Source: Missouri Department of Elementary and Secondary Education.

Births to teens, ages 15-19: number of live births that occur to young women ages 15 to 19. Rate is expressed per 1,000 young women of that age group. *Source: Missouri Department of Health and Senior Services; Missouri Office of Administration, Division of Budget and Planning; USDC, Bureau of the Census.*

Violent teen deaths, ages 15-19: number of deaths from homicides, suicides, motor vehicle crashes, and other accidents to teens ages 15 to 19. Rate is expressed per 100,000 teens of that age group. Data were aggregated over fiveyear periods in order to provide more stable rates. *Source: Missouri Department of Health and Senior Services*; USDC, Bureau of the Census; Missouri Office of Administration, Division of Budget and Planning.

Demographic Data

Child population: total resident population under age 18, including dependents of the Armed Forces personnel stationed in the area. *Source: USDC, Bureau of the Census; Missouri Office of Administration, Division of Budget and Planning.*

Children as percent of total population: percentage of total population that is under age 18. *Source: USDC, Bureau of the Census; Missouri Office of Administration, Division of Budget and Planning.*

Minority children: percentage of children under age 18 who are identified as non-white. *Source: USDC, Bureau of the Census; Missouri Office of Administration, Division of Budget and Planning.*

Children with limited English proficiency: number of children reported by school districts as having limited English language skills. *Source: Missouri Department of Elementary and Secondary Education.*

Economic Data

Children in poverty: percentage of related children under age 18 who

live in families with incomes below the U.S. poverty threshold, as defined by the Bureau of the Census. In 2010, the current year used for this indicator in this data book, the federal poverty threshold for a family of two adults and two children was \$22,113. For 2012, the federal poverty threshold for the same family was \$23,050. For counties with a population of less than 20,000, an estimate based on county-PUMA (Public Use Microdata Area) ratio is reported. *Source: USDC, Bureau of the Census.*

Children under 6 in poverty: percentage of related children under age six who live in families with incomes below the U.S. poverty threshold, as defined by the Bureau of the Census. The 2010 poverty threshold was \$22,314 for a family of four. For counties with a population of less than 20,000, an estimate based on county-PUMA ratio is reported. *Source: USDC, Bureau of the Census.*

Children in single-parent families: percentage of related children under age 18 who live in families headed by a person without a spouse present in the home. *Source: USDC, Bureau of the Census.*

Average annual wage/salary: average annual wage/salary per job. County data indicate annual wage/salary for all jobs located in that county. Employees may live in a different county from where they work. *Source: USDC, Bureau of Economic Analysis.*

Adult unemployment: percentage of civilian labor force that is unemployed and actively looking for work. *Source: Missouri Department of Economic Development, Division of Employment Security.*

Family Supports Data

Children receiving subsidized child care: total number of children participating in one of the following subsidized child care programs: FUTURES, transitional, income maintenance/ income eligible, at-risk, and child care and development block grant. Rate is expressed per 1,000 children under 18 in poverty. Source: Missouri Department of Social Services; USDC, Bureau of the Census.

Licensed child care capacity: number of spaces in licensed family child care homes, group child care homes, and child care centers. Rate is expressed per 1,000 children under 18. *Source: Missouri Department of Health and Senior Services; USDC, Bureau of the Census.*

Accredited child care facilities: number of child care centers accredited by National Association for the Education of Young Children (NAEYC), Missouri Accreditation (MO-A), National Association for Family Child Care (NAFCC), National Afterschool Association (NAA), National Early Childhood Program Accreditation (NECPA), Council on Accreditation (COA), and the Commission on Accreditation of Rehabilitation Facilities (CARF). Source: Child Care Aware of Missouri.

Children receiving cash assistance: average monthly percentage of population under age 18 that live in households receiving public assistance under Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF). Source: Missouri Department of Social Services; USDC, Bureau of the Census; Missouri Office of Administration, Division of Budget and Planning.

Children receiving food stamps:

percentage of population under age 18 who live in households receiving benefits under the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP), formerly known as food stamps. *Source: Missouri Department of Social Services; USDC, Bureau of the Census; Missouri Office of Administration, Division of Budget and Planning.*

Health/Mental Health Data

Children enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids: average monthly percentage of children under age 18 who have applied for and have been certified eligible for participation in MO HealthNet for Kids, Missouri's health insurance program for children in low-income families, either through managed care or traditional fee-for-service providers. This indicator includes both number and rate. Source: Missouri Department of Social Services; USDC, Bureau of the Census; Missouri Office of Administration, Division of Budget and Planning.

Children receiving public SED mental health services: an unduplicated count of children receiving treatment through a division of the Missouri Department of Mental Health (DMH) for serious emotional disorders (SED) as of January 1st of the year reported for whom DMH provided a service in that calendar year. *Source: Missouri Department of Mental Health.*

Juvenile law violation referrals, ages 10-17: number of referrals to juvenile courts in Missouri for acts that would be violations of the Missouri Criminal Code if committed by an adult. The count represents separately disposed court referrals, not individual youth. Rate is expressed per 1,000 youths ages ten through 17. Source: Missouri Department of Social Services; Missouri Office of Administration.





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